
ANNUAL REPORT ON FY 2019 DATA



**Interagency Working Group
on U.S. Government-Sponsored
International Exchanges and Training**

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Interagency Working Group on U.S. Government-Sponsored International Exchanges and Training (IAWG) would like to extend a special thanks to the following individuals throughout the federal government who provided invaluable assistance throughout the year. Their willingness to participate in the fiscal year data gathering activities, answer our queries, review and refine our prose, and provide data or other information as requested, even on short notice, speaks volumes about their commitment to and support for the IAWG mandates. We greatly appreciate their responsiveness and professionalism. Clearly, we could not have produced this report without them. Also, special recognition goes out to the many foreign service officers and foreign service nationals of the Department of State who spent time tracking down information overseas.

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OVERVIEW

This Annual Report by the Interagency Working Group on U.S. Government-Sponsored International Exchanges and Training (IAWG) presents the data, findings, and analysis on FY 2019 data and information submitted by reporting federal departments and independent agencies on their respective international exchange and training activities in response to the IAWG annual data call. This report marks the twenty-third year for which the IAWG has compiled this data as the federal government's clearinghouse for information on U.S. Government-sponsored international exchanges and training.

IAWG MANDATE

The goal of the IAWG is to improve the coordination, efficiency, and effectiveness of all international exchange and training activities sponsored by the U.S. Government (USG). The IAWG staff is housed within the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs (ECA) at the U.S. Department of State. The statutory Chair of the IAWG is the Assistant Secretary of State for Educational and Cultural Affairs.

Established in 1997, the IAWG was originally tasked to conduct a range of mandated activities, some of which were of limited duration and have long since been completed, and others which continue as annual requirements.¹ Current IAWG activities include:

- Collecting, analyzing, and reporting data, on an annual basis, provided by all United States Government departments and agencies conducting international exchange and training programs.
- Promoting greater understanding and cooperation among concerned United States Government departments and agencies of common issues and challenges in conducting international exchange and training programs through the maintenance of a clearinghouse website (<https://iawg.gov>) for information on international exchange and training activities in the governmental and nongovernmental sectors.
- Identifying administrative and programmatic duplication and overlap of activities by the various United States Government departments and agencies involved in Government-sponsored international exchange and training programs and how each such program promotes United States foreign policy and reporting thereon.

¹ The IAWG was created by Executive Order 13055 in July 1997. In 1998, the IAWG's mandate was codified in the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, as amended (22 U.S.C. § 2460(f) and (g)).

OVERVIEW

Since its inception, the IAWG has worked to address its mandates, and to respond to the issues and challenges presented by its broad and diverse membership. Federally sponsored international exchange and training programs all share the basic mission of bringing people together to exchange information, share ideas, build relationships and networks, and foster mutual understanding. However, these programs are as varied as the USG organizations that sponsor them and each program has unique goals and objectives that reflect the mission and goals of the sponsoring organization. Programs cover topics in a myriad of fields and disciplines and target populations in nearly every country of the world, including citizens of the United States.

REPORTING ON INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGES AND TRAINING

The Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, as amended (22 U.S.C. §2460(f)), requires the IAWG to report annually on all federally sponsored international exchange and training programs. USG-sponsored international exchange and training programs are defined as:

- Activities that involve the movement of people between countries to promote the sharing of ideas, development of skills, and fostering of mutual understanding and cooperation, financed wholly or in part, directly or indirectly, with U.S. Government funds.
- Activities occurring in-country or in a third country while under the USG's auspices.
- Exchange or training programs in which participants share information or develop skills by using distance learning programs or other technology-driven methodologies such as teleconferences, videoconferences, and/or the Internet.
- Programs that use USG assistance only for coordination can also be considered USG-sponsored.

This broad definition encompasses a wide range of programs that address foreign policy goals using a variety of approaches and methodologies. Most U.S. federal organizations are involved in some form of international exchange or training activity. The IAWG works with these organizations to capture the depth and breadth of USG-sponsored exchange and training activities around the world and to identify the role these programs play in meeting U.S. strategic goals and objectives.

This report presents consolidated data on all FY 2019 program submissions and associated findings and analysis on this information.

OVERVIEW

SUMMARY OF FY 2019 INVENTORY OF PROGRAMS

Total Number of Reported Submissions²	242
Departments/Agencies Reporting	46 (13 Departments and 33 Independent Agencies)
Total Number of Participants³	3,987,309
U.S. Participants	38,986
Foreign Participants	3,948,323
Total USG Funding	\$1,775,664,231
Department/Agency Appropriations	\$1,557,678,815
Interagency Transfers	\$ 217,985,416
Total Non-USG Funding	\$ 978,178,498
Foreign Governments	\$ 806,840,935
Private Sector (U.S.)	\$ 102,825,635
Private Sector (Foreign)	\$ 67,369,098
International Organizations	\$ 1,142,830
Total All Sources of Funding⁴	\$2,753,842,729

Federal Sponsors

For FY 2019, 13 Cabinet-level departments and 33 independent agencies and commissions reported 242 international exchange and training programs to the IAWG. To present the most complete inventory possible, the IAWG canvassed independent agencies, boards, commissions, and quasi-official agencies to determine if they sponsor international exchange and training programs. A list of federal organizations included in Appendix C is annotated to show whether they (a) sponsor international exchanges and training and/or (b) report data on sponsored programs to the IAWG.

Seventy-eight programs reported in the *FY 2018 Inventory of Programs* are not represented in this report. Many of these have either been discontinued or conducted no activities in FY 2019. Several others were previously reported as discrete programs but are now combined with other programs. In addition, some organizations did not meet the reporting deadline. On the other hand, the IAWG added new or reinstated programs to its *FY 2019 Inventory of Programs*.

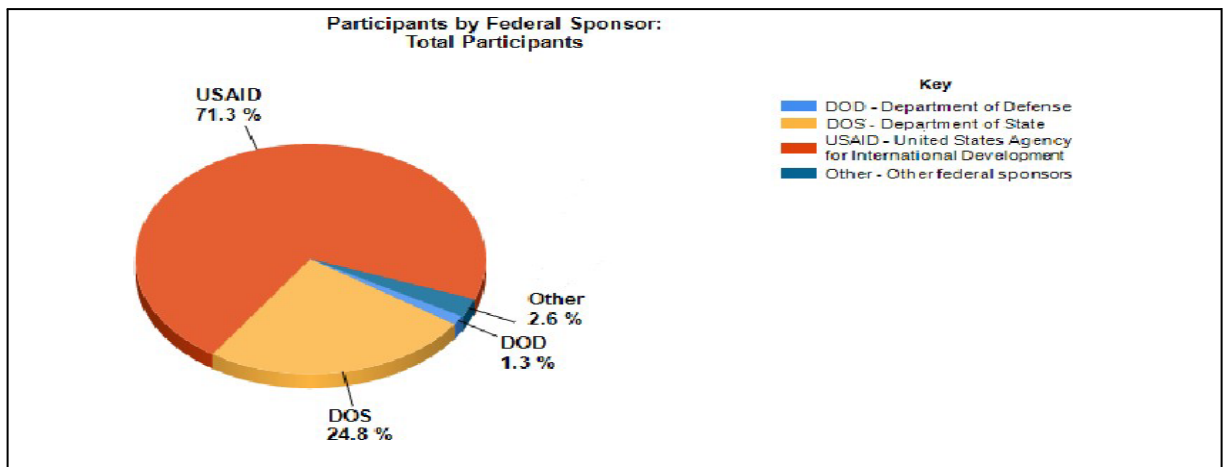
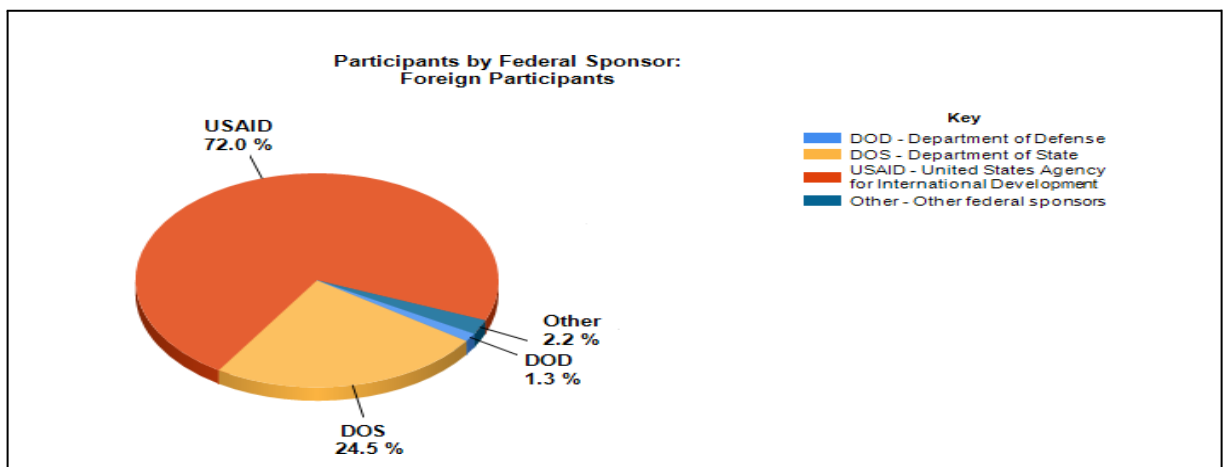
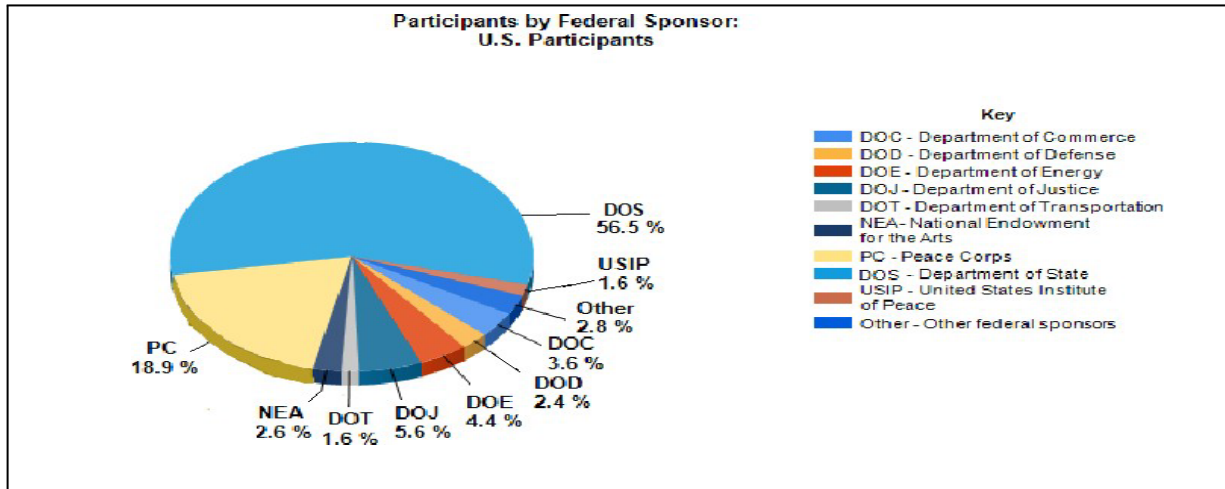
² Please note that while the Inventory includes 242 federally sponsored international exchanges and training “programs,” several federal sponsors report data aggregates of numerous smaller programs and activities. Therefore, the scope of activities is larger than these numbers might suggest.

³ Participant numbers are estimates due to variations in how different agencies report their data.

⁴ Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories; program dollar figures may include expenditures for larger programs that happen to include exchange and training components. Consequently, the total is an estimate. Many USG agencies, for example, conduct briefings and short-term consultations for international visitors they host but don’t receive federal funding specifically allocated for those activities. Participants may receive funding from other sources to come to the United States, but these funds are not typically known or tracked by federal program administrators.

OVERVIEW

The following charts show the primary federal program sponsors according to the number of reported participants⁵ in FY 2019.



⁵ Participant data in this section is rounded. Note that the State Department supports the largest number of U.S. participants on USG exchange programs, whereas USAID supports the largest number of foreign participants through training abroad.

OVERVIEW

Funding Data⁶

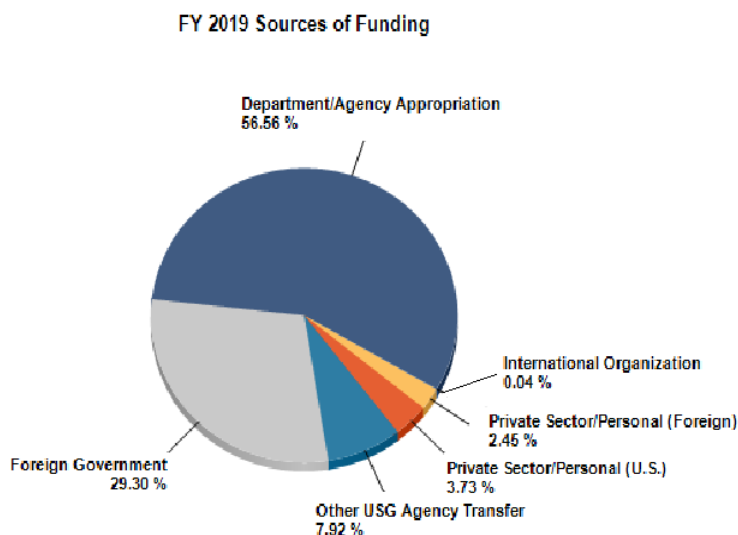
Of the nearly \$1.8 billion in federal funds expended on exchange and training programs reported in FY 2019, approximately 88% represents Department or agency appropriations and 12% represents transfers of funds between Departments and agencies.

Federal investment leveraged over \$978 million from non-USG sources. Roughly 82% of this funding originated with foreign governments, while almost 18% of these contributions were made by the private sector (about 11% U.S.-based and 7% foreign-based), and less than 1% of the funding came from international organizations.

The ability to leverage non-USG funds further demonstrates the value of these international exchange and training programs to a range of stakeholders.

Less than half of the federal organizations providing data to the IAWG fully track or report non-USG contributions to their programs. For example, organizations are not always fully informed of total programming costs, especially if all monies do not funnel through programming offices. Consequently, the actual sum of non-USG contributions to exchange and training programs could be significantly higher than the reported figures. This lack of full information about non-USG sources of funding is consistent with reporting practices in previous fiscal years.

The following chart illustrates the total of all program funding reported by federal data contributors in FY 2019.



⁶ Funding data in this section is rounded.

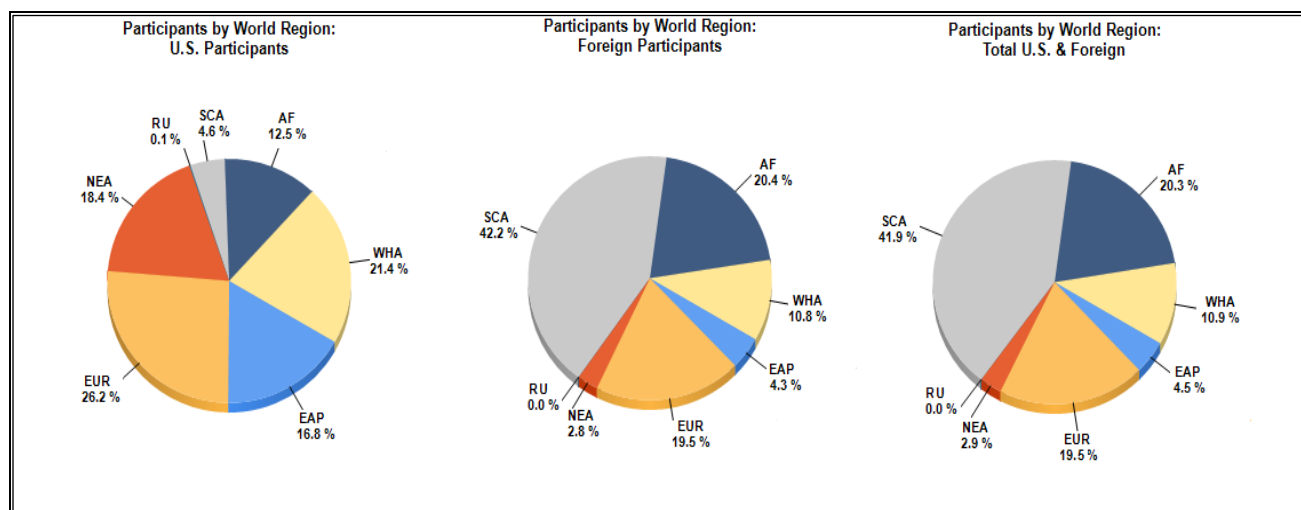
OVERVIEW

The next table shows the geographic regions by percentage of all sources of program funding, as reported to the IAWG.

Geographic Region	Reported Funding (USG and Non-USG)	Percent of Total
East Asia and Pacific (EAP)	\$ 512,914,604.00	18.6%
Europe/Eurasia (EUR)	\$ 735,113,927.00	26.7%
Near East (NEA)	\$ 561,920,503.00	20.4%
South Central Asia (SCA)	\$ 230,105,491.00	8.4%
Sub-Saharan Africa (AF)	\$ 306,147,593.00	11.1%
Western Hemisphere Affairs (WHA)	\$ 406,440,180.00	14.8%
Region Unattributable (RU)	\$ 1,200,431.00	0.0%
All Region Total	\$2,753,842,729.00	100%

Geographic Distribution of Participants⁷

U.S. Government-sponsored international exchange and training programs are implemented in or involve participants from more than 200 countries.⁸ The following charts show participants by world region in FY 2019.



⁷ Percentages in this section have been rounded.

⁸ List includes independent states and selected dependencies and areas of special sovereignty.

MEETING U.S. FOREIGN POLICY GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

International exchange and training programs provide opportunities for people from different cultures to explore common interests, transfer knowledge and skills, build relationships and networks, and enhance mutual understanding. They can serve as a foundation for improved international relations and partnerships as well as further U.S. foreign policy objectives.

Strategic Goals Addressed by U.S. Government-Sponsored Exchange and Training Programs

The IAWG asked federal program sponsors to report the alignment that their programs have with U.S. foreign policy and, in particular, the strategic framework outlined in the U.S. Department of State/U.S. Agency for International Development *Joint Strategic Plan (JSP) for FY 2018-2022*.⁹ The following table illustrates the percentage of FY 2019 programs reported to the IAWG that address the *Strategic Plan*'s goals.¹⁰ Please note that each reported program can address more than one strategic goal.

⁹ The document can be viewed at <http://www.state.gov/joint-strategic-plan-strategic/joint-strategic-plan-fy-2018-2022/>.

This Joint Strategic Plan is in accordance with the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993 (GPRA).

¹⁰ The framework comprises four strategic goals that constitute the strategic planning framework for U.S. foreign policy and development assistance.

OVERVIEW

Percentages of Reported International Exchange and Training Programs Addressing Department of State/USAID Strategic Goals:¹¹			
Strategic Goal 1: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad	45%	Strategic Goal 3: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement	64%
Strategic Goal 2: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation	42%	Strategic Goal 4: Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer	24%

In FY 2019, 108 federal program submissions supported the goal of protecting America's security at home and abroad. Priority programming areas included:

- Counter the proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD) and their Delivery Systems.
- Defeat ISIS, al-Qa'ida and other Transnational terrorist organizations, and counter state-sponsored, regional, and local terrorist groups that threaten U.S. national security interests.
- Counter instability, transnational crime, and violence that threaten U.S. interests by strengthening citizen-responsive governance, security, democracy, human rights, and rule of law.
- Increase capacity and strengthen resilience of our partners and allies to deter aggression, coercion, and malign influence by state and non-state actors.
- Strengthen U.S. border security and protect U.S. citizens abroad.

One Hundred Two federal program submissions supported the goal of renewing America's competitive advantage for sustained economic growth and job creation. Priority programming areas included:

- Promote American prosperity by advancing bilateral relationships and leveraging international institutions and agreements to open markets, secure commercial opportunities, and foster investment and innovation to contribute to U.S. job creation.

¹¹ Percentages in this section have been rounded.

OVERVIEW

- Promote healthy, educated, and productive populations in partner countries to drive inclusive and sustainable development, open new markets and support U.S. prosperity and security objectives.
- Advance U.S. economic security by ensuring energy security, combating corruption, and promoting market-oriented economic and governance reforms.

One Hundred Fifty-five federal program submissions supported the goal of promoting American leadership through balanced engagement. Priority programming areas included:

- Transition nations from assistance recipients to enduring diplomatic, economic, and security partners.
- Engage international fora to further American values and foreign policy goals while seeking more equitable burden sharing.
- Increase partnerships with the private sector and civil society organizations to mobilize support and resources and shape foreign public opinion.
- Protect American values and leadership by preventing the spread of disease and providing humanitarian relief.

Fifty-nine federal program submissions supported the goal of ensuring effectiveness and accountability to the American taxpayer. Priority programming areas included:

- Strengthen the effectiveness and sustainability of our diplomacy and development investments.
- Provide modern and secure infrastructure and operational capabilities to support effective diplomacy and development.
- Enhance workforce performance, leadership, engagement, and accountability to execute our mission efficiently and effectively.
- Strengthen security and safety of workforce and physical assets.

FY 2019 INVENTORY OF PROGRAMS

INVENTORY OF PROGRAMS

This section provides a detailed accounting of every U.S. Government-sponsored international exchange and training program reported to the IAWG. The following categories of information appear in each program inventory:

Aggregated Program Data for Reporting Entities

The following information appears in a header on the first page of each department or agency entry and reflects the data reported for all programs within that department or agency:

- *Total U. S. Government funding* – The sum of all U. S. Government funds (agency appropriation and interagency transfers) expended for programs/activities.
- *Agency appropriation* – U. S. Government funds allocated for the implementation of programs and activities from the implementing agency's appropriated budget. This category generally excludes staff salaries and overhead costs.
- *Interagency transfers* – U. S. Government funds provided for program/activity implementation by an agency other than the implementing agency.
- *Non-U.S. Government funding* – Financial contributions or cost sharing provided by non-U. S. Government sources, such as foreign governments, the private sector (U.S. and foreign), and international organizations. (Many agencies do not quantify or collect this information.)
- *Total funding* – The combination of all reported sources of funding.
- *Total number of participants* – The aggregated number of participants from all of the reporting entity's programs. Depending on the department/agency, these numbers may include program participants who did not travel outside their country of residence. U.S. participants can include, but are not limited to, government employees, contractors, grant recipients, and private sector partners. Several agencies did not report information on U.S. trainers and technical advisers.
- *Caveats* – The IAWG strives to present information as accurately as possible. Given that data management and reporting practices vary from agency to agency (and even from program to program within the same organization), not all data presented is comparable. Therefore, the IAWG attaches explanatory caveats to the data contained in our reports, as follows:
 - *Total number of participants includes only those who crossed international borders; no participants were trained in-country.* No program within an organization trained foreigners in their home country. All of the reported participants traveled from one country to another for their exchange or training activity.

INVENTORY OF PROGRAMS

o *Total number of participants includes only those who crossed international borders. In-country training recipients are not included.* While the program(s) reported included in-country training components, only those participants who traveled from one country to another for their exchange or training activity were reported.

o *Total number of participants includes those who crossed international borders AND those who were trained in-country.* All of an organization's programs reported individuals who participated in an exchange or training activity in either the United States, their home country, or a third country. (For example, if a U.S. trainer traveled to Bosnia and conducted training for 50 foreign nationals in Bosnia, the U.S. trainer and the foreign nationals would be reported in the participant data.)

o *Total number of participants includes some, but not all, of the organization's in-country training participants.* Programs within the same organization reported data in different ways. Some programs included participants trained in-country, while others did not. Thus, the data reflects the mixture of reportage among the various programs within the same organization.

o *Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.* Only a portion of the organization's program activity meets the IAWG definition of exchanges and training. Reported program funding data includes expenditures for items or activities that are not related to exchanges and training (e.g., equipment and buildings). As a result, the reported funds exceed the actual cost of the exchanges and training components.

o *Dollar figures include some expenditure for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.* The organization's programs reported data differently: some programs reported funds expended solely on exchanges and training; others reported funding for activities that include, but are not limited to, exchanges and training activities.

o Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories. The IAWG differentiates between data indicating "0" (dollars) and data indicating that funding information is "Not Tracked." Programs that report zero declare explicitly that they do not receive funds from one of the six IAWG-recognized funding sources. "Not Tracked" refers to programs that receive or benefit from funds in one of the six categories but do not track the sources and amounts of those funds. This caveat appears if any of the programs reported by an organization have not explicitly reported funding in a given category.

Primary Reporting Entity Contact Information

This section contains mailing addresses, public inquiry phone numbers, and website information for each department/agency reporting data to the IAWG.

INVENTORY OF PROGRAMS

Department/Agency Program Descriptions

This section includes descriptions of departments and agencies reporting data to the IAWG, as well as descriptions of reported programs and activities.

Program Specific Data

Aggregated program data for each program within a department or agency appears below each program description. (Caveats similar to those noted above also appear with this data.)

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$2,389,953.00 †	\$2,226,044.00 †	\$163,909.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$2,389,953.00 †	784

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Department of Agriculture

Office of Communications
1400 Independence Avenue, SW
Washington, DC 20250
www.usda.gov • 202-720-4623

The Department of Agriculture (USDA) works to improve and maintain farm income and to develop and expand markets abroad for agricultural products. The Department helps to curb and to cure poverty, hunger, and malnutrition. It works to enhance the environment and to maintain production capacity by helping landowners protect the soil, water, forests, and other natural resources. Rural development, credit, and conservation programs are key resources for carrying out national growth policies. Department research findings directly or indirectly benefit all Americans. The Department, through inspection and grading services, safeguards and ensures standards of quality in the daily food supply.

United States Forest Service

The United States Forest Service (USFS) has management responsibility over U.S. federal forest reserves. Its mission is to achieve quality land management under the sustainable multiple-use management concept to meet the diverse needs of people. USFS manages 155 national forests, 20 national grasslands, and eight land utilization projects on over 191 million acres in 44 U.S. states, the Virgin Islands, and Puerto Rico. The national forests provide a refuge for many species of endangered birds, animals, and fish. Approximately 35 million acres are set aside as wilderness and 175,000 acres as primitive areas where timber will not be harvested.

The USFS performs basic and applied research to develop the scientific information and technology needed to protect, manage, use, and sustain the natural resources of U.S. forests and rangelands. It also operates the Youth Conservation Corps and the Volunteers in the National Forests programs and serves as a partner with the Department of Labor in its forestry-related activities within the Job Corps and Senior Community Service Employment Program.

U.S. Forest Service International Visitor Program

The U.S. Forest Service (USFS) Office of International Programs facilitates training and research exchange opportunities for natural resource managers, scientists, professionals, and students from Africa, Asia-Pacific, Europe and Eurasia, Latin America and the Caribbean, and the Middle East. These international visitors represent their governments, nongovernmental organizations, academic institutions, and the private sector.

International visitors work closely with USFS leadership, land managers, and researchers on critical areas of land use and conservation practices and policies. These include: sustainable forest management; ecosystem services; invasive species; migratory species; protected area management; watershed management; rangeland management; fire management; illegal logging; recreation; urban forestry; forest landscape restoration; and disaster mitigation and response.

Most USFS international visitors are participants in short-term training programs and seminars. USFS also hosts research scholars participating in long-term collaborative research exchanges. Programs are hosted on national forest lands, in USDA research stations, and in the headquarters and regional offices. Participants interact with natural resource management professionals, state foresters, private landowners, land grant university staff, nongovernmental partners, representatives from all levels of government, and other federal agency professionals.

The USFS partners with federal entities, including the Agricultural Research Service, the Bureau of Land Management, the U.S. Agency for International Development, and the U.S. Department of State to facilitate exchanges of visiting scientists and emerging leaders. These partnerships further the mission of each agency through cooperation on issues of mutual importance.

In addition to long-term individual exchange and training programs, USFS International Programs host an International Seminar series, study tours, the USFS International Visitor Program International Science Leadership Forum, and the International Forestry Fellowship Program.

Program participants bring knowledge and management practices back to their home countries and colleagues while sharing their best practices and methods with USDA programs. Research collaboration and international cooperation is of vital importance to the future of the world's natural resources.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

Promote the Exchange of Technical and Scientific Expertise.

Promote Improvement of Natural Resource Management Globally.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$2,226,044.00	\$163,909.00	\$2,389,953.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	784	784

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$43,115,936.00 †	\$16,227,326.00 †	\$26,888,610.00 †	\$39,039.00 †	Not Tracked	\$4,000.00 †	\$316,576.00 †	\$43,475,551.00 †	10,439

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures include some expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Department of Commerce

Office of Public Affairs
1401 Constitution Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20230
www.doc.gov • 202-482-4883

The Department of Commerce (DOC) fosters and promotes the foreign and domestic commerce of the United States. The Department provides a wide variety of programs through the competitive free enterprise system. It offers assistance and information to increase America's competitiveness in the world economy; administers programs to prevent unfair foreign trade competition; provides social and economic statistics and analyses for business and government planners; provides research and support for the increased use of scientific, engineering, and technological development; works to improve our understanding and benefits of the Earth's physical environment and oceanic resources; grants patents and registers trademarks; develops policies and conducts research on telecommunications; provides assistance to promote domestic economic development; and assists in the growth of minority businesses.

The Department's international activities are designed to encourage international economic development and technological advancement through cooperative research and the training of business, science, and technology professionals.

Bureau of Economic Analysis

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) is the nation's economic accountant -- integrating and interpreting a variety of source data to draw a complete and consistent picture of the U.S. economy. A principal federal statistical agency, BEA produces the national, international, and regional economic accounts of the United States, including such statistics as the gross domestic product, the input-output accounts, state personal income, and the balance of payment accounts.

Bureau of Economic Analysis Foreign Visitor Briefings, Statistical Coordination, and Technical Assistance

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), one of the 13 principal statistical agencies of the United States, produces some of the world's most closely watched economic statistics, including GDP (gross domestic product) for the United States. BEA works closely with counterpart statistical agencies around the world to improve international statistical coordination and to provide technical assistance. We also work with data users and experts around the world to develop and vet new methodologies and processes and to conduct outreach to key customers.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Promote the Advancement of International Statistical System.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$5,964.00	\$0.00	\$5,964.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	28	30

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

International Trade Administration

The International Trade Administration (ITA) encourages, assists, and advocates U.S. exports by implementing a National Export Strategy, focusing on Big Emerging Markets, providing industry and country analyses for U.S. businesses, and supporting new-to-export and new-to-market businesses through strategically located U.S. Export Assistance Centers, 108 domestic Commercial Service Offices, and 140 worldwide posts and commercial centers in more than 75 countries.

ITA further ensures that U.S. business has equal access to foreign markets by advocating on behalf of U.S. exporters who are competing for major overseas contracts and by implementing major trade agreements, such as the World Trade Organization (WTO), North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), and various other free trade agreements.

Moreover, ITA enables U.S. businesses to compete against unfairly traded imports and to safeguard jobs and the competitive strength of American industry by enforcing antidumping and countervailing duty laws and agreements that provide remedies for unfair trade practices.

Special American Business Internship Training Program

The Special American Business Internship Training Program (SABIT) is a technical assistance program for business leaders from emerging markets. The program assists participants in developing their industries and regions and provides the American business community with reliable partners who can help resolve market access issues in the participants' countries. The SABIT program supports the goal of enabling market-based economic growth and stability. The program provides participants industry specific training with American businesses on market-economic principles, business development, identifying and attracting financial capital, quality and standards issues, and fair business practices. The knowledge gained by participants is then applied in their organizations, which leads to increased productivity and efficiency, and assists them in attracting investment and growing their organizations. The training, which is highly leveraged by American organizations and companies, also promotes greater trade and investment between the United States and participants' countries. Additionally, the SABIT program provides concrete examples of how the rule of law, transparency, and civil society function in a market economy. The program serves as an opportunity to promote greater regional cooperation between leading business and civil society representatives. Many SABIT alumni return to their home countries and establish business contacts with program participants from other cities and other countries in their region. The SABIT program provides follow-up training to program alumni in areas such as accounting standards, small and medium enterprise management, financial management, social media, and marketing. The program also organizes roundtables and conferences for its alumni to promote cooperation between alumni from different industry sectors and regions.

The SABIT program does not report U.S. participants/trainers in this report.

During FY 2019, the SABIT program trained 111 business professionals from Eurasia and South Asia.

The SABIT program trained 75 business professionals from Eurasia in four industry specific United States-based programs. The programs included: Waste Management; Airport Development; Agribusiness; and Dairy Processing and Packaging.

The SABIT program trained 20 business professionals from Sri Lanka in a United States-based program for Waste Management and 16 business professionals from India in a United States-based program for LNG (liquefied natural gas) Market Development.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$3,980,600.00	\$3,980,600.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	111	111

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

National Institute of Standards and Technology

The mission of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) is to promote U.S. innovation and industrial competitiveness by advancing measurement science, standards, and technology in ways that enhance economic security and improve our quality of life. In serving this mission, the NIST laboratories collaborate with international research experts through short term visits, exchange visitor research programs, programs focused on standards related to trade and in the conduct of short courses on specific measurement areas. An agency of the Commerce Department's Technology Administration, NIST was founded in 1901 as the nation's first federal physical science research laboratory.

International Visitors Program

The International Visitors Program provides international visitors with opportunities to learn about the U.S. standards and metrology systems, as well as the National Institute of Standards (NIST) extramural programs. It also provides opportunities for NIST staff to learn about similar institutions and programs in other countries, to be exposed to foreign metrology and standards activities, and to promote cooperation. The average program length for foreign visitors is one day. NIST welcomes visitors from around the world, particularly those from foreign national metrology institutes.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	1,256	1,256

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

National Institute of Standards and Technology Exchange Visitors Program

The Exchange Visitors Program provides foreign scientists an opportunity to work with NIST scientists and engineers on projects of mutual interest or to participate in short metrology courses conducted at NIST. For research appointments, the research is typically at the doctoral level in the areas of chemistry, engineering measurement sciences, information and communications technologies, and physics.

The average program length of a J-1 exchange visitor to NIST is approximately 16 months.

The goals, objectives, and rationale of the Exchange Visitors Program are to gain access to unique foreign technical knowledge and skills, to develop working relationships with and insight into the character and quality of the work of foreign institutions, to support the USG policy of assisting certain countries with economic development, and to participate in programs with other federal and international organizations, such as the U.S. Department of State and the Inter-American Development Bank.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$15,200,606.00	\$0.00	\$15,200,606.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	567	567

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) is composed of the National Ocean Service (NOS); National Weather Service (NWS); National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS); National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service (NESDIS); and Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research (OAR). NOAA warns of dangerous weather, charts our seas and skies, guides our use and protection of ocean and coastal resources, and conducts research to improve our understanding and stewardship of the environment which sustains us all.

National Weather Service Exchange and Training

The International Affairs office of the National Weather Service (NWS) promotes the interests of the U.S. Meteorological and Hydrologic communities abroad, in order to promote the level of science, technology, operations, and services worldwide and within the NWS. On behalf of other federal agencies, and to advance its broader mission of capacity development of the global hydro-meteorological community, NWS administers U.S. foreign assistance.

The assistance it manages focuses on the needs of developing countries, in order to build the fundamental observing and communication networks necessary for meteorological services to provide basic forecasts, warnings, and other informational products, which save lives, livelihoods, and property as well as improve data availability globally. NWS also helps coordinate assistance to other countries in crisis with meteorological and hydrologic support. This is an ongoing program.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$544,400.00	\$0.00	\$544,400.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$3,000.00	Not Tracked	\$4,000.00	\$266,200.00	\$273,200.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
277	40	317

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Office of General Counsel

The Office of General Counsel includes the offices of the Assistant General Counsels and Chief Counsels for all Department of Commerce entities. The General Counsel is the chief legal officer of DOC.

Commercial Law Development Program

Established in 1992, the Commercial Law Development Program (CLDP) is a division within Commerce that helps achieve U.S. foreign policy goals in developing and post-conflict countries through commercial legal reforms. CLDP's unique, government-to-government technical assistance draws upon highly experienced regulators, judges, policy makers, business leaders, and attorneys from both the public and private sectors to deliver results that make meaningful and lasting changes to the legal and judicial environments of our host countries. Most programs are multiyear programs and determined by the agreements with the funders at the Department of State and USAID.

CLDP conducted over 150 programs in FY 2019 in various parts of the world, which resulted in many accomplishments that are highlighted on CLDP's website at <http://cldp.doc.gov>.

Below are some of the FY 2019 highlights:

- CLDP assisted Peru to develop new regulations for the safe and sustainable mining of uranium ore through legal reviews of draft rules and workshops on environmental impacts and managing community consultations. Peru's regulator has recently finalized the new regulations and proposed them for adoption.
- CLDP assisted the Philippines through its Gas Policy Development Project (GPDP), and its Department of Energy, on natural gas market reform and LNG import policy. The Philippines is poised to be a major importer of liquified natural gas (LNG). With support from CLDP, the GPDP recently published its investment guide for natural gas and LNG.
- U.S. Department of State (DOS) taps CLDP and its customs expertise to further U.S. strategy in Central Asia and Afghanistan. DOS has featured upcoming CLDP programs on broader implementation of the Transports Internationaux Routiers, International Road Transport (TIR System) as priority deliverables in ministerial and sub-ministerial meetings with Central Asian and Afghan officials. The TIR System, widely recognized as the only truly global Customs transit system in existence, facilitates cargo movements by reducing border crossing times, all while providing customs authorities with physical and financial security.
- CLDP was recognized by the Saudi Bankruptcy Commission with an award for multi-year effort to support passage of new bankruptcy law and training of judges, trustees, and lawyers.
- Saudi Arabia passed its new procurement law which includes CLDP recommendations.
- After observing the success achieved by an all-female law school team from Saudi Arabia at the CLDP Middle East Vis Pre-Moot Program, the Saudi Center for Commercial Arbitration requested CLDP's support in developing a similar program for talented law students, particularly, women.
- CLDP, in collaboration with the Saudi Center for Commercial Arbitration, developed the first Arabic Arbitration Moot Program designed to train the next generation of arbitration practitioners and advance Arabic legal scholarship on arbitration.
- Saudi Arabia signed on to the United Nations Convention on International Settlement Agreements Resulting from Mediation (Singapore Convention).
- Ethiopia adopted a landmark Public-Private Partnership (PPP) law, which CLDP had contributed to its development through training workshops for key decision-makers and comments on draft legislation. CLDP continues to provide training for the staff of the newly created PPP unit and will be supporting their certification as PPP experts. CLDP is reviewing and providing feedback for the draft implementing guidelines for the PPP law.
- CLDP brought together a group of world-class experts to update and refresh the Understanding Power Purchase Agreements Handbook. The updated guide includes additional insight and case studies on the negotiation of PPAs for both small and large-scale projects, along with new guidance on emerging issues in the African power markets such as commercial and industrial PPAs and cross-border PPAs.
- At the request of the Maldivian President's Office, CLDP organized a Cabinet level Summit to discuss unsolicited proposals. The Maldives is currently inundated with unsolicited proposals from companies and developers and is facing challenges in evaluating the proposals. The summit focused on building out the legal and regulatory framework to make it easier for the Maldives government to review or reject submissions.
- CLDP convened a group of eight international experts from General Services Administration, The George Washington University Law School, and the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law, among others, to provide the Dominican Republic with comprehensive comments on its draft public procurement law. CLDP also organized a three-day event to present and explain these comments, many of which were incorporated into the final version submitted to the DR President's Office. This law has been included as a reform priority by the U.S. Ambassador.

-- In December 2018, with legislative drafting assistance from CLDP, Afghanistan enacted the 2018 Minerals Law that incorporated a number of international best practices in the mining sector. This milestone is significant for Afghanistan because in order to catalyze foreign direct investment, the country needs to create clear and predictable legislative framework incorporating international best practices.

-- CLDP's collaborative approach and programmatic efforts led to increased regional cooperation between Uzbekistan and Afghanistan, resulting in a State Department-led, inaugural trilateral meeting among Afghanistan, the United States, and Uzbekistan. The trilateral focused on several mutual issues of concern, including increased economic cooperation between Afghanistan and Uzbekistan. CLDP will continue to play a significant role in supporting the two countries in reaching their stated goals by providing technical and development assistance.

-- CLDP was instrumental in developing a new Afghanistan Insolvency Law in 2018, by working closely with Afghan officials (e.g., Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Ministry of Law, the Judiciary), as well as seeking practical business input from the private sector, to draft and pass a law crafted specifically to address the legal, business, and cultural challenges in Afghanistan. Passing the new Insolvency Law was a major factor in having Afghanistan increase its ranking within the World Bank's Ease of Doing Business ratings. As a critical follow-on, CLDP began a series of workshops with major Afghan stakeholders (such as accountants, business people, judges, and lawyers) in two multi-day workshops in 2018-2019 to focus on those aspects of the law, and the processes, procedures, and organizations (e.g., knowledgeable judges adjudicate, lawyers for legal advice, accountants and other professionals for business advice), necessary for the implementation of the law and the operation of an effective bankruptcy system to encourage business growth through addressing troubled business in a timely manner, including the return of frozen assets to a working economy.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$22,429,010.00	\$22,429,010.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
579	4,853	5,432

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

U.S. Census Bureau

The U.S. Census Bureau conducts decennial censuses of population and housing; quinquennial censuses of state and local governments, manufacturers, mineral industries, distributive trades, construction industries, and transportation; special censuses at the request and expense of states and local government units; and current surveys that provide information on many of the subjects covered in the censuses at monthly, quarterly, annual, or other intervals. It also produces compilations of current statistics on U.S. foreign trade, including data imports, exports, and shipping; publication of estimates and projections of the population; publications of current data on population and housing characteristics; and current reports on manufacturing, retail and wholesale trade, services, construction, imports and exports, state and local government finances and employment, and other subjects.

Population Division International Programs

The U.S. Census Bureau began its program of international technical assistance in the 1930s. The formal training program began in 1947. Over the years, the U.S. Census Bureau's international programs have helped establish the official statistical offices of a number of countries.

In response to requests from developing countries worldwide, the Population Division provides technical assistance, training and training materials, methodological development and materials, and statistical software for all aspects of censuses, surveys, and information systems (including sample design, data collection, data processing, geographic support, data processing, analysis, and dissemination).

Specifically, the Population Division:

- Offers short- and long-term technical assistance to developing countries,
- Provides practical, applied training in statistics and related topics to participants from developing country statistical offices around the world,
- Distributes statistical software designed and developed by the U.S. Census Bureau to meet the needs of statistical agencies,
- Develops and distributes training and methodological material to other countries,
- Evaluates, analyzes, and produces demographic estimates and projections, and makes available demographic data for all countries of the world,
- Compiles and assesses data on HIV/AIDS prevalence in countries in Asia, Africa, and Latin America, and
- Exchanges statistical publications with over 175 countries and several international organizations.

Please note MOST assistance is provided in-country and thus the instructors travel to the country to train using reimbursable funds (USAID). Only Regional and Census Bureau headquarter workshops involve people crossing international borders.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$479,000.00	\$479,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$36,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$36,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	348	348

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

U.S. Census Bureau International Collaboration Program

The International Cooperative Programs Staff (ICPS) coordinates the Census Bureau's international activities and assists its employees, at all levels to engage effectively with the international statistical community. We build relationships with other National Statistical Offices (NSOs) to provide opportunities to exchange ideas, best practices, and learn from each other. The staff develops tools to share this information across the organization to strengthen our programs. Responsibilities include international coordination for the U.S. Federal Statistical System, across the Census Bureau and within the international statistical community. The staff also provides support for the international efforts of the Chief Statistician of the United States.

Primary activities include:

- Promoting and supporting international collaboration across the Census Bureau,
- Supporting the international efforts of the U. S. Chief Statistician,
- Initiating, processing, maintaining, and archiving memoranda of understanding with other countries, when needed,
- Tracking international travel requests, approvals, and trip reports,
- Centralizing the coordination of information or data requests from international organizations, such as United Nations Economic Commission for Europe, the United Nations Statistics Division, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, and Eurostat,
- Providing input to reports on international collaborations to other federal departments and agencies,
- Coordinating international visitors to the Director's Office and organizing programs for visitors to multiple offices within the Census Bureau,
- Chairing the International Collaboration Steering Committee to coordinate international collaboration across the Census Bureau and share the knowledge gained from its activities.

The Census Bureau receives international visitors from a large number of countries each year to consult with their counterparts in demographic and economic censuses and survey areas, and to learn about among other things, management procedures, field operations, regional activities, and data capture and dissemination activities. Meeting details are arranged to meet with staff at the Census Bureau facilities, including the preparation of agenda. All international visitors pay their own expenses through their NSO, government, university or by international donor groups.

In FY 2019, international visitors from various countries traveled to the U.S. Census Bureau to learn about the 2020 U.S. Census plans. Only foreign visitors are included in this report.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$39.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$39.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	103	103

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

United States Patent and Trademark Office

The United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) administers the patent and trademark laws as they relate to the granting of patents for utility inventions, designs and plants, and the issuing of trademark registrations. The USPTO examines applications for patents and trademark registrations to determine if the applicants are entitled to them, and grants patents and issues trademark registrations where appropriate. The USPTO publishes issued patents, approved trademark registrations, and various publications concerning patents and trademarks; records assignments of patents and trademarks; and maintains search rooms and a national network of Patent and Trademark Depository Libraries for the use by the public to study issued patents, registered trademarks, and pending trademark applications and records relating to both patents and trademarks. It also supplies copies of records and other papers.

United States Patent and Trademark Office Policy and International Affairs Program

The United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) offers various ongoing programs to provide technical assistance to developing countries and to countries moving to a market economy. Programs focus on establishing adequate systems in these countries for the protection of intellectual property rights (IPR). They also provide intellectual protection enforcement training. The majority of the USPTO programs last one week. The goal of its various programs is to provide advice and expertise to these countries with the desired outcome being the reduction of losses resulting from piracy of U.S. intellectual property.

The Global Intellectual Property Academy (GIPA) was created allowing the USPTO to increase its training and capacity building initiatives on intellectual protection and enforcement. This Academy also encompasses the USPTO Visiting Scholars Program that was created in 1985 and provides participants from foreign countries with classroom and hands-on study of the U.S. system for protecting intellectual property. Through GIPA, USPTO brings foreign government officials, including judges; prosecutors; police; customs officials; patent, trademark, and copyright officials; and policy makers, to the United States to learn, discuss, and strategize about global IPR protection and enforcement. The goals of the program are to foster a better understanding of international intellectual property obligations and norms, to expose participants to at least one method of providing TRIPs (Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights) level protection for a variety of intellectual property disciplines, and to promote discussion of intellectual property issues in a friendly and supportive environment.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$476,356.00	\$0.00	\$476,356.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$50,376.00	\$50,376.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
548	1,727	2,275

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$354,510,965.00 †	\$354,510,965.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$703,427,958.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$1,057,938,923.00 †	51,558

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures include some expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Department of Defense

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The mission of the Department of Defense (DOD) is to provide the forces needed to deter war and protect the security of the United States. The Department of Defense maintains and employs armed forces to support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies; ensures, by timely and effective military action, the security of the United States, its possessions, and areas vital to its interests; and upholds and advances the national policies and interests of the United States.

The major elements of these forces are the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps. Under the President, who is also Commander in Chief, the Secretary of Defense exercises authority, direction, and control over the Department, which includes the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Military Departments, Unified Combatant Commands, the DOD Inspector General, Defense Agencies, and DOD Field Activities. To accomplish this mission, the Department employs approximately 1.4 million military and some 724,000 civilian employees. In addition, there are 1.35 million National Guard and Reserve personnel that are fully integrated into the National Military Strategy as part of the total force.

Defense Security Cooperation Agency

Security cooperation is founded on a tradition of cooperation between the United States and other sovereign nations with similar values and interests in order to meet common defense goals. It consists of a group of programs authorized by the U.S. Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, and the Arms Export Control Act, as amended, and related statutes by which the U.S. Department of Defense or a commercial contractor provides defense articles and services in furtherance of national policies and objectives.

In FY 2019, DSCA tracked over 81,400 students from 187 countries that participated in DOD, DHS, and DOS sponsored training activities, the total value of which is approximately \$1.303 billion. Not all of this tracked training is reported to IAWG by DSCA.

DSCA's IAWG submission includes education and training activities provided under:

- Foreign Military Financing (FMF)-funded training
- Foreign Military Sales (FMS) Program
- Humanitarian Mine Action Programs (HDM)
- Indo-Pacific Maritime Security Initiative (MSI)
- International Military Education and Training (IMET)
- Professional Military Education (PME) Exchange
- Regional Defense Combating Terrorism Fellowship Program (CTFP)
- Section 333 - Foreign Security Forces: Authority to build Capacity
- Service Academy Foreign Student Studies
- DOD Regional Centers for Security Studies
- Africa Center for Strategic Studies (ACSS)
- Daniel K. Inouye Asia-Pacific Center for Security Studies (DKI APCSS)
- George C. Marshall European Center for Security Studies (GCMC)
- Near East South Asia Center for Strategic Studies (NESA)
- William J. Perry Center for Hemispheric Defense Studies (WJPC)

Foreign Military Financing Program

The principal means of ensuring U.S. security is through the deterrence of potential aggressors who would threaten the United States or its allies. Foreign Military Financing (FMF), the U.S. appropriation for financing the acquisitions of U.S. defense articles, services, and training supports U.S. foreign policy and regional security goals and enables allies and friendly nations to improve their defense capabilities and to work toward common security goals and share burdens in joint missions. Congress appropriates FMF funds in the International Affairs budget; the Department of State allocates the funds for eligible allies and friendly nations; and the Department of Defense implements the program. As FMF helps countries meet their legitimate defense needs, it also promotes U.S. national security interests by strengthening and enhancing interoperability with U.S. forces. Because FMF monies are used to purchase U.S. defense articles, services, and training, FMF contributes to a strong U.S. defense industrial base, which benefits both America's armed forces and U.S. workers.

Total funding in FY 2019 for articles and training totaled \$3.57 billion with Security Cooperation Education and Training grants to foreign countries in FY 2019 totaled more than \$68.7 million.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$68,739,678.00	\$0.00	\$68,739,678.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	6,059	6,059

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Foreign Military Sales Program

The Foreign Military Sales (FMS) program involves government-to-government sales of U.S. defense articles, services, and training (including professional military education as well as technical training related to equipment purchases).

Responsible arms sales further national security and foreign policy objectives by strengthening bilateral defense relations, supporting coalition building, and enhancing interoperability between U.S. forces and militaries of allies and friendly nations.

Total FMS sales in FY 2019 (articles and training) were approximately \$48.25 billion. Security Cooperation Education and Training, including professional military education and technical training related to equipment purchases, is sold to foreign countries through the FMS program. Security Cooperation Education and Training sales to foreign countries in FY 2019 totaled more than \$703.4 million.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$703,427,958.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$703,427,958.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	18,254	18,254

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Humanitarian Mine Action (HMA) Program

The goal of disaster-response training is an improved host nation capability to respond to disasters effectively, thereby reducing or eliminating the need for a U.S. military response. DOD is authorized, under 10 U.S.C. 2561, to use funds appropriated specifically for humanitarian assistance (HA) for the purpose of providing transportation of humanitarian relief or for other humanitarian purposes. DOD conducts limited disaster-response training under this authority with a goal of providing the necessary skills for the civilian leaders of foreign governments and institutions to organize emergency workers; hospital, medical, and administrative personnel; and military members to respond to natural disasters.

Normally, HA and training conducted under 10 U.S.C. 2561 are not provided to foreign militaries. However, selected host nation armed forces personnel are occasionally included in the training to demonstrate the military's role in supporting civilian agencies during emergencies. In some instances, disaster-response training is provided directly to the host nation's military when it is the only government agency capable of responding to the natural disaster. Additionally, disaster-response programs contribute to regional stability and support both ambassadorial mission plans and Combatant Command theater security cooperation strategies.

In FY 2019, the United States provided approximately \$14.9 million in training to students from 14 allied and partner nations.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$14,910,621.00	\$0.00	\$14,910,621.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	417	417

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Indo-Pacific Maritime Security Initiative (MSI)

Section 1263 of the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year 2016 (P.L. 114-92), as amended, provides authority for the Indo-Pacific Maritime Security Initiative until December 31, 2025. Section 1263, as amended, authorizes the Secretary of Defense, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, to provide assistance (equipment, supplies, training, and small-scale military construction) to assist the national military or security forces that have maritime security missions as part of their respective fundamental responsibilities in Bangladesh, Federated States of Micronesia, Fiji, Indonesia, Kiribati, Malaysia, Marshall Islands, Nauru, Palau, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu, and Vietnam. Section 1263 may also be used to pay for training for ministry, agency, and headquarters-level organizations of these countries.

In FY 2019, the United States provided approximately \$4.68 million in training to students from five allied and partner nations.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$4,675,935.00	\$0.00	\$4,675,935.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	647	647

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

International Military Education and Training

The International Military Education and Training (IMET) program is a low-cost, highly effective component of U.S. security assistance.

The overall objectives of the program are to:

- Advance the goal of regional stability through effective, mutually beneficial military-to-military relations through increased understanding of security issues and the means to address them and improved defense cooperation among the United States and foreign countries;
- Provide training that augments the capabilities of participant nations' military forces to support combined operations and interoperability with U.S. forces; and
- Increase the ability of foreign military and civilian personnel to instill and maintain democratic values and protect internationally recognized human rights in their own government and military.

Training provided under the IMET program assists U.S. allies and friendly nations in professionalizing their militaries through participation in U.S. military educational programs. The IMET program introduces military and civilian participants to critical institutions and elements of U.S. democracy such as the judicial system, legislative oversight, free speech, equality issues, and commitment to human rights. The resulting military competence and self-sufficiency of U.S. allies and partner nations provides a wide range of benefits to the United States in terms of collective security, stability, and peace. As foreign militaries improve their knowledge of U.S. military principles and integrate them into their own forces, military cooperation is strengthened. Similarly, opportunities for military-to-military interaction, information sharing, joint planning, and combined force exercises -- as well as essential requirements for access to foreign military bases and facilities -- are expanded. IMET fosters important military linkages essential to advancing the global security interests of the United States and improving the capabilities of its allies and partners.

The IMET program's mandatory English-language proficiency requirement establishes an essential baseline of communication skills necessary for students to attend courses. This requirement also facilitates the development of valuable professional and personal relationships that provide the United States access to and influence in a critical sector of society that plays a pivotal role in supporting and transitioning to democratic governance.

IMET objectives are achieved through a variety of professional military education and technical training activities conducted by DoD for international military and civilian officials. These activities include formal instruction that involves more than 4,000 courses taught at approximately 150 military schools and installations to more than 5,000 international students annually. The report contains entries for IMET-1, IMET-2, IMET-X, and IMET-D&R (de-obligated and re-obligated funds), explained further below.

- IMET-1 are one-year funds. The annual Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act (FOA) provides IMET funding for the current fiscal year, to be obligated by September 30 of each year.
- IMET-2 are two-year funds. In FY 2012, the provision to retain funds until expended changed to permit a certain amount of IMET funds to remain available through September 30 of the following fiscal year, rather than until expended. These funds are also known as Q-year funds.
- IMET-X are x-year funds. From FY 2002-2011, the FOA also included the provision allowing a certain amount of IMET funds to remain available until expended. These funds are also known as no-year funds.

The Expanded IMET program is a subset of the IMET program that specifically focuses on fostering greater understanding of and respect for civilian control of the military, introduces students to military justice systems, and promotes the development of strong civil-military relations by showing key military and civilian leaders how to overcome challenges that can exist among armed forces, civilian officials, and legislators.

Beginning in FY 2008, DOS's annual appropriations act has provided authority to de-obligate and re-obligate IMET funding up to four years from the date on which the availability of such funding would otherwise have expired as long as it was first obligated within the initial period of availability. Once funds are re-obligated, those funds remain available for expenditure up to five years following the four-year de-obligation/re-obligation period (e.g., FY 2014 IMET funds de-obligated and re-obligated in FY 2018 remain available for expenditure until the end of FY 2023). IMET programs conducted under this authority are indicated in the report as IMET-D&R. Once funds pass the five-year expenditure period, those funds cancel and are no longer available for expenditure. As such, they must be returned to the U.S. Treasury. There is no cap on how much IMET funding can be de-obligated every year. For two-year IMET funds that were obligated during the original period of availability, the four-year period for re-obligation begins at the end of the second year of availability. For example, FY 2013 two-year IMET funds (13Q) that are obligated before the end of FY 2014 remain available for re-obligation through September 30, 2019, because they were originally available for obligation until September 30, 2014. This extended period of availability is intended to be a strategic tool to enable DOD to react flexibly and responsively to global changes and support U.S. security interests through the provision of timely training assistance. To be considered for de-obligation/re-obligation funding, a country must not be restricted from receiving IMET by law or policy in the current appropriations year or in the year the funds were originally appropriated. IMET funds must be expended only for the purposes which State has approved and justified to Congress.

A less formal, but still significant, part of IMET is the U.S. Field Studies Program, which introduces students to the U.S. way of life, including regard for democratic values, respect for individual civil and human rights, and belief in the rule of law.

In FY 2019, the United States provided approximately \$92.2 million in training to students from 119 allied and partner nations. Additional IMET training is provided to NATO member countries (not detailed in this report). In FY 2019, the United States provided approximately \$117.9 million in training to students from 128 allied and partner nations.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$92,240,150.00	\$0.00	\$92,240,150.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	3,933	3,933

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Professional Military Education Exchanges

The Professional Military Education (PME) exchange program sends U.S. and foreign officers for academic or full-year training in senior military schools abroad and in the United States respectively. Some of the U.S. officers attending foreign senior military schools are doing so under the auspices of a reciprocal PME Exchange Agreement between the U.S. Department of Defense and the foreign country's Ministry of Defense. All tuition costs are waived under the terms of the PME Exchange Agreements. The total number of U.S. military students attending full-year senior military schools abroad, but not under a one-for-one reciprocal exchange agreement, does not fall under this program.

Reciprocal Professional Military Education (PME) exchanges are authorized by the Foreign Assistance Act (FAA). This section authorizes the President to provide for the attendance of foreign military personnel at PME institutions in the United States (other than service academies) without charge, if such attendance is part of an international agreement. These international agreements provide for the exchange of students on a one-for-one reciprocal basis each fiscal year between the U.S. professional military education institutions and comparable institutions of foreign countries and international organizations.

For FY 2019, 214 Professional Military Education exchanges were conducted with U.S. Forces.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$653,947.00	\$0.00	\$653,947.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	214	214

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Regional Centers for Security Studies - Africa Center for Strategic Studies

The Africa Center for Strategic Studies (ACSS) is the preeminent DOD institution for strategic security studies, research, and outreach in Africa. ACSS continues to support U.S. national security policy by strengthening the strategic capacity of African states to identify and resolve security challenges in ways that promote civil-military cooperation, respect democratic values, and safeguard human rights. ACSS engages African partners, states, and institutions at the strategic-level through focused and rigorous academic programs, outreach and policy relevant research of Africa's security challenges, which builds strategic capacity.

Since 1999 the Africa Center has effectively built military and civilian capabilities in the security cooperation arena, providing strong partnerships in response to defense strategic guidance and U.S.-Africa policy. ACSS is a trusted partner with over 8,000 alumni spanning the African continent. The Africa Center cultivates this network of current and future security leaders who further enhance the greater goals of international cooperation; which brings unique access and an African voice to the U.S. policy community.

The Africa Center mission is to advance African security by expanding understanding, providing a trusted platform for dialogue, building enduring partnerships, and catalyzing strategic solutions. As DOD's premier PME institution for senior and executive level African security sector officials, the Africa Center's mission revolves around the generation and dissemination of knowledge through three organizational pillars: academic programs, research, and engagement. We generate relevant insight and analysis that informs practitioners and policymakers on topical and emerging security trends and on effective responses to dynamic and complex security challenges. Recognizing that addressing serious challenges can only come about through candid and thoughtful exchanges, the Africa Center provides opportunities for partners to exchange views on shared interests and sound practices. These relationships are maintained through the Center's community chapters, communities of interest, follow-on programs, bilateral interaction, and ongoing dialogue between participants, faculty, and staff. This dialogue, infused with real world experiences and fresh analysis, provides an opportunity for continued learning and catalyzes concrete actions. This is how the Africa Center leverages the relationships we have established and cultivated over the past twenty years to advance U.S. interests.

Africa Center programs and activities advance the National Defense Strategy (NDS) line of effort to strengthen alliances and attract new partners, mindful that strategic competition in the African AOR is increasing. In addition to the NDS, the United States Strategy toward Africa, the Department of Defense Strategy for Africa, the USAFRICOM Campaign Plan and the National Defense Authorization Act are the foundational documents that guide African Center programming.

Based upon the guidance and direction and provided in these foundational documents, the following policy priorities underpin Africa Center activities:

- Strengthen alliances and partner capabilities.
- Strengthen U.S. influence in Africa and increase understanding of competitor state practices that undermine African development.
- Support African ownership of responses to regional security threats.
- Strengthen security sector institutions in weak or fragile states.
- Improve African partners' ability to conduct peacekeeping and enhance African partners' capacity to counter terrorism and violent extremist organizations.
- Promote respect for rule of law, human rights, and accountability in African security services.

Analyzing how best to advance these priorities, Africa Center programming is developed and organized under three thematic focus areas and four cross-cutting goals to best leverage the Center's capacity and capability to advance African security and U.S.-Africa policy objectives.

Thematic Focus Areas:

- Security Sector Governance -- Leadership, Strategy, and Institutions.
- Strategic Responses to Insecurity and Transnational Security Challenges.
- Collective Security and Regional Responses.

Cross-Cutting Goals:

- External Actor Influence in Africa.
- Legitimacy, Accountability, and Transparency.
- Women, Peace, and Security.
- Africa's Security, Development, and Governance Nexus.

The Africa Center's FY-2019 programming included 10 multinational foundational and educational programs --six held on the African continent and four in Washington D.C. The Africa Center conducted eight programs in support of both USAFRICOM and U.S. interagency stakeholders. We conducted five bilateral and alumni events with African partners, and we collaborated with our sister Regional Centers on three partnered events.

Key programming highlights in FY 2019 included:

- Managing Security Resources in Africa Workshop
- African Professional Military Education Curriculum and Faculty Development Workshop
- African Parliamentarians' Seminar
- National Security Strategy Development and Implementation Workshops
- Emerging Security Sector Leaders Seminar
- Countering Terrorism Strategies Workshop
- Maritime Safety and Security Strategies Workshop
- Red Sea Dialogue

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$3,094,227.00	\$0.00	\$3,094,227.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	415	415

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Regional Centers for Security Studies - Asia-Pacific Center for Security Studies

The mission of the Daniel K. Inouye Asia-Pacific Center for Security Studies (DKI APCSS) is to build resilient capacity, shared understanding, and networked relationships among civilian and military practitioners and institutions to advance a Free and Open Indo-Pacific (FOIP). DKI APCSS addresses regional and global security issues by bringing together military and interagency civilian representatives of the United States, Indo-Pacific countries, and other nations as appropriate in a program of executive courses and topical workshops and dialogues in Hawaii and throughout the Indo-Pacific region. This program reinforces the importance of security cooperation and a rules-based system for the Indo-Pacific to address whole-of-government solutions to regional security issues. Core in-resident courses provide security practitioners foundational grounding in regional security issues and opportunities for cooperation. A complementary program of collaborative, bilateral and multilateral workshops, dialogues, partnerships, as well as targeted visits by security officials in Honolulu and throughout the Indo-Pacific, provide a Track 1.5 venue for addressing urgent and important security challenges often difficult to address in other fora.

DKI APCSS supports the National Security Strategy (NSS), the National Defense Strategy (NDS), and the Indo-Pacific Strategy Report, which identify the strategic environment as one of competition and a Free and Open Indo-Pacific (FOIP) as our shared ideal. Our program aligns with and supports the Office of the Secretary of Defense for Policy (OSD-P) and U.S. Indo-Pacific Command (USINDOPACOM) strategy and Theater Campaign Plan through tailored curricula and targeted participation primarily by key Indo-Pacific countries and organizations. The Center's efforts in the region particularly support the NDS line of effort to strengthen alliances and attract new partners. DKI APCSS supports OSD priorities to enhance regional partner capacity in territorial and maritime security; humanitarian assistance and disaster relief; countering terrorism, violent extremism, and transnational and asymmetric threats; support to defense sector governance/reform and institution building; and strengthening regional security architectures and sub-regional priorities.

The Center's topically focused program of workshops and dialogues produces policy-based outcomes and deliverables addressing key security issues. A critical DKI APCSS output is the ever-expanding network of professional and personal relationships developed among current and future leaders and decision-makers in the region, which enables collaborative, transparent solutions to the region's security challenges.

DKI APCSS addressed regional and global security issues through the conduct of eight in-resident courses in FY 2019, which supported 792 executive-level senior security officials.

The Advanced Security Cooperation (ASC) Course enabled military and civilian leaders to deepen their understanding of security issues within political, socioeconomic, defense, and environmental contexts.

The Transnational Security Cooperation (TSC) Course enhanced awareness of transnational security issues, exploring opportunities to strengthen states' capacities and collaborative policies.

The Comprehensive Crisis Management (CCM) Course focused on enhancing capacity among security practitioners for crisis preparation, mitigation, response, and recovery.

The Comprehensive Security Responses to Terrorism (CSRT) Course provided global security practitioners the operational and strategic-level skills necessary to understand and combat terrorism and transnational threats while building trust, confidence, and common information sharing methodologies to facilitate collaborative efforts against those who use terror.

The Comprehensive Maritime Security Cooperation (CMSC) Course expanded maritime security networks and engaged the maritime community in collaborative discussions and learning on key maritime issues in the Indo-Pacific.

The Indo-Pacific Orientation Course (IPOC) provided experienced and new security practitioners from the United States, its allies, and key partner nations within the Indo-Pacific region a comprehensive overview of critical sub-regions and topical themes. In addition to increasing their knowledge, skills, and abilities, course Fellows also identified specific opportunities to enhance security in their nation or sub-region with tangible work plans they implemented upon returning to their home countries.

For instance, a Myanmar Fellow developed a project that led to the inaugural U.S.-ASEAN Maritime Exercise in the South China Sea in September 2019, which Myanmar participated in as a self-funded country. Additionally, a Fellow from Samoa developed a national security plan for Samoa that also led to the Pacific Island National Security Development Workshop held at DKI APCSS in March 2019. And notable among 14 Fellows' projects related to Women, Peace, and Security (WPS) were the development of Tonga's National Action Plan, the integration and promotion of women in Ghana's counter-terrorism force and increasing the capacity of women serving in the Bangladesh Ministry of Defense.

In accordance with Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy (OUSDP) guidance and priorities, DKI APCSS developed and conducted seven workshops and nine security dialogues and partnerships in FY 2019, both resident and in-region, involving 810 participants.

The Center continued its support to OUSDP by hosting the 14th ASEAN Defence Ministers' Meeting Plus Experts Working Group (ADMM-Plus EWG) on Humanitarian Assistance and Disaster Relief in collaboration with the Center for Excellence in Disaster Management and USINDOPACOM to establish that the ASEAN Militaries Readiness Group (AMRG) is operational and that related initiatives are integrated into broader ASEAN disaster relief and emergency response efforts. A second workshop focused on Advancing a Free and Open Indo-Pacific brought together senior leaders from the region and U.S. administration officials to informally discuss the new U.S. Indo-Pacific strategy and the underlying principles and key actions needed to advance them. A third workshop in collaboration with Taiwan authorities explored how government, civil sector, and private sector expertise could be leveraged in support of regional humanitarian assistance and disaster relief (HADR) efforts to allow Taiwan to cooperatively respond to international disasters and strengthen its reputation as a desirable HADR partner. Additionally, DKI APCSS helped facilitate the Gulf of Thailand Maritime Law Enforcement Initiative (GOTI 18) 6th Commanders' Forum, hosted jointly by the Royal Thai Navy Maritime Enforcement Coordinating Center (Thai MECC) and the U.S. Mission to ASEAN, to help build Coast Guard enforcement capabilities. At the request of the Pacific Islands Forum Secretariat, the Center cohosted a multilateral workshop to facilitate an exchange of experiences, lessons learned, and best practices in national security policy development among Pacific Island nations to establish and strengthen national security approaches to more effectively address the complex emerging challenges of the 21st century. DKI APCSS next collaborated with the other DOD Regional Centers in a workshop (the third in a series) that focused on integrating respective PRC-related lines of effort to enable cross-Regional Center planning on future areas of PRC engagement; the collaboration culminated in a deliverable documenting Regional Center perceptions of PRC engagement within respective AORs with respect to U.S. national security interests. The Center concluded the fiscal year with an alumni association workshop entitled Alumni Associations: Advancing Regional Security Cooperation 2019 to energize and leverage the relationship between the alumni associations, respective U.S. Country Teams, and DKI APCSS to increase the capacity of alumni associations and amplify individual and cohort contributions to regional peace and security.

Scholarly articles, research, and other programs supplemented the workshops listed above and addressed a myriad of security issues to include great power strategic competition and the achievement of a free and open Indo-Pacific region. In addition, DKI APCSS conducted two dialogues focused on assisting Vietnam in assuming the chairmanship of ASEAN. A third dialogue supported engagements among American, Asian, and Canadian navies and coast guards in connection with the Maritime Security Conference 2019: Pacific Seapower. The Center also hosted senior officials at the U.S.-Taiwan Maluhia (Monterey) Talks to discuss issues of shared interest and partnered with USINDOPACOM to provide support for the Capabilities Development Working Group (CDWG).

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$4,831,325.00	\$0.00	\$4,831,325.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	1,105	1,105

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Regional Centers for Security Studies - George C. Marshall European Center for Security Studies

The George C. Marshall European Center for Security Studies (GCMC), located in Garmisch-Partenkirchen, Germany, is a German-American partnership that plays an important role in implementing the partners' combined regional security priorities in Europe, Eurasia, Central Asia and North Africa as well as their transnational security priorities with a global audience.

The GCMC promotes Euro-Atlantic integration through security education initiatives, creating an active international network of defense and security officials favorable to U.S. and German interests. The GCMC accomplishes this through building partner capacity, fostering active security relationships and gaining and maintaining access. To build partner capacity, the Marshall Center conducts functional courses across an array of topics including, but not limited to terrorism, transnational organized crime, governance, cyber security, gender and security, the Arctic, and a revanchist Russia. Nations spanning the globe attend these courses that are designed to counter illicit activities, promote awareness and ideals to our collective yet diverse set of challenges. Supported bilaterally by the governments of the United States and Germany, the GCMC has an international faculty and staff.

The GCMC directly supports the 2018 U.S. National Defense Strategy, and the 2016 White Paper on German Security Policy and the Future of the Bundeswehr; the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD); the German Federal Ministry of Defense (FMoD); and coordinates and collaborates with each U.S. combatant command. The GCMC receives guidance from the German FMoD Director General Security and Defence Policy and U.S. Deputy Assistant Secretaries of Defense for Russia, Ukraine, and Eurasia; Europe/North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO); Afghanistan, Pakistan, and Central Asia; Counter Narcotics & Global Threats; Special Ops & Counter Terrorism; and Cyber Policy.

The Marshall Center conducts a variety of unique events through three main programs: the College of International and Security Studies (CISS); the Partner Language Training Center Europe (PLTCE); and the Partnership for Peace Consortium (PfPC). In order to meet programming requirements, the GCMC utilized various funding sources including Operations and Maintenance, German FMoD, Combating Terrorism Fellowship Program (CTFP), Counter-Narcotics (CN), Wales Initiative Funds (WIF) and Department of State Economic Support Funds (ESF).

In FY 2019, the CISS conducted 20 resident courses with 1,135 graduates from 130 countries, 40 outreach activities (671 participants and 298 speakers from 76 countries) and conducted 73 subject matter expert and regional education training events. The Marshall Center's resident programs included iterations of the Program on Applied Security Studies (PASS), the Program on Terrorism and Security Studies (PTSS), Countering Transnational Organized Crime Program (CTOC), the Program in Cyber Security Studies (PCSS), the Senior Executive Seminar (SES), the Seminar on Regional Security (SRS), and European Security Seminars (ESS) South, North and East. Outreach activities included conferences, parliamentary seminars and Regional Education Team workshops; each tailored to a desired policy goal or objective. In coordination with GCMC's 25 affiliated alumni associations, the center conducted 31 alumni events with 255 participants from across the region, focused on building, sustaining and invigorating a network of networks for graduates. Of over 14,000 alumni hailing from 156 countries, 663 are distinguished alumni serving as Presidents, Ministers, Deputy Ministers, Chiefs of Defense, Ambassadors, and Members of Parliament. The GCMC also hosted 20 Alumni Scholars in 2019.

In cooperation with the Bundeswehr (German Armed Forces) University International Security Studies Program, 11 students attended GCMC resident courses, enabling them to complete a Master of International Security Studies degree. FY19 resident courses supporting the Master's in International Security Studies program included PASS, SRS, PTSS, CTOC, and PCSS.

The Marshall Center continues to build capacity and a network of security sector professionals—regionally from across Europe and Eurasia; and transnationally from around the globe.

-- Transnational. The GCMC conducted several transnational networking and capacity building events. Examples of transnational resident events include PCSS, PTSS, SES and CTOC. An indicator of the success of the GCMC transnational programs can be found in the resident course fill rates for courses that address designated transnational policy priorities.

-- Operationalizing the Network. The Marshall Center continuously builds, maintains, and engages a network of trained security professionals to create a positive change for a more stable world through democratic principles. The success of this network begins with selecting the best international candidates nominated through U.S. military combatant commands and U.S. and German country teams. Nomination criteria requires careful consideration of key demographics (whole-of-government diversity, gender, professional background, seniority, likelihood of future success, etc.) for participation in GCMC events.

Alumni are continuously assisted in remaining connected with an ever growing network and supported in the sharing of information to address persistent and emerging security challenges. GCMC stays in contact with its 14,000+ member network through a variety of outreach events and digital communication tools.

The PLTCE provides tailored language training for U.S. personnel, NATO allies and global partners. PLTCE expanded its role as a focal point for building sustainable language training and testing programs that are compliant with NATO standards after NATO Allied Command Transformation accredited the organization as a Partner Training and Education Center in FY 2018. PLTCE continues to enhance English language interoperability for NATO allies and NATO partners. In FY 2019, 372 students attended 32 PLTCE courses of instruction in six different languages and dialects at advanced professional levels. As part of its outreach program, PLTCE led several multinational teams of experts that conducted instructional seminars and workshops in the field, designed to build language training and testing capacity at partner language institutions.

The Partnership for Peace Consortium, co-located with and receiving administrative and logistical support from the Marshall Center, is a multinational cooperative consortium of defense and security studies institutes. The PfPC is focused on the promotion of professional military education in participating nations, the encouragement of collaborative approaches to defense education and the sharing of knowledge and best practices in security education, conflict prevention and conflict resolution. PfPC conducted 31 events, and actively developed and implemented 61 Defense Education Enhancement Programs (DEEPs) for Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia & Herzegovina, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Mauritania, Moldova, North Macedonia, Tunisia, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan. PfPC also manages nine working groups that collaborate on topics such as Regional Security in South East Europe and the South Caucasus, Educational Development, Advanced Distributed Learning, Security Sector Reform, and Combating Terrorism and Emerging Security Challenges.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$595,928.00	\$0.00	\$595,928.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	1,689	1,689

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Regional Centers for Security Studies - Near East-South Asia Center for Strategic Studies

The Near East South Asia Center for Strategic Studies' (NESA) mission is to enhance security in the Near East and South Asia by building sustained and mutually beneficial relationships, fostering regional cooperation on security issues, and promoting effective communications and strategic capacity through free and candid interaction in an academic environment. NESA programs in Washington, D.C., and in the region, provide a forum for security sector professionals to examine the challenges that shape the regional security environment. NESA provides a venue for national decision-makers to gather, exchange ideas, and explore cooperative solutions to common strategic problems in support of U.S. policy goals and objectives. NESA priority efforts support strategic-level capacity building programs in Afghanistan, Iraq, and Saudi Arabia while sustaining a vibrant presence with Arabian Gulf countries, Egypt, India, the Levant, and North Africa.

In FY 2019, the NESA Center continues using a whole-of-society approach to addressing critical national security issues, was successful in completing 75 resident programs with participants from 95 countries resulting in 821 new alumni--with the addition of numerous topical seminars and meetings--and the engagement of 1,473 participants. NESA's unique ability to use the collaborative interests and knowledge of regional combatant commands and U.S. military organizations allowed it to provide strategic depth to CENTCOM (7), AFRICOM (14), Middle East (15), South Asia (5), Central Asia (8), ARCENT (2), UAE (1), KSA (13), Joint Staff (1) and the State Department (2) by executing 55 tailored programs focused on addressing various regional security issues. The Center provided continued support for the Deputy Special Presidential Envoy for Countering ISIS to the National Command Authority.

The NESA Center's unique relationship with numerous universities, connected to regional think-tanks and other government agencies, facilitates strategic dialogues making NESA an excellent resource for international policymakers. NESA programs, in coordination with the University of California at Los Angeles, the University of Ottawa, the Hoover Center at Stanford University, the Middle East Institute, and the International Institute for Strategic Studies, cover strategic international challenges such as the Arab-Israeli Peace Discussions, the U.S.-Iran Nuclear Dialogue, South Asian Regional Security, Middle East-North Africa Security, the India-Pakistan Nuclear Settlement, and the India-Pakistan Military to Military Relationship.

The NESA Senior and Executive seminars, and numerous Washington, D.C.-based and in-region core programs, generate alumni capable of influencing policy, consistent with USG regional goals and objectives, in governments, think tanks, and nongovernmental agencies throughout the Near East and South Asia. NESA's whole of society approach to solving tough regional issues such as counting terrorism, gender issues, border security, nuclear security, and human security challenges provide the USG a critically unique platform to influence regional policy concepts consistent with American values and culture. The annual NESA program cohosted by the prestigious London-based Institute for International Security Studies in Muscat, Oman, brings together high-level regional government officials with key U.S. policy makers.

NESA continues to partner with AFRICOM and received increased funding from AFRICOM for NESA-led programs with ACSS and regional and US partners. The series of North African-Sahel programs started in FY 2012 with two workshops, is now in its seventh year with twelve workshops. We have brought Maghreb-Sahel countries (plus Egypt) to programs focused on Counterterrorism and countering violent extremism; Security Sector Transformation; Border Security/Management; Good Governance (focused on whole of government and whole of society initiatives); and Regional Cooperation (on security, economics, religion). NESA also supported Special Operations Command Africa (SOCAFRICA) with the execution of FLINTLOCK – Senior Leaders Seminar in Burkina Faso.

NESA continues to cohost with IISS the annual South Asia Security Conference in Muscat, Oman, that brings together high-level regional government officials with key senior U.S. policy makers. NESA and the sponsoring Track II institutions have over several years established partnerships with international donors, such as the Czech Government, and others, to help defray costs and to provide support in kind doubling DOD's investment.

NESA provides continual support to the U.S. Central Command by providing regional and academic expertise for the Commander's annual Regional Ambassadors' Conference in Doha, Qatar, and biannual seminars for the allied and international officers assigned to the Central Command Headquarters as part of the U.S. coalition in Afghanistan and against ISIL. These seminars provide critical assessments and insights that assist shape CENTCOM's Theater Security Cooperation plans. NESA actively continues to pursue opportunities to enhance the capabilities of our regional partners by integrating our efforts through strategic-level education. The Center's professional military and civilian strategic education initiatives and programs constitute our main effort and create a long-term culture of communication. For the past six years NESA, has been the academic partner for the strategically important United Arab Emirates National Defense College FMS Case. NESA Center began execution of a FMS case with the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to develop the plan to transform their Armed Forces Staff College into a world-class, internationally accredited National Defense University. Combined these programs will greatly enhance the military capabilities of key regional partners and have the potential to shape strategic-level military education across the region.

Supporting OSD priorities, along with CENTCOM and PACOM priorities, NESA supports a range of programs devoted to South Asian strategic topics. As mentioned previously, NESA supports, sponsors, and assists in leading the Ottawa Track 1.5 series of dialogues devoted to South Asia security issues, particularly between Afghanistan, India, and Pakistan.

The Center's continued overarching goal is to build and engage communities of influence among security professionals and opinion makers in the NESA region. These communities are created through the production of alumni at foundation seminars in Washington, D.C., and in the region. The Center strengthens its relationship with these alumni over the long-term through a robust plan of U.S. based and regional engagement activities. In direct support of this engagement plan, we designed NESA leveraging and networking activities working with our peers, regional security professionals, and likeminded institutions to multiply the effects of our resources and programs. The focus of our programs is ensuring support of the functional priorities established by Congress in 10 U.S.C. 342 (territorial and maritime security, transnational and asymmetric threats, and defense sector governance) and programs in support of National Defense Strategy lines of effort.

Building lasting bridges to and among current and potential military and civilian leaders throughout the region by leveraging our over 9,727 alumni in 120 countries as of 30 September 2019.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$2,321,600.00	\$0.00	\$2,321,600.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	1,477	1,477

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Regional Centers for Security Studies - William J. Perry Center for Hemispheric Defense Studies

The William J. Perry Center for Hemispheric Defense Studies (WJPC) supports the Office of the Secretary of Defense's policies and priorities for the Western Hemisphere. The Perry Center is focused on supporting the objectives of the National Security Strategy, National Defense Strategy (NDS) in a number of areas to include territorial and maritime security, transnational and asymmetric threats, and defense sector governance. The Center also incorporates guidance provided by OSD Policy for Western Hemisphere Affairs, USNORTHCOM, and USSOUTHCOM when designing and executing programs.

The Perry Center collaborates with partner nations to keep the Western Hemisphere as a zone of peace by building partner capacity and fostering trust, mutual understanding, and regional cooperation. We also seek to help support democratic governments' efforts to counter nefarious Chinese and Russian influence in the Americas. In support of the NDS, the Perry Center seeks to strengthen existing partnerships and build new ones in the Western Hemisphere by finding mutually supportive approaches to security challenges, to develop effective, sustainable institutional capacity, and to promote a greater understanding of U.S. regional policy.

WJPC accomplishes its mission by conducting high value academic outreach programs by utilizing a broad range of resident and in-region activities, including courses, seminars, exercises, as well as bilateral and regional workshops, alumni events, and conducting research and scholar publications.

Foreign participants of the Perry Center academic program include senior civilian, law enforcement, and military officials, as well as partner security and defense institutions that operate at the strategic level. Congressional officials, as well as participants from Ministries of Security and Defense, War and National Security Colleges, and National Security Councils are also included.

For FY2019, OSD Policy provided guidance to support "DOD's effort to build and sustain transparent and capable defense and security governance institutions" as the Perry Center's top programmatic priority. The Perry Center conducted seven resident courses for 17 countries. The Perry Center also conducted 17 in-region seminars in nine countries, and one bilateral in-region course in Jamaica. WJPC conducted 13 virtual activities for four countries that reached hundreds of alumni and other partners, and two Hemispheric Forums, held at WJPC and streamed to more than 400 online participants. Defense Sector Governance initiatives included both resident courses and tailored country programs throughout the region.

A major highlight of this year was the Executive Workshop that the Perry Center organized, in coordination with the U.S. Southern Command, to assist the Ministry of Defense and the Joint Chiefs of Staff of Colombia. By means of a round table discussion held in Colombia, the Perry Center brought together key members of the Ministry and the Joint Chiefs to address themes about strategic-level decision-making, formal and informal coordination methodologies, and the applicable concepts and methodologies for decision making in the Colombian Security and Defense context.

The Perry Center, in conjunction with the U.S. Southern Command and at the request of the Ministry of Public Security of Panama, hosted a National Security Policy Workshop, with the goal of assisting in the formulation of Panama's National Security Strategy 2019-2024. The participants, who were senior members of the Panamanian Ministry of Public Security, National Police, National Aeronaval Service, and the National Border and Immigration Services, discussed the design of a national security strategy, focusing on organized crime, migration, drug trafficking, and critical infrastructure protection.

The Managing Security and Defense (MSD) course is an executive-level defense sector governance course that brought together senior security and defense officials from 10 countries to discuss experiences and best practices about key principles and concepts within the institutional response context, specifically discussing institutional gaps and policies and strategies for addressing them and the strategic security environment, as well as the identification and prioritization of current and possible future challenges and future security and defense requirements. MSD allowed participants to gather best practices and tools to add value to strategic decision-making and transformative leadership for their defense and security sectors.

OSD Policy also instructed WJPC to prioritize support to DOD's efforts to combat transnational threats, including transnational crime. In FY 2019, the Perry Center delivered "Combating Transnational Threat Networks (CTTN)," a resident course that deepened participants' understanding of the defense and security threats posed by transnational criminal organizations through their illicit activities, such as drug trafficking, money laundering, arms trafficking, human smuggling, counterfeiting, and cybercrime.

At the request of USSOUTHCOM, WJPC continued its in-region transnational threats seminars, with four bilateral seminars cohosted with our partners Colombia, Dominican Republic, Mexico, and Argentina, each gathering more than 200 security and defense policymakers and practitioners. These seminars examined such issues as the nexus of terrorism and transnational crime, the roles of military and police, illicit networks, money laundering, cybersecurity, and successful methods to counter these threats. These in-region seminars further built a Western Hemisphere Counter-Transnational-Threats-Network community of practice and helped current officials develop actionable implementation plans for national policies and sub-regional cooperation.

OSD Policy directed WJPC to develop new and innovative engagement opportunities to promote democratic accountability, respect for human rights, and the rule of law. The Strategic Implications of Human Rights and the Rule of Law resident course offered policymakers from defense and other governmental ministries, as well as nongovernmental watchdogs from 14 countries, a deep dive into issues like military professionalism, the evolving future of the law of armed conflict, and transitional justice. Graduates learned how to write and implement effective human rights policies in a way that universalizes and institutionalizes these principles regardless of changes in mission or leadership.

In FY2019, WJPC actively supported the National Action Plan on Women, Peace, and Security (WPS) with academic programs that were gender-inclusive and focused on national objectives identified therein, including female participation in defense decision-making and protection from sex- and gender-based violence. Of all course graduates in FY 2019, 35.5% were women.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$994,117.00	\$0.00	\$994,117.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	457	457

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Regional Defense Combating Terrorism and Irregular Warfare Fellowship Program (CTIWFP)

The program goals are to build and strengthen a global network of combatting terrorism (CbT) experts and practitioners at the operational and strategic levels; build and reinforce the CbT capabilities of partner nations through operational and strategic-level education; contribute to efforts to counter ideological support to terrorism; and provide DOD with a flexible and proactive program that can respond to emerging CbT requirements and that is capable of filling identified gaps in partnership strategies.

CTIWFP activities include a mixture of existing, traditional programs and activities designed to strengthen individual, country, and regional CbT capabilities and capacities according to the priorities of the Secretary of Defense. Activities may be conducted at U.S. military educational institutions, regional centers, conferences, seminars, mobile education units, or other education programs. A prerequisite for CTIWFP funding for an educational activity is that the event will provide unique CbT education as identified by a Geographic Combatant Command (GCC) and approved by the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Special Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict) (ASD (SO/LIC)).

The CTIWFP complements existing Security Cooperation programs and fills a current void in the U.S. Government's efforts to provide targeted combatting terrorism (CbT) assistance. This program is a key tool for Combatant Commanders to foster regional cooperation and professionalize foreign CbT capabilities.

Combatant Commands identify and recommend to ASD (SO/LIC) for approval CTIWFP participants who have a direct impact on their countries' ability to cooperate with the United States in overseas contingency operations.

The NDAA for FY 2019 amended 10 U.S.C. 345 to add the authority to provide education and training in connection with irregular warfare in addition to CbT.

In FY 2019, there were 1,234 foreign military and security officials who attended programs throughout the six regional Combatant Commands.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$31,306,365.00	\$0.00	\$31,306,365.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	1,234	1,234

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Section 333 – Foreign Security Forces – Authority to Build Capacity

10 U.S.C. Section 333 provides a consolidated DOD authority to build the capacity of national security forces of foreign countries. Section 333 authorizes DOD to conduct or support programs to provide training and equipment to the national security forces of foreign countries for the purpose of building the capacity of such forces to conduct one or more of the following:

- Counterterrorism operations.
- Counter-weapons of mass destruction operations.
- Counter-illicit drug trafficking operations.
- Counter-transnational organized crime operations.
- Maritime and border security operations.
- Military intelligence operations.
- Operations or activities that contribute to an international coalition operation that is determined by the Secretary to be in the national interest of the United States.

In FY 2019, the United States provided more than \$72 million in training to students from 55 allied and partner nations.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$72,751,240.00	\$0.00	\$72,751,240.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	14,438	14,438

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Service Academies

DOD's three Service Academies (the U.S. Military Academy, the U.S. Naval Academy, and the U.S. Air Force Academy) conduct academic exchange programs of varying lengths and content. As with civilian exchanges, U.S. cadets and midshipmen may spend a portion of the academic year or summer training period at a comparable foreign institution while counterpart students participate in the U.S. program.

In addition, the Service Academy Foreign Student Program allows up to 60 foreign students to attend each Service Academy at any one time as actual members of an Academy class (i.e., as full-time, four-year degree candidates). These activities introduce future foreign leaders, at the beginning of their careers, to their U.S. peers in an environment that is designed to promote military professionalism. The presence of foreign students in U.S. institutions also serves our foreign and national security policy interests by introducing future U.S. military leaders to individuals from the many parts of the globe to which they may deploy or work within coalition operations. The cost reflected in the report represents the cost to DOD. Some countries reimburse all or a portion of the cost of the program to the Service Academies.

In FY 2019, the United States provided more than \$39.3 million in training to students from 55 allied and partner nations.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$39,352,527.00	\$0.00	\$39,352,527.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	264	264

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness

The mission of the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness is to develop policies and plans, conduct analyses, provide advice, make recommendations, and issue guidance on Department of Defense plans and programs. In addition, the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness develops policies, plans, and programs to ensure the readiness of the Total Force as well as the efficient and effective support of peacetime operations and contingency planning and preparedness; develops and implements policies, procedures, and standards for manpower requirements determination and training for the Total Force; reviews and evaluates plans and programs to ensure adherence to approved policies and standards; participates in Planning, Programming, and Budgeting activities related to USD (P&R) functions; promotes coordination, cooperation, and mutual understanding within the Department, and between the Department and other federal agencies, state and local governments, and the civilian community; and serves on boards, committees, and other groups pertaining to assigned functional areas and represent the Secretary of Defense on manpower and personnel matters outside the Department.

National Security Education Program

The National Security Education Program (NSEP) addresses areas and languages of the world critical to U.S. national security, yet underrepresented in U.S. study abroad.

NSEP's Boren Scholarships and Fellowships program provides funding opportunities for U.S. undergraduate and graduate students to study less commonly taught languages in critical world regions, including Africa, Asia, Central and Eastern Europe, Eurasia, Latin America, and the Middle East. In exchange for NSEP financial support, all Boren award recipients incur a federal service obligation, which requires employment in a position with significant national security responsibilities for at least one year.

The Language Flagship supports students to achieve superior-level proficiency in critical languages including Arabic, Chinese, Korean, Persian, Portuguese, Russian, and Turkish. Flagship students combine language study with a major discipline of their choice and complete a year-long overseas program that includes intensive language study, direct enrollment in a local university, and a professional internship experience. In addition, The Language Flagship awards grants to U.S. universities recognized as leaders in the field of language education and supports new concepts in language education.

Project Global Officers, or Project GO, is NSEP's signature Reserve Officer Training Corps program. Project GO aims to improve the language skills, regional expertise, and intercultural communication skills of future military officers.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Support Intensive Overseas Immersion Language and Cultural Studies.

Promote Advanced Language Study.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$18,043,305.00	\$0.00	\$18,043,305.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
955	0	955

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$1,046,763.00 †	\$999,110.00 †	\$47,653.00 †	\$614,546.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$4,398.00 †	\$1,665,707.00 †	2,254

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures include some expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Department of Energy

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The Department of Energy (DOE) conducts a broad array of research and operational programs relating to energy resources, national nuclear security, environmental quality, and science. The DOE mission is as follows: to catalyze the timely, material, and efficient transformation of the nation's energy system and secure U.S. leadership in energy technologies; to maintain a vibrant U.S. effort in science and engineering as a cornerstone of our economic prosperity with clear leadership in strategic areas; to enhance nuclear security through defense, nonproliferation, and environmental efforts; and to establish an operational and adaptable framework that combines the best wisdom of all Department stakeholders to maximize mission success. To accomplish this mission, the Department engages in interagency crosscutting activities, and in FY 2019 held over 100 commitments with 70-plus countries and eleven international organizations.

The Department actively seeks international cooperation on energy policy and related goals and objectives. The Department of Energy's mission is accomplished through a comprehensive program of research and development activities at National Laboratories, which involve leading scientists, engineers, and other technical staff. In addition, DOE programs provide energy-essential services and operational activities ranging from power generation to marketing the nation's Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Many of these programs benefit from regular international exchanges and training. These benefits lead to enhanced energy security initiatives and the stronger comparative position of U.S. industry in world trade.

Since FY 2003, the Department of Energy has been actively developing and reorganizing the existing management infrastructure supporting international exchanges, training, and collaborations to ensure greater accountability across the DOE complex. In addition, DOE has supported new and evolving program activities in compliance with new legislative mandates that ensure homeland security and specifically impact U.S. Government sponsorship of mutually beneficial programs between countries for purposes of international exchanges and training and joint scientific/professional collaborations.

The Department of Energy's Exchange Visitor Program in the Office of Management is the focal point for international exchanges supporting scientific research and development in energy sciences, technological advances, environmental issues, and national security. Sources of funding to support exchanges vary, but often include funding from the visitor's home institution and/or government. In addition, other Exchange Visitor Programs across the DOE complex also facilitate international exchanges and training, which promote and support the Department's far-reaching programmatic missions.

Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management

Environmental Management

In the Environmental Management (EM) Office, the major programmatic areas are environmental restoration, including remediation, decommission, and decontamination work at DOE sites; waste management, including transportation, treatment, and disposal of transuranic wastes generated at DOE facilities; science and technology to develop improved and more cost-efficient cleanup technologies; and material and facility stabilization, including stabilizing and safeguarding excess nuclear materials stored in various forms and locations and reducing potential risks.

In FY 2019, the DOE-EM International portfolio has a mission to contribute to the advancement and deployment of technologies to meet identified environmental remediation and waste management needs through continued communication, collaboration, and integration with international entities.

Strategic Goals: Help Meet the Energy, Security, and Environmental Challenges of the United States.
Promote Science and Technology.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$200,000.00	\$0.00	\$200,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$524,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$524,000.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
136	154	290

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Associate Undersecretary for Environment, Health, Safety, and Security

The Office of Environment, Health, Safety, and Security establishes environmental data quality policies, requirements, and expectations for the Department of Energy (DOE) to ensure that environmental data quality are valid and reliable for use in managerial decision-making. Through the Department's Analytical Services Program (ASP), under the Office of Sustainability Support (AU-21), both on-site and off-site commercial environmental analytical laboratories are audited, and domestic/international laboratories participate in semi-annual proficiency testing (PT) to foster appropriate analytical method analyses and defensible data results. Radiological, inorganic, and organic constituents in a variety of environmental matrices (soil, water, air, vegetation, and biota, for example) are analyzed and reported to field managers and Middle East/North African nations' governments/laboratories participating in the ASP.

Department of Energy National Training Center

The United Arab Emirates (UAE) Critical Infrastructure and Coastal Protection Authority has requested that the National Training Center (NTC) provide a Tactical Response Force (TRF-100) Nuclear Security Training course in the United Arab Emirates.

In FY 2019, The NTC provided one iteration of Tactical Response Force (TRF-100) Nuclear Security Training course for 31 students and certified four UAE instructors in the United Arab Emirates.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote the Transition to a Low-emission, Climate-resilient World while Expanding Global Access to Sustainable Energy.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$63,229.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$63,229.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	35	37

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

Japan Program (Radiation Effects Research Foundation Program)

The Office of Environment, Health, Safety, and Security (EHSS) provides ongoing administrative and financial support for the Radiation Effects Research Foundation (RERF) in Japan, which is a research organization dedicated to the discovery, application, and dissemination of knowledge about health effects in the survivors of the atomic bombings of Hiroshima and Nagasaki. Through a cooperative agreement with the National Academy of Sciences (NAS), DOE funds are provided for the employment of U.S. scientists at RERF, for travel and other support for their families, and for other exchange and training programs involving U.S. universities.

In FY 2019, it can be said that the results of this program are the primary basis for world-wide radiation protection standards and practices. They are important to the well-being of DOE and nuclear industry workers, and for compensation issues.

The RERF studies are also among the few opportunities anywhere to investigate the genetic effects of radiation exposures in humans. These results are highly relevant to radiation risk evaluations and radiation protection formulations. The results are highly relevant to many current issues facing DOE and the world, as these data relate directly to wider issues of worker and public protection, worker and survivor compensation issues, clean-up efforts, accident response, and counter-terrorism preparedness.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$30,000.00	\$34,153.00	\$64,153.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
23	0	23

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Marshall Islands Environmental Monitoring Program

Under this program, DOE provides special medical care for persons on Rongelap and Utrik Atolls who were exposed to high levels of ionizing radiation from local fallout resulting from the Castle Bravo nuclear test in 1954, as well as environmental monitoring for four nuclear-affected atolls: Bikini, Enewetak, Rongelap, and Utrik.

Enrollees in the special medical care program reside in the Hawaii, Marshall Islands, and the continental United States, and are provided annual medical screening examinations and cancer treatment and care. The special medical care program operates a medical clinic in Majuro, the capital of the Marshall Islands, and refers patients to Honolulu, Hawaii when their diagnosis or treatment cannot be done in-country.

Environmental monitoring and agricultural research studies are performed to provide measurement data and assessments to characterize current radiological conditions at the Bikini, Enewetak, Rongelap, and Utrik atolls. Part of the environmental monitoring program is Whole Body Counting consisting of facilities in three locations within the Republic of the Marshall Islands. The function is to measure the internal deposition of radioactive materials acquired through eating locally grown foods. The counting facilities are run by local Marshallese technicians trained in the United States at the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory. Since enactment of the first Compact of Free Association in 1986, the U.S. Government has expended more than 60 million dollars in the Marshall Islands Program.

In FY 2019, all enrolled persons received an annual screening examination and all suspected cancer cases were referred to Honolulu for clinical testing and treatment. Foreign medical staff received continuing education training in the United States. U.S. nationals traveled to the Marshall Islands to conduct research and gather samples of food crops from the various atolls. The samples were collected and shipped to the United States for analysis.

Special emphasis was placed on environmental monitoring and assessing food security for Rongelap Island in anticipation of repatriation to Rongelap under an agreement with the U.S. Congress.

A major new environmental initiative under Public Law 112-149 took place to expand environmental monitoring of the Runit Dome waste containment structure. The first phase of the new initiative--to assess the safety for workers involved--was completed.

Also, community outreach meetings were held in the Marshall Islands and in Hawaii.

Strategic Goals: Conduct Medical Surveillance and Environmental Monitoring.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$109,172.00	\$0.00	\$109,172.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
28	0	28

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development-Nuclear Energy Agency (OECD-NEA)

OECD-NEA is a forum for governments to seek answers to common problems, identify good practices, and work to coordinate domestic and international policies. The U.S. is a member country supporting OECD-NEA. The organization promotes excellence in nuclear safety, technology, science, environment, and law.

In FY 2019, DOE served as member of the Committee on Radiation Protection and Public Health (CRPPH), including Expert Group on Legacy Management (EGLM) with sharing of lessons learned on low-dose, doses to lens of eye, and international guideline for addressing nuclear legacies such as the one encountered by the DOE Marshall Islands Program. DOE also participated in the legacy management case study for facility in France and was a member of writing committee for the draft EGLM Report.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$9,301.00	\$0.00	\$9,301.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	0	3

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Russian Health Studies Program

Under the Agreement of the Joint Coordinating Committee for Radiation Effects Research (JCCRER), U.S. and Russian scientists have established close and long-term cooperation and are studying the adverse health impacts of radiation exposures of Russian nuclear workers and members of the communities around Russian nuclear sites.

Studies sponsored by DOE comprise the Russian Health Studies Program, administered by the Office of Domestic and International Health Studies (AU-13). The purpose of the program is to assess worker and public health risks from radiation exposure resulting from nuclear weapons production activities in the former Soviet Union. The program's goals are to better understand the relationship between health effects and chronic low-to-medium dose rate radiation exposure; determine radiation-induced cancer risks from exposure to gamma, neutron, and alpha radiation; and provide data to national and international organizations that determine radiation protection standards and practices.

Currently, DOE supports five projects consisting of two epidemiological studies, two radiation dose reconstruction studies, and a worker tissue repository. To date, all research activities have been focused on the Mayak Production Association (Mayak), Ozersk, Russia, and in communities surrounding the complex and along the Techa River in the Southern Urals. Approximately 15 U.S. and 150 Russian scientists and technical personnel are supported by the program.

The workers at Mayak, the first nuclear weapons production facility in Russia, were exposed to chronic radiation doses 100 to 1,000-fold higher than U.S. workers, whose lower doses (on average are less than 0.1 rem per year) make it very difficult to detect adverse health effects. Studying the Russian nuclear workers and people in surrounding communities helps us better determine the risks associated with employment in the nuclear industry and helps validate U.S. and worldwide radiation protection standards. An external scientific review group of eminent U.S. and Russian scientists evaluates and provides input on all scientific work.

In FY 2019, in the Russian Program U.S. Scientific Review Group's evaluated semiannual technical progress reports of occupational and environmental radiation health effects studies in Russian workers and surrounding communities, performed outreach and collaboration, promoted continued information sharing with standard-setting organizations, and completed an assessment and recommendation to expand the Russian Program's research portfolio to include former nuclear weapons production workers at Seversk, Russia.

Strategic Goals:

Conduct Joint U.S.-Russian Radiation Health Effects Research to Compute Cancer Risk Estimates in Russian Nuclear Workers and Communities.

Estimates Used by U.S. and International Organization to Revise Cancer Risk Radiation Protection, Standards and Practices.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$100,086.00	\$0.00	\$100,086.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
11	15	26

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

Energy Information Administration

The Energy Information Administration (EIA), created by Congress in 1977, is a statistical agency of the Department of Energy and is one of ten statistical agencies in the federal government. EIA provides policy-independent data, forecasts, and analyses to promote sound policy making, efficient markets, and public understanding regarding energy and its interaction with the economy and the environment. The EIA also develops extensive country energy profiles.

Annual Meeting of the Technical Forum on Regulatory Supervision of Legacy Sites (RSLs)

A DOE representative made presentations at the Annual Meeting of the Technical Forum on Regulatory Supervision of Legacy Sites (RSLs).

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$5,346.00	\$0.00	\$5,346.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	0	1

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Consultancy Planning Meeting for International Forum for RSLs

The International Working Forum for the Regulatory Supervision Legacy Sites (RSLs) is focused on efforts to better regulate existing sites and facilities and to avoid the creation of new legacy sites. The goal is to exchange experiences and identify best practices.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$5,492.00	\$0.00	\$5,492.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$803.00	\$803.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	0	1

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

European Geophysical Union Conference (EGU)

Unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) and remote sensing technologies work so future environmental compliance strategies are better informed. Legacy Management works closely with collaborators to investigate and validate remote sensing technology and its use in ET calculations, whether related to groundwater contamination, vegetation management, or other site risk profiles. The conference provided an opportunity to demonstrate LM's proactive approach in ensuring remedial strategies are well informed. Discussions were useful on what methods and uses other countries are employing with regard to remote sensing and UAS technologies. A special session provided direct interactions with IAEA scientists to further advance LM's investments and promote DOE ongoing contributions to IAEA.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$8,846.00	\$0.00	\$8,846.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	0	1

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

PHREEQC Computer Training Courses

The DOE courses are intended to introduce the powerful capacity of PHREEQC, a computer program written in the C++ and C programming languages that is designed to perform a wide variety of aqueous geochemical calculations. DOE uses it for modeling practical hydrogeochemical problems. Included is an overview of the important processes in water quality, hand and computer exercises from the second edition of Appelo and Postma's Geochemistry, Groundwater, and Pollution work.

The course covers:

- How to model laboratory experiments, such as determination of exchangeable ions, oxidation of pyrite with surface complexation of heavy metals released.
- How to calculate the dissolution of CO₂-gas and gas-mixtures at high pressures with the Peng-Robinson Equation of State.
- How to model hydrochemical reactions during artificial recharge, aquifer thermal energy storage, and in situ iron removal.
- How to deduce reaction patterns along groundwater flowlines via inverse modeling, including data uncertainties, and isotopes.
- How to model any type of kinetic reaction, such as feldspar weathering, denitrification via sequential Monod kinetics.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$8,000.00	\$0.00	\$8,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	0	1

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Social Licence in the Remediation of Uranium Legacy Site

Scientists received an update on Uranium Mine and Milling remediation activities, utilizing the experiences of a range of experts from regulatory, operational, technical, and academic backgrounds.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$2,997.00	\$0.00	\$2,997.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$3,595.00	\$3,595.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	0	2

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

The Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE) leads the federal government's research, development, and deployment efforts in energy efficiency. EERE's role is to invest in high-risk, high-value research and development that is critical to America's energy future and would not be sufficiently conducted by the private sector acting on its own. Program activities are conducted in partnership with the private sector, state and local government, DOE National Laboratories, and universities. EERE also collaborates with U.S. and international stakeholders (involving international partnerships and exchanges via Implementing Agreements, Bilateral Agreements, and Trilateral Agreements) to develop programs and policies to facilitate the deployment of advanced clean energy technologies and practices. Collectively, these initiatives represent EERE's mission to strengthen America's energy security, environmental quality, and economic vitality in public-private partnerships that enhance energy efficiency and productivity; bring clean, reliable, and affordable energy technologies to the marketplace; and make a difference in the everyday lives of Americans by enhancing their energy choices and their quality of life.

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Programs

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE) Programs involve research, development, and demonstration activities that promote the increased use of energy efficiency and renewable energy technologies in various sectors, such as building, industrial, transportation, and utility. Activities include providing information on advanced technologies, systems, and partnership opportunities that promote energy efficiency, renewable energy, and pollution prevention; assisting U.S. industry to develop clean, renewable, and more economical sources of electricity; and providing case studies about technologies, such as solar thermal, biomass, fuel-cells, hydrogen, and high-temperature superconductors.

The Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy's purpose internationally is to engage in a variety of international initiatives, partnerships, and events that promote greater understanding and utilization of renewable energy and energy efficiency worldwide with groups such as the EU-U.S. Energy Council, the International Partnership for Energy Efficiency Cooperation (IPEEC), the International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA), and the International Energy Agency (IEA), just to name a few. The various working groups focus on Global Energy Security and Markets, Energy Policy, and Technology Research and Development and Demonstration (RD&D). For example, EERE and the EU-U.S. Energy Council are working together to coordinate activities and share information that will propel energy policy and deployment, and to accelerate the development of clean energy technologies.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
765	1	766

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Office of Fossil Energy

The Office of Fossil Energy undertakes and promotes activities related to research, development, demonstration, and implementation of affordable and environmentally sound fossil energy technologies. The Office increased focus on developing new concepts of fossil energy technologies that significantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions, contribute to the nation's energy security, and ensure the availability of affordable fossil fuels.

Department of Energy - Fossil Energy International Program

The Fossil Energy International Program, in partnership with its stakeholders, has the mission of supporting the activities of the Department of Energy and the interests of the U.S. Government by identifying and developing export and international business opportunities in partnership with U.S. private industry, developing programs and implementing policy that will enhance the U.S. energy industry's competitiveness in foreign markets, and promoting technologies and solutions that will improve the global environment and increase U.S. energy security. All international exchanges and training were in the areas of coal and coal products and natural gas and petroleum technologies.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$309,013.00	\$0.00	\$309,013.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$11,917.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$11,917.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
74	116	190

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

National Energy Technology Laboratory International Activities

In partnership with its stakeholders, the National Energy Technology Laboratory (NETL) has the mission of supporting the activities of the Department of Energy and the interests of the U.S. Government by identifying and developing export and international business opportunities in partnership with U.S. private industry, developing programs and implementing policy that will enhance the U.S. energy industry's competitiveness in foreign markets, and promoting technologies and solutions that will improve the global environment and increase U.S. energy security. All international exchanges and training were in the areas of coal and coal products and natural gas and petroleum technologies.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$210,857.00	\$13,500.00	\$224,357.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$15,400.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$15,400.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
55	231	286

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Office of Science

The Office of Science includes programs that focus on scientific research and development of technologies pertaining to issues of significant value at global, national, and international levels. The Office of Science manages a unique and vital infrastructure for America's scientists, engineers, teachers, and students, as well as for the international community. The Office of Science oversees ten outstanding National Laboratories that support the missions of its science programs with unmatched capabilities for solving complex interdisciplinary problems. In addition, the Office of Science builds and operates large-scale user facilities of importance to all areas of science. These Office of Science facilities and capabilities have produced outstanding value, technological advances, and progress on many national priorities in scientific research.

The National Laboratory System represents the most comprehensive research system of its kind in the world. These laboratories perform research and development that is not well-suited to university or private sector research facilities because of its scope, infrastructure, or multidisciplinary nature, but for which there is a strong public or national purpose. A high level of collaboration among all of the National Laboratories in the use of world-class scientific equipment and supercomputers, facilities, and multidisciplinary teams of scientists increases their collective contribution to the Department of Energy and the nation, making the laboratory system more valuable as a whole than the sum of its parts. All of the scientific research programs inherently include opportunities for collaborative research both nationally and internationally and often involve academic research, professional training, and practical experience. Each of the programs referenced later in this section were supported or enhanced by international exchanges and training.

The Office of Science oversees the following National Laboratories:

- Ames Laboratory
- Argonne National Laboratory
- Brookhaven National Laboratory
- Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory
- Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility
- Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
- Oak Ridge National Laboratory
- Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
- Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory
- Stanford Linear Accelerator Center

The Office of Science also funds research and development projects conducted at the following additional National Laboratories, which are overseen by other DOE program offices:

- Idaho National Laboratory
- Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
- Los Alamos National Laboratory
- National Energy Technology Laboratory
- National Renewable Energy Laboratory
- Sandia National Laboratories
- Savannah River National Laboratory

Office of Science International Programs

The Office of Science is the single largest supporter of basic research in the physical sciences in the United States, providing more than 45 percent of total funding for this vital area of national importance. It oversees--and is the principal federal funding agency-- of the United States' research programs in high-energy physics, nuclear physics, and fusion energy sciences.

The Office of Science manages fundamental research programs in basic energy sciences, biological and environmental sciences, and computational science. In addition, the Office of Science is the federal government's largest single funder of materials and chemical sciences, and it supports unique and vital parts of U.S. research in climate change, geophysics, genomics, life sciences, and science education.

The Office of Science manages this research portfolio through six interdisciplinary program offices: the Advanced Scientific Computing Research, Basic Energy Sciences, Biological and Environmental Research, Fusion Energy Sciences, High Energy Physics and Nuclear Physics. In addition, the Office of Science sponsors a range of science training initiatives through its Workforce Development for Teachers and Scientists program.

The Office of Science makes extensive use of peer review and federal advisory committees to develop general directions for research investments, to identify priorities, and to determine the very best scientific proposals to support.

The Office of Science also manages ten world-class laboratories. The national laboratory system, created over a half-century ago, is the most comprehensive research system of its kind in the world. The ten Office of Science laboratories are:

- Ames Laboratory
- Argonne National Laboratory
- Brookhaven National Laboratory
- Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory
- Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility
- Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
- Oak Ridge National Laboratory
- Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
- Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory
- Stanford Linear Accelerator Center

The Office of Science oversees the construction and operation of some of America's most advanced research and development (R&D) user facilities, located at national laboratories and universities. These include particle and nuclear physics accelerators, synchrotron light sources, neutron scattering facilities, supercomputers and high-speed computer networks.

Data submitted was aggregated across all six science programs and ten national laboratories listed previously.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote the Advancement of Science for Energy Security.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
599	0	599

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$96,165,939.00 †	\$96,129,876.00 †	\$36,063.00 †	\$157,490.00 †	\$58,896.00 †	\$99,400.00 †	\$45,387.00 †	\$96,527,112.00 †	2,088

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



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Washington, DC 20201
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The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is the federal government's principal agency for protecting the health of all Americans and providing essential human services, especially for those who are least able to help themselves.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is charged with protecting the public health of the nation by providing leadership and direction in the prevention and control of diseases and other preventable conditions and responding to public health emergencies.

CDC J-1 Exchange Visitor Program

The Exchange Visitor Program at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is an ongoing program that provides specialized training and work experience on topics such as epidemiology, diagnosis of selected infectious diseases, laboratory data management systems, scientific communications, biostatistics, and training in the basics of performing health surveys and assessments. The goal of the Exchange Visitor Program is to promote and support medical and scientific research and development.

In FY 2019, CDC CIOs, SHARE Inc., and the HHS Learning Portal provided a variety of cultural and educational activities to employees, contractors, and non-citizens. An Exchange Visitor distribution list was created in order to send out e-mail notifications for upcoming events. Below is a list of cultural and educational activities that are available to our Exchange Visitors and U.S. citizens: -- CDC annual Immigration Workshop

-- Training opportunities available online through the HHS Learning Portal at no cost

-- HHS Learning Portal (offers instructor led and free online training courses)

-- Cultural Arts display at the CDC library

-- Diversity Training

-- Holiday luncheons throughout the Centers, Institute Offices

-- The annual Arts and Crafts Show

-- Fourth Annual International Cultural Luncheon

-- CDC Night with the Atlanta Hawks team

-- Brown bag discussions throughout the Centers, Institute Offices

-- CDC Night with the Atlanta Braves team

-- Concert Tickets available through SHARE (SHARE Inc. is a service organization housed at CDC that provides the community with a variety of recreational, entertainment, and community activities.)

-- Share Sports: volleyball, golf, tennis, soccer, bowling, and softball teams

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$1,702,021.00	\$36,063.00	\$1,738,084.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$157,490.00	\$58,896.00	\$99,400.00	\$45,387.00	\$361,173.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	42	42

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Health Resources and Services Administration

The Administration is the principal primary health care service agency of the federal government. Its mission is to make essential primary care services accessible to the poor, uninsured, and geographically isolated -- populations severely underserved by the private health care system.

International Staff Travel Programming

The international travel list represents Health Resources and Services Administration staff that traveled internationally to either conduct training and collaboration or receive training and collaboration with non-USG individuals or non-USG entities.

Strategic Goals: Promote the Strengthening of Health Systems.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$366,617.00	\$0.00	\$366,617.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
50	0	50

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

National Institutes of Health

The National Institutes of Health (NIH) consists of 27 separate Institutes and Centers and is the principal biomedical research institute of the U.S. Government.

National Cancer Institute

The National Cancer Institute (NCI) conducts and supports cancer research, trains physicians and scientists, and disseminates information about cancer detection, diagnosis, treatment, prevention, control, palliative care, and survivorship. Most of NCI's budget is used to fund grants and contracts to universities, medical schools, cancer centers, research laboratories, and private firms in the United States and about 60 other countries around the world.

NCI's international activities include the support of cancer research outside of the United States by highly qualified foreign nationals, collaborative research involving U.S. and foreign participants, and training of U.S. scientists abroad and foreign scientists in the United States. These activities include the following programs:

- The Short-Term Scientist Exchange Program (STSEP) promotes collaborative research between NCI researchers and scientists from low, middle, and upper-middle income countries. The program's objective is to facilitate scientific interactions between non-U.S. scientists with researchers at NCI. The program uses a collaborative funding mechanism. The NCI Center for Global Health and the respective host division or center within NCI, will defray the cost of the program.
- The NCI Summer Curriculum in Cancer Prevention. This four-week summer course provides specialized instruction in the principles and practice of cancer prevention and control. It focuses on concepts, methods, issues, and applications related to the field. Participants gain a broad-based perspective in terms of available resources, scientific data, and quantitative and qualitative methods. It is open to both U.S. and foreign participants and takes place in the United States.

In FY 2019, NCI's Center for Global Health supported 17 international participants in the Summer Curriculum for Cancer Prevention and Control and one U.S. participant in the Short-Term Scientist Exchange Program.

Strategic Goals:

- Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.
- Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.
- Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.
- Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.
- Building Health Research Capacity to Address Emerging Global Health Threats.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$106,238.00	\$0.00	\$106,238.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	17	18

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

NIH Visiting Fellows

The National Institutes of Health Visiting Fellows Program provides opportunities for foreign scientists to train and gain biomedical research at the NIH. Visiting Fellows from around the world conduct research in the basic and clinical science laboratories on the NIH campus in Bethesda, Maryland, and in several field units around the country.

The knowledge, experience, and facilities at the NIH make it a unique international resource in the effort to understand, prevent, and cure disease. The NIH has long considered close interaction with foreign scientists in the conduct of collaborative research to be an essential ingredient in achieving its objectives. Visiting Fellows (pre- and post-doctoral) receive awards for research training. Each participant works closely with a senior NIH investigator who serves as supervisor or sponsor during the period of award.

Strategic Goals: Promote the Advancement of Science and Public Health.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$93,955,000.00	\$0.00	\$93,955,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	1,978	1,978

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$6,937,519.00 †	\$1,940,000.00 †	\$4,997,519.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$6,937,519.00 †	5,276

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Department of Homeland Security

Office of International Affairs
Washington, DC 20528
www.dhs.gov • 202-282-9240

The National Strategy for Homeland Security and the Homeland Security Act of 2002 served to mobilize and organize our nation to secure the homeland from terrorist attacks. This is an exceedingly complex mission that requires coordinated and focused effort from our entire society. To this end, the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) was established to provide the unifying core of the vast national network of organizations and institutions involved in efforts to secure our homeland. The Department's first priority is to prevent further terrorist attacks within the United States. To reduce vulnerability without diminishing economic security and maintaining the free flow of people, goods, and commerce across our borders, the Department of Homeland Security gathers intelligence and analyzes threats, guards our nation's borders and airports, protects our critical infrastructure, and coordinates responses to the American people during times of disaster.

United States Coast Guard

The U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) is a military, multimission, maritime service. Operating within the Department of Homeland Security during peacetime, the Service falls under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy upon declaration of war or when the President directs. The Coast Guard is a unique federal agency. In addition to its nonredundant yet compelling national defense role as one of the five U.S. Armed Services, the Coast Guard is charged with a broad scope of regulatory, law enforcement, humanitarian, and emergency response duties.

The Coast Guard performs myriad tasks and operations in direct support of critical maritime security and safety roles: maritime safety, maritime law enforcement, protection of natural resources, maritime mobility, national defense, and homeland security. Under the mandates of numerous laws, the Service's missions include maritime search and rescue, International Ice Patrol operations, polar and domestic waterway icebreaking, bridge administration, aids to navigation, recreational boating safety, vessel traffic management, at-sea enforcement of living marine resource laws and treaty obligations, at-sea drug and illegal migrant interdiction, and port security and safety.

U.S. Coast Guard Academy Programs

The U.S. Coast Guard Academy (USCGA) offers a four-year program with an intensive undergraduate curriculum leading to a bachelor of science degree. This, coupled with military and leadership training, enables graduates to assume responsible roles as officers in comparable maritime services in their home countries. The academic program consists of eight majors: civil engineering, electrical engineering, marine engineering and naval architecture, mechanical engineering, operations research, marine and environmental sciences, government, and management.

The professional program consists of training in navigation and law enforcement, supplemented by summer programs that include general shipboard training, seagoing experience aboard the sail training ship Eagle, military training, and other operational experience. Rigorous physical exercise is an integral part of the program.

International nominees must be sponsored by their respective governments through the U.S. diplomatic mission and may apply by meeting all age, academic, language, and interview requirements. Federal Statute 14 U.S.C. 195 requires countries of accepted nominees to agree in advance to reimburse the USCG for the cost of instruction. A limited number of full or partial waivers may be granted based upon the most recent World Bank list of high income countries; however, countries may opt to pay full tuition to this prestigious military academy. The USCGA is limited statutorily to a maximum of 36 enrolled international cadets. An annual solicitation with detailed information is sent to all posts in the August-September time frame.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$1,940,000.00	\$0.00	\$1,940,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	35	35

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

U.S. Coast Guard Exportable Training

The U.S. Coast Guard provides training through deployable teams of Coast Guard personnel that conduct tailored training and maritime assessments in the host country via Mobile Education and Training Teams (MET/MTT). Training is available in all Coast Guard core missions and competencies of Maritime Law Enforcement, Search and Rescue, Marine Environmental Protection, Waterways Management, National Security, and the operation and maintenance of Coast Guard platforms. Courses in highest demand are in the areas of Maritime Law Enforcement, Search and Rescue, and Incident Command System.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$2,368,055.00	\$2,368,055.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
218	941	1,159

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

U.S. Coast Guard International Visitors Program

The Coast Guard hosts international visitors each year through the International Visitors Program. These visits are conducted as part of an effort to build strong working relationships between the Coast Guard and counterpart organizations. These visits range from Service Chief meetings with the Coast Guard Commandant to working meetings with officials from maritime agencies. At these meetings, the Coast Guard addresses policy and operational issues and explores opportunities for increased cooperation with other maritime services. The International Visitors Program is managed by the Coast Guard International Affairs staff, which hosts visitors to Coast Guard headquarters and coordinates visits to USCG field units across the country. The majority of visitors to the U.S. Coast Guard are originally sponsored by another U.S. Government department or agency.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	3,735	3,735

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

U.S. Coast Guard Resident Training Programs

The U.S. Coast Guard provides training or technical assistance to officers, enlisted personnel, and civilians from foreign military and civilian agencies when Coast Guard operational and training requirements permit, when in compliance with applicable laws and authorities, and when funded by or through another U.S. Government agency that has authority. The majority of training is funded through the Security Assistance International Military Education and Training (IMET) Program and Foreign Military Sales (FMS), International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs programs, or through other U.S. assistance programs or host country funds. Training is available through resident courses at Coast Guard Training Centers. Training is available in all Coast Guard core missions and competencies of Maritime Law Enforcement, Search and Rescue, Marine Environmental Protection, Waterways Management, National Security, Maritime Domain Awareness, and the operation and maintenance of Coast Guard platforms. Courses in highest demand are in the areas of Maritime Law Enforcement, Search and Rescue, and professional leadership development through the International Maritime Officer Course.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$2,629,464.00	\$2,629,464.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	347	347

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00	\$0.00 †	87

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Department of Housing and Urban Development

451 Seventh Street, SW
Washington, DC 20410
www.hud.gov • 202-708-1112

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is the principal federal agency responsible for programs concerned with the nation's housing needs, fair housing opportunities, and improvement and development of the nation's communities.

Office of Policy Development and Research

The Office of Policy Development and Research supervises HUD's research activities and the development of its policies and is responsible for experimental housing and technical studies.

HUD International Visitor Program and International Activities

Within the Office for International and Philanthropic Innovation, the Department of Housing and Urban Development conducts its international visitor program. Through collaboration with other nations and partnering with various stakeholder groups, HUD undertakes a variety of cooperative activities of mutual interest.

HUD arranges appointments for foreign government officials and technical experts interested in the design and administration of federal housing and urban development policies. By exchanging policy and management experiences as well as data on topics related to housing finance and construction, urban planning, economic development, and public administration, HUD seeks to add a

stronger international element to urban development policy research studies in the United States and other nations. For example, there is great international interest in America's extensive experience fostering public-private partnerships, including nongovernmental organizations and private businesses, to improve housing and job opportunities for low-income families.

International visitors to HUD are usually funded by their respective foreign governments or through programs sponsored by the Department of State and other international organizations. The Office for International and Philanthropic Innovation receives no general program funds to support these exchange programs. Private sector participants provide their own funding.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Increase Understanding of U.S. Housing Policies and Programs.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	87	87

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$129,947,869.00 †	\$1,326,438.00 †	\$128,621,431.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$129,947,869.00 †	31,613

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures include some expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Department of Justice

Public Affairs
950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20530
www.justice.gov • 202-514-2007

The Department of Justice (DOJ), under the Attorney General, enforces federal laws and contributes to the fair and efficient administration of the federal justice system. The Department is responsible for detecting, apprehending, prosecuting, and incarcerating criminal offenders; upholding the civil rights of all Americans; enforcing laws to protect the environment; ensuring healthy business competition in America's free enterprise system; safeguarding the consumer from fraudulent activity; enforcing the immigration laws of the United States; and representing the American people in all legal matters involving the U.S. Government.

The Department's international training activities assist the law enforcement and judicial communities of foreign nations in their efforts to develop self-sustaining institutions that will ensure open, reliable, and impartial justice for an entire population. Various entities within the Department of Justice apply their specialized expertise to offer international training, which supports specific U.S. foreign policy goals.

Criminal Division

The Criminal Division develops, enforces, and supervises the application of all federal criminal laws except those specifically assigned to other divisions. The Division, along with the 94 U.S. Attorneys, has the responsibility for overseeing criminal matters under more than 900 statutes, as well as certain civil litigation.

Criminal Division attorneys prosecute many nationally significant cases. In addition to its direct litigation responsibilities, the Division formulates and implements criminal enforcement policy and provides advice and assistance. For example, the Division approves or monitors sensitive areas of law enforcement such as participation in the Witness Security Program and the use of electronic surveillance; advises the Attorney General, Congress, the Office of Management and Budget, and the White House on matters of criminal law; provides legal advice and assistance to federal prosecutors and investigative agencies; and provides leadership for coordinating international as well as federal, state, and local law enforcement matters.

International Criminal Investigative Training Assistance Program

The International Criminal Investigative Training Assistance Program (ICITAP) works with foreign police, criminal and anti-corruption investigative entities, border and maritime security forces, as well as forensic, cyber, and correctional agencies to build capacity in a comprehensive array of law enforcement subject matter areas. Thus, reducing the threat of transnational crime and terrorism. ICITAP supports both national security and foreign policy objectives by working within the U.S. interagency planning process to develop effective, professional, and transparent foreign law enforcement institutions that counter instability, transnational crime, terrorism and violence that threaten U.S. interests.

ICITAP is situated organizationally within the Criminal Division of the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ). Since its creation in 1986, ICITAP has operated in over 110 countries and is an internationally recognized leader in law enforcement development and training worldwide.

ICITAP builds the capacity of foreign law enforcement partners to combat corruption, transnational criminal organizations, and terrorist networks. ICITAP's engagement with foreign law enforcement is an essential tool within DOJ's strategic arsenal -- a capability that strengthens national security, advances U.S. law enforcement operations abroad, and protects the homeland in two ways:

- Provides foreign countries with the means to investigate and prosecute transnational crime before it reaches the borders of the United States; and
- Provides the United States with effective and reliable foreign law enforcement partners to address transnational criminal issues that can and do reach the United States.

ICITAP focuses on long-term comprehensive, sustainable law enforcement reform in a broad range of subject matter areas:

- Academy and Instructor Development
- Basic Police Services
- Community Policing/Engagement
- Corrections/Prison Management
- Countering Violent Extremism
- Counternarcotics
- Counterterrorism
- Counter-trafficking
- Counter-transnational criminal organizations
- Criminal Investigations
- Criminal Justice Coordination
- Cyber and Intellectual Property Crime
- Emergency Communications
- Forensics
- Information Systems
- Marine and Border Security
- Organizational Development
- Public Affairs/Information
- Public Integrity and Anticorruption
- Specialized and Tactical Skills
- Strategic Communications

ICITAP also uses non-federal law enforcement advisors and trainers from U.S. state and local agencies as well as experts from foreign and indigenous law enforcement organizations. While also maintaining total control over the development, implementation, and review of its programs. ICITAP has successfully pioneered a long-term, comprehensive, sustainable methodology to its program design, implementation, and evaluation. ICITAP ensures sustainability by tailoring all program elements in cooperation with the host country.

Over the past three decades, ICITAP's missions have grown to encompass three principal types of assistance:

- Professionalizing the capabilities of existing law enforcement institutions in emerging democracies
- Advancing key allies' capacities to combat terrorism
- Establishing or reconstituting law enforcement institutions in the context of post-conflict reconstruction (PCR) or international peacekeeping operations (IPO).

Where possible, ICITAP is guided by international norms and standards, which improves the potential for interoperability between the host country and U.S. and regional law enforcement agencies on matters of serious crime and terrorism.

At all times, ICITAP endeavors to professionalize law enforcement institutions that are a part of a fair and effective criminal justice system that serves and protects all citizens, adheres to the rule of law, and are recognized and respected partners in the international community. View more program information electronically at www.justice.gov/criminal-icitap.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$107,075,758.00	\$107,075,758.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
250	8,102	8,352

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Overseas Prosecutorial Development, Assistance and Training Program

The U.S. Department of Justice's Office of Overseas Prosecutorial Development, Assistance and Training (DOJ/OPDAT) builds strong foreign partners who can work with the United States to enhance cooperation in transnational cases and to fight crime before it reaches our shores. With funding primarily from the Department of State, OPDAT provides expert assistance and case-based mentoring to foreign counterparts to help develop justice systems that can effectively combat transnational crime, corruption, and terrorism in furtherance of U.S. national security.

OPDAT carries out its mission through DOJ attorneys and Assistant U.S. Attorneys, posted at American Embassies around the world as OPDAT Resident Legal Advisors (RLAs), Intermittent Legal Advisors (ILAs), and International Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property (ICHIP) Attorney Advisors. OPDAT works closely with components throughout the Department of Justice, and partners globally with the International Criminal Investigative Training Assistance Program (ICITAP) and with federal law enforcement agencies, including ATF, DEA, FBI, and U.S. Marshals.

Established in 1991 in response to the growing threat of transnational crime, OPDAT draws on Department of Justice (DOJ) resources and expertise to customize and implement assistance programs tailored to meet the needs of partner nations. When possible, OPDAT synchronizes its assistance programs with those of the International Criminal Investigative Training Assistance Program (ICITAP). OPDAT also coordinates with U.S. interagency partners, with the international donor community, with multinational organizations, and with relevant international experts.

Fighting Transnational Organized Crime

During FY 2019, OPDAT's efforts to combat transnational crime led to arrests, convictions, and forfeitures and helped disrupt organized criminal groups. For example, following sustained OPDAT assistance, counterparts in El Salvador, Guatemala and Honduras coordinated joint operations in the region against the MS-13 and 18th Street Gangs resulting in indictments against more than 3,000 gang members during FY 2019 and the seizure of significant amounts of firearms and money. In Colombia, since May 2019, OPDAT-mentored Colombian counterparts have filed 254 charges against members of Clan del Golfo, including its chief financial officer, so far resulting in 91 plea agreements and 9 convictions at trial. In Mexico, prosecutors mentored by OPDAT secured two high-profile convictions in sex trafficking cases resulting in sentences of 18 years and 43 years, respectively.

In Indonesia, OPDAT-mentored prosecutors secured the first convictions of corporations under new corporate criminal legislation, which OPDAT championed. In the Philippines, counterparts learned skills, techniques, and best practices from OPDAT on how to prosecute online sexual exploitation cases resulting in 30 convictions.

In Serbia, OPDAT-mentored anti-corruption units secured 486 convictions successfully using the task force model. In Albania, OPDAT case-based mentoring led to the conviction of major organized crime figures and their conspirators, including the "Pablo Escobar of the Balkans" who was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment.

In Tanzania, the OPDAT RLA assisted counterparts in extraditing three Tanzanian nationals to the United States designated under the Foreign Narcotics Kingpin Act who were later tried, convicted, and sentenced in Texas. At prisons throughout Kenya, OPDAT-supported "Service Weeks" brought together judges, prosecutors, defense attorneys, and prison officials to review and adjudicate pending cases. This nationwide program has helped screen 713 cases since last year, resulting in numerous plea agreements, settlements, and dismissals thereby reducing court backlogs and pretrial detention populations. Finally, in Ghana, OPDAT mentoring led to an increase in high-quality investigations and prosecutions of transnational financial crimes resulting in millions of dollars returned to U.S. victims of cyber fraud.

Protecting the United States by Countering Terrorist Threats Abroad

During FY 2019, OPDAT provided critical support to partner nations to fight terrorism and counter violent extremism threatening the United States and its interests. For example, OPDAT organized a meeting of the global Law Enforcement Coordination Group with counterparts from 26 countries as part of its international partnership of law enforcement officials and criminal justice practitioners to increase collaboration against Lebanese Hizballah and to strengthen multilateral support for action. In the Tri-Border Area of Argentina, Brazil, and Paraguay, as a result of OPDAT engagements, Argentina established a Domestic Terrorist Designation regime, which included Lebanese Hizballah and several of its top leaders on the list. Such designations enable closer coordination with the U.S. on terrorism cases and asset freezes.

In Paraguay, OPDAT-mentored counterparts seized \$1.4 million in cash from a priority target with suspected ties to Lebanese Hizballah, who was extradited to the United States following his indictment on money laundering charges.

In Indonesia, OPDAT-mentored prosecutors obtained 12 convictions under the country's new counterterrorism law.

In the Balkans, OPDAT supported counterterrorism prosecutors who secured 16 guilty dispositions in foreign terrorist fighter (FTF) and terrorism cases during the fiscal year, including seven repatriated FTFs in North Macedonia and, in Kosovo, the first ever conviction of a female FTF (bringing the cumulative number of guilty dispositions in FTF and terrorism cases to 208 since 2015). OPDAT counterparts in Algeria continued to cooperate with U.S. investigators, including extraditing individuals charged with material support of terrorism to the United States.

In Qatar, OPDAT helped strengthen the country's anti-money laundering and countering terrorist financing (AML/CTF) framework through technical assistance during the drafting of the country's new AML/CTF law and through case-based mentoring that helped reverse a judicial ruling overturning the terrorist financier designations of numerous defendants.

In Niger, OPDAT-sponsored visits by magistrates to prisons to review terrorism detainee case files enabled the justice system to resolve 78 case files during the fiscal year. Finally, in Kenya, immediately after a terrorist attack in Nairobi January 2019, in which a U.S. citizen and many others were killed, OPDAT was asked to assist counterterrorism investigators and prosecutors working on the case. OPDAT RLAs continue to provide assistance to Kenyan prosecutors and the Anti-Terrorism Police Unit.

Building Strong Partners to Fight Transnational Crime

During FY 2019, OPDAT deployed specialized legal advisors to develop strong foreign partners who can work with the Department of Justice in furtherance of U.S. national security. For example, OPDAT's International Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property (ICHIP) Network expanded to additional countries to help counterparts investigate and prosecute intellectual property violations and cyber-crimes as well as gather and use electronic evidence to combat transnational organized crime. Additionally, eleven countries in the Western Hemisphere are now coordinating with the ICHIP for the Americas, based in Brazil, on digital-piracy cases.

At the International Institute for Justice and the Rule of Law in Malta, where an RLA serves as Director of Programs, OPDAT helped organize and implement 31 programs for over 1,000 practitioners from Africa, Asia, and the Near East addressing terrorism and related transnational crimes within a rule of law framework. OPDAT worked closely with State and DOD to develop guiding principles for the use of battlefield evidence in civilian terrorism-related criminal proceedings.

In Mexico, OPDAT organized U.S.-Mexico Judicial Dialogues to help Mexican judges identify and improve practices that delay extradition proceedings. Participating Mexican judges subsequently extradited six individuals wanted on a variety of serious charges in the United States from Mexico to the U.S. In Colombia, an OPDAT program on Judicial Benchbooks succeeded in increasing the efficiency of the justice system by reducing average hearing times by 55%.

In the Balkans, OPDAT assistance contributed to Serbia's removal from the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Grey List. In Georgia, OPDAT continued to strengthen the independence and professionalism of the judiciary by supporting judicial reforms focusing on judicial discipline, appointments, and case management.

In Malaysia, OPDAT built capacity to combat human trafficking by helping counterparts set up a Human Trafficking Expert Bureau and helping finalize judicial best practices for human trafficking cases. In Algeria, OPDAT assistance on preventing terrorist financing helped lead to the signing of a bilateral agreement placing U.S. import restrictions on Algerian antiquities, thereby reducing financial incentives for trafficking in such items. In Kuwait, OPDAT-mentored prosecutors successfully responded to cyberattacks on the American University of Kuwait using best practices learned from OPDAT.

OPDAT's Judicial Studies Institute (JSI), based in Puerto Rico, developed the capacity of hundreds of judges from Latin America to better handle complex cases involving transnational threats, including narco-trafficking, transnational organized crime, cybercrime, and public corruption.

Strategic Goals:

- Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.
- Criminal Justice Capacity Building.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$20,574,195.00	\$20,574,195.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1,528	18,802	20,330

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Drug Enforcement Administration

The mission of the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) is (1) to enforce the controlled substances laws and regulations of the United States and bring to the criminal and civil justice system of the United States, or any other competent jurisdiction, those organizations and principal members of organizations involved in the growth, manufacture, or distribution of controlled substances appearing in or destined for illicit traffic in the United States, and (2) to recommend and support nonenforcement programs aimed at reducing the availability of illicit controlled substances on the domestic and international markets.

DEA Office of Training, International Training Section International Narcotics Control Training Program

The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) operates in coordination with the U.S. Department of Justice, U.S. Department of State/Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs (INL), U.S. Department of Defense and its various commands, U.S. Embassy officials, DEA Region Management Staff and Country Attaches, other U.S. federal government officials, and foreign government officials in developing, managing, and conducting international counter narcotics training programs. These training programs are designed for foreign law enforcement officials and are conducted both in the United States and overseas.

DEA Office of Training, International Training Section's International Narcotics Control Training Program aims to upgrade the drug law enforcement capabilities of foreign law enforcement agencies; encourage and assist key countries in developing self-sufficient narcotics investigation training programs; increase cooperation and communication between foreign law enforcement personnel and DEA in international drug trafficking intelligence and operations; provide foreign officials with motivation, as well as the necessary skills and knowledge required to initiate and continue high-level international drug investigations; and develop regional cooperation between countries and encourage long-range strategic planning to enhance enforcement and intelligence operations.

In FY 2019, DEA Office of Training, International Training Section conducted training for 2,500 foreign law enforcement officials.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$1,326,438.00	\$971,478.00	\$2,297,916.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
423	2,508	2,931

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$53,304.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$25,000.00 †	\$78,304.00 †	180

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Department of Labor

Office of Public Affairs
200 Constitution Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20210
www.dol.gov • 202-693-4676

The Department of Labor fosters and promotes the welfare of the job seekers, wage earners, and retirees of the United States by improving their working conditions, advancing their opportunities for profitable employment, protecting their retirement and health care benefits, helping employers find workers, strengthening the collective bargaining process, and tracking changes in employment, prices, and other national economic measurements. In carrying out this mission, the Department administers a variety of federal labor laws including those that guarantee workers' rights to safe and healthful working conditions, a minimum hourly wage and overtime pay, freedom from employment discrimination, unemployment insurance, and other income support.

Bureau of Labor Statistics

The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) is the principal fact-finding agency of the federal government in the broad field of labor economics and statistics. It collects, processes, analyzes, and disseminates essential statistical data relating to employment, unemployment, and other characteristics of the labor force; consumer and producer prices, consumer expenditures, and import and export prices; wages and employee benefits; productivity and technological change; employment projections; and international comparisons of labor statistics.

BLS International Visitors Program

The Bureau of Labor Statistics International Visitors Program arranges meetings and briefings for foreign visitors interested in labor statistics, price indexes, productivity, and related topics.

The Bureau of Labor Statistics hosted 114 visitors from 18 countries in FY 2019.

Strategic Goals:

- Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.
- Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.
- Promote Statistical Capacity Building.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	114	114

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Division of International Technical Cooperation

For over 70 years, BLS has assisted statistical organizations throughout the world with the collection, processing, analysis, dissemination, and use of labor statistics. This assistance has been provided primarily by the BLS Division of International Technical Cooperation (ITC), which strengthens statistical development by organizing seminars, customized training programs, and meetings with BLS staff for international visitors. Each year, ITC conducts several seminars in Washington, D.C., on various topics related to labor and price statistics. The participants are statisticians, economists, analysts, and other data users from foreign statistical agencies or other international organizations.

ITC also arranges special programs to meet the specific needs of individuals or groups. Fees are charged for seminars, customized training programs, and consultants. Participants are sponsored by their own governments, the United Nations and its affiliated agencies, international organizations, or, in some cases, by the U.S. Agency for International Development's country missions. No monies appropriated to the BLS are used to fund participation in the ITC seminars.

ITC conducted seven training activities in FY 2019:

- Seminar on Federal/State Cooperative Programs (October 30-November 2, 2018)
- Seminar on Measuring Productivity and Related Topics (November 5-16, 2018)
- Workshop on Consumer Price Indexes and Producer Price Indexes (March 11-14, 2019)
- Seminar on Constructing Consumer Price Indexes (August 19-23, 2019)
- Seminar on Constructing Producer Price Indexes and Import and Export Price Indexes (August 26-30, 2019)
- Customized Seminar on Producer Price Indexes (September 3-4, 2019)
- Seminar on Labor Market Information (September 9-13, 2019)

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Promote Statistical Capacity Building.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$53,304.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$25,000.00	\$78,304.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	63	66

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$170,449,054.00 †	\$164,039,994.00 †	\$6,409,060.00 †	\$647,986.00 †	\$10,000.00 †	\$1,444,472.00 †	\$50,000.00 †	\$172,601,512.00 †	941,079

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures include some expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Department of State

Office of Public Information
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Washington, DC 20520
www.state.gov • 202-647-6575

The Department of State advises the President in the formulation and execution of foreign policy. As Chief Executive, the President has overall responsibility for the foreign policy of the United States. The Department of State's primary objective in the conduct of foreign relations is to promote the long-range security and well-being of the United States. The Department determines and analyzes the facts relating to American overseas interests, makes recommendations on policy and future action, and takes the necessary steps to carry out established policy. In so doing, the Department engages in continuous consultations with the American public, the Congress, other U.S. departments and agencies, and foreign governments; negotiates treaties and agreements with foreign nations; speaks for the United States in the United Nations and in more than 50 major international organizations in which the United States participates; and represents the United States at more than 800 international conferences annually.

Bureau of African Affairs

The Bureau of African Affairs advises the Secretary of State and guides the operation of the U.S. diplomatic establishment in the countries of sub-Saharan Africa. The Bureau is responsible for developing, coordinating, and implementing U.S. foreign policy on a variety of issues that deal with democracy in Africa, Africa's food crisis, HIV/AIDS, education, sustainable development, refugees, and economic prosperity.

Post-Generated Programs - Burundi

PAS invited a consultant from the United States to train University of Burundi participants, who in turn trained countless number of students and faculty at the University. The training had strong implications for modernizing graduate- and faculty-level training at the University of Burundi, parallel to the most current U.S. educational pedagogy. The consultant was also invited by the Office of Security Cooperation to train the Staff College of the Burundi National Defense Force, and also trained the teachers and researchers visiting American Spaces.

As a highlight of 2019, the foreign participants sought advanced training by the same consultant who had trained countless numbers of students and faculty at the University of Burundi.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$14,410.00	\$0.00	\$14,410.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	180	181

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Equatorial Guinea

Embassy programming supports Embassy objective to strengthen democracy, human rights, and good governance within the country.

In FY 2019, U.S. Embassy Malabo sponsored 11 Equatoguinean journalists to attend training in radio, television, and internet journalism at the Voice of America Headquarters in Washington, D.C., October 23-25, 2018.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$33,000.00	\$0.00	\$33,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	11	11

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Eritrea Cultural Exchange

Post-sponsored programming for international exchange and training includes a variety of activities that aim to strengthen the relationship between America and Eritrea.

Cultural activities are in line with Mission Goal 1: An Eritrea with strengthened civil society, improved governance, and protected human rights, and Mission Sub-Objective 1.1.2: The number of individuals and organizations engaging in cultural and educational activities (other than those of the Eritrean government) is increased.

In FY 2019, the U.S. Embassy sponsored musical performances, workshops, and discussions that create a positive, informal, and enjoyable avenue for private citizens to assemble and participate through people-to-people diplomacy.

Through a grant, the embassy organized travel (international and local), supplies, honoraria, venue/equipment rental and administrative costs for a 10-day musician's workshop for 25 participants in Asmara, Eritrea.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Promoting an Eritrea with Strengthened Civil Society, Improved Governance, and Protected Human Rights.

Advancing Eritrean Regional Peace and Security, with Minimal Destabilizing Actions.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$54,994.00	\$0.00	\$54,994.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
5	50	55

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Eritrea Workshop

An individual grant was given to an artist for the purpose of conducting an artist workshop in Asmara, Eritrea.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Advance American Foreign Policy Objectives through Flexible, Responsive Exchange Programs.

Achieve Greater Efficiency: Evaluate Programs, Expand Use of Virtual Tools, and Leverage Alumni Relationships.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$4,320.00	\$0.00	\$4,320.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	24	25

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Ethiopia

Post-generated exchanges in Ethiopia consist of a variety of exchanges, seminars, and conferences that promote U.S. interests. These included the Ambassador's Distinguished Scholars Program (ADSP) seeks to strength the capacity of Ethiopian universities by having American scholars engage in research, collaboration, publication, mentoring, teaching and curriculum design of graduate programs across a broad range of disciplines. In addition, post funded an IVLP On Demand for Government Spokespersons in partnership with Meridian International Center (MIC) to expose Ethiopian government spokespersons to U.S. best practices in media relations, messaging and coordination, the importance of free media and government transparency and U.S. approach to publicly funded media. Post Addis Ababa also sponsored an exchange program for representatives of the Ministry of Science and Higher Education (MoSHE) to travel to the United States for meetings at the Department of State, visits at selected U.S. universities, and discussions with USAID on U.S. Ethiopian partnerships in higher education.

In FY 2019, the ADSP brought American scholars to teach, research, and collaborate at universities in Ethiopia and organized travel to the U.S. for some Ethiopian contacts.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Improve Learning Outcomes and Increase Achievement in Education.

Improve Workforce Skills Development.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$153,228.00	\$0.00	\$153,228.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
20	9	29

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Malawi

Post-generated exchanges in Malawi consist of a variety of exchanges, seminars, and conferences that promote U.S. interests.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$18,313.00	\$0.00	\$18,313.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	3	3

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - South Africa

Post-generated exchanges in South Africa consist of a variety of exchanges, seminars, and conferences that promote U.S. interests.

This report is an aggregate of FY 2019 post-funded programs in South Africa, including the following grants:

- Tamiko Cuellar
- Silicon Cape Initiative
- Jo Kinda The Persevering People
- Friends of Central Library (FOCAL)
- Friends of Central Library (FOCAL) + FY 2020 funds
- Susan Kreston
- Melissa Hathaway
- University of KwaZulu Natal (3)
- Dakshina Dance Company
- Candy Hayes
- OneVoice South Africa
- Kwa-Mashu Community Advancement Project
- Gary Wittner
- Penny Morris
- Luthando Dyasi
- University of Iowa
- Royzanne Kampher
- National Children's Theatre Trust
- Market Theatre Foundation
- University of the Witwatersrand (Wits)
- Sci-Bono Discovery Centre
- WeConnect International
- Jeff Siegel
- Jazz Cares Foundation
- LaFrae Olivia Sci
- The National African American Drug Policy Coalition
- The South African Institute of International Affairs

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Promote Women's Economic Empowerment, Advance Human Rights, Dignity, and Inclusion.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$1,247,933.00	\$0.00	\$1,247,933.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
209	14,035	14,244

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Bureau of European and Eurasian Affairs

The Bureau of European and Eurasian Affairs is responsible for advising the Secretary of State regarding countries within the region, and guiding the operation of U.S. diplomatic establishments in the countries of the region while implementing foreign policy throughout Europe and Eurasia.

Post-Generated Programs - Albania

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, training, and cultural and diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$66,308.00	\$66,308.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
4	640	644

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Austria

Austria sponsors cultural programs, U.S. and foreign exchange, speaker programs, support for foreign educational and cultural institutions through joint public diplomacy programs, as well as training programs. All programs have a U.S. component and are implemented through U.S. or foreign nongovernmental or cultural institutions.

Specifically, programs in FY 2019 included:

- The Austria to Austin, Texas, Student Startup Exchange program
- The Women2Women (W2W) International Young Women's Leadership Program
- Transatlantic Storytelling Fellowship
- The Vienna International Dance Festival
- The Benjamin Franklin Transatlantic Fellows Initiative
- Buffalo Grove High School student exchange

Austria to Austin Student Startup Exchange 5.0, 3 DAY STARTUP, INC. - The purpose of the Austria to Austin Student Startup Exchange was to use the promotion of entrepreneurship to strengthen cross-cultural ties between the U.S. and Austria and accelerate the leadership and professional development of Austrian youth. The Student Startup Exchange consists of two segments: ATA Foundations Exchange: an intense, high energy two-week Austin-based program where 20 standout Austrian university students worked to start early-stage companies and become innovation bridges between the United States and Austria; and ATA Roadshow which was a dynamic, globally-recognized three-day entrepreneurship program delivered in Austria where 50 ATA exchange alumni and intermediate entrepreneurs participated in the 3DS Checkpoint program, guiding founders through common challenges faced by entrepreneurs developing and scaling their startups.

Women2Women International Young Women's Leadership Program, EMPOWER PEACE, INC. - To support the participation of women in the 14th Annual Women2Women International Young Women's Leadership Program on the campus of Simmons University in Boston, Massachusetts, August 1-10, 2019.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$273,757.00	\$0.00	\$273,757.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$472,777.00	Not Tracked	\$472,777.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
21	102	123

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Azerbaijan

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, training, and cultural and diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, peace, and stability.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$746,921.00	\$0.00	\$746,921.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
14	3,568	3,582

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Belgium

Post-generated programming in Belgium includes a variety of exchange and training activities involving public diplomacy.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$710,128.00	\$0.00	\$710,128.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
109	25,256	25,365

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Bosnia and Herzegovina

Mission Bosnia and Herzegovina has a robust exchange and training program. Our bold program provides in-country workshops and professional and educational exchanges related to civic engagement and economic development. Our Democracy Commission and Women's Empowerment programs focused on employment and human rights training. In order to overcome ethnic divisions left after the war in the 1990s, we include multiethnic groups in all of our programs and also focus other programs on inter-ethnic activities that bring members of different ethnic groups together around issues of common interest. These include a long-standing civic education program, teacher training, English-language programs, and programs related to American culture.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.
Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$3,201,073.00	\$0.00	\$3,201,073.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
112	333,574	333,686

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Bulgaria

Embassy Sofia's post-generated programs focuses on several key areas: media literacy, youth education programs, alumni engagement, cultural workshops for students and promoting America and American values as a positive, aspirational force in Bulgaria.

Our people-to-people exchange programs include many of the traditional cultural and artistic exchanges, but also focus heavily on strengthening media literacy of school and university students in Bulgaria, developing social entrepreneurship and promoting democratic institutions and values. These program areas directly support mission goals, which include promoting economic prosperity, strengthening governance and rule of law and highlight shared Euro-Atlantic values and build partnerships to maintain Bulgaria's western orientation.

Highlights for FY 2019 include:

- IDEAL Workshop for 65 students from all Balkan states (Eastern European Region) - \$3,000
- Business and Entrepreneurship Week for University Students - 200 students, five presenters - \$770
- Business Week and Marketing Challenge at American University in Bulgaria - 300 students, five presenters, \$1,490
- Alumni exchange - European Alumni Network Annual Conference - \$9,985
- BEST (English Language) Speech and Dialogue Debates - \$16,500
- English Language Spelling Bee - \$11,000
- Media literacy training for students - \$8,000
- Minority/LGBT programs support - \$16,900
- Berlin Wall Thirtieth Anniversary - \$15,000
- Sports programs - \$2,500
- Cultural exchanges, including American Dance Abroad "Spotlight U.S.A." - \$ 86,301
- FPC Tours - \$1,780 - two journalists
- USNATO Rapid Trident Tour for two journalists - \$2,200
- Salzburg Global Seminar on the changing role of media - \$888

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$176,314.00	\$0.00	\$176,314.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
27	912	939

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Croatia

Program's goals are to mitigate democratic backsliding, confront corruption, and strengthen respect for human rights, dignity, and the rule of law in Croatia and the Western Balkans and to share the richness and diversity of American values with Croatians and to support cultural dialogue between the American and Croatian public to increase public support for U.S. policies and values in Croatia.

Mission Goals: Croatia improves its defense capabilities, resistance to hybrid threats, and contributions to regional and international security arrangements. Croatia serves as a regional model for states seeking to join EU and NATO. Increase economic cooperation and investment ties. Croatia contributes to regional energy security through the completion of Krk LNG Terminal, a floating liquefied natural gas (LNG) regasification terminal in Omišalj on the island of Krk, Croatia, and promotion of diversified, distributed energy resource. Croatia implements market-oriented economic and governance reforms and increases Western trade and investment ties in targeted economic and governance reforms. Croatia's increasingly independent and professional media and civil society strengthens its ability to resist malign influence and counter disinformation.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$122,158.00	\$0.00	\$122,158.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
22	330	352

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Czech Republic

Besides post-generated programs, this entry includes coverage of programs carried out through other State Department entities, including the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$289,223.00	\$0.00	\$289,223.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
135	187	322

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Denmark

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, and cultural diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

Post-created programming in FY 2019 included numerous strong exchanges to Greenland in an effort to support the work towards the reopening of the consulate in Nuuk. Established programs such as the Cultural Envoy program, English Language Specialist program, and the Sport Diplomacy program were accompanied by strong independent programs such as the One Minute Academy, focusing on entrepreneurship.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$200,715.00	\$0.00	\$200,715.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
12	21	33

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Estonia

Estonia supports a wide variety of programming related to international exchanges and training activities.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$124,705.00	\$0.00	\$124,705.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$10,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$10,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
51	63	114

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - European Union

Through our post-funded programs, USEU Public Affairs (PA) has advanced U.S. national interests through strategic renovation of our relationship with Europe by cooperating with the EU in the areas of prosperity, security, and foreign policy. USEU PA advances and protects U.S. interests in Europe by keeping the EU and its member states in strategic alignment with the United States in an era of fiercer geopolitical competition, including an aggressive Russia and assertive China competing for economic and political influence. Our programs include:

- The Dangers of Chinese Malign Influence in the Trade Sphere combined think tank events with an event for exchange alumni
- Data Privacy and the Digital Economy brought over experts on Privacy Shield and U.S. privacy regime to meet with European leaders, speakers for European conferences, and think tank events
- Migration Policy Institute Conference on Addressing Shared Challenges on Migration
- Moving Europe to Recognize Guided in Venezuela combined think tank events and press roundtables to raise the concerns about Venezuela
- Mary Wilson - The Intersection of the U.S. Civil Rights Movement and Motown featured a concert and speaking event at the European Parliament, and master class for students on challenges of race in Europe and the United States
- Women's Entrepreneurship Roadshow through Europe was a multicity tour bringing together European female entrepreneurs with U.S. counterparts and venture capitalists from Europe and the United States.

In FY 2019, these programs, notably Mary Wilson who brought to the concert high-level contacts in the EU institutions, media, and think tank world and helped to solidify close working relationships and remind our European counterparts that there is more that unites than divides us. Mary Wilson's discussions created an opportunity to introduce the Mission to the newly elected Members of European Parliament who sit on the Anti-Racism and Diversity Intergroup, who have become close partners to the Mission in discussions about racism in Europe and the United States.

The Women's Entrepreneurship Roadshow brought over 300 female entrepreneurs together across eight European cities and connected them with venture capitalists and mentors.

Fulbright Noir brought together Black U.S. Fulbright alumni to meet with their European peers to celebrate the diversity in the program and discuss ways to increase the number of minorities who apply for these programs.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

Increase European Alignment with U.S. Policies with Regard to External Threats, such as China, Iran, and Russia.

Increase long-term American Influence in the European Union.

Contribute to a Robust Expanding Transatlantic Economy.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$274,000.00	\$0.00	\$274,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
300	5,000	5,300

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Finland

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, training, and cultural and diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, mutual understanding, and peace and stability.

In FY 2019, the following programs were highlighted:

- Future Leaders Program,
- The Ambassador's Entrepreneurial Challenge,
- The Conservation of Arctic Flora and Fauna (CAFF) International Secretariat Arctic Youth Exchange,
- The Apollo Project,
- The Transatlantic Inclusion Leaders Network.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$86,903.00	\$0.00	\$86,903.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$18,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$18,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	62	63

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - France

All post-generated or post-funded programs support a range of programming that includes cultural programs, U.S. and foreign exchange, speaker programs, support for foreign educational and cultural institutions through joint public diplomacy programs, as well as training programs.

Programs in FY 2019 included speakers programs to promote U.S. strategic goals in energy leadership, countering disinformation, youth engagement, civil society capacity building, U.S. culture and values, and countering violent extremism. Mission France also funded youth and student exchanges, engaged with French youth leaders, opinion makers, and innovators, who reflect the increasing diversity of French society, to encourage action on shared priorities including economic growth, secure and tolerant communities, and the rejection of extremism.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Shape a positive narrative and improve access to balanced and accurate information

Strengthen the Franco-American partnership through increased cooperation and economic opportunities

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$879,248.00	\$0.00	\$879,248.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$53,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$10,000.00	\$63,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
776	89,672	90,448

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Georgia

This submission includes people-to-people exchanges between Georgia and the United States. From Georgia, exchanges included U.S. visits from Georgian students, journalists, and other professionals. From the United States, exchange visitors included scholars, cultural figures, speakers, and trainers. Exchanges met public diplomacy dimensions of mission goals of strengthening Georgia's democratic institutions, enhancing economic development, reaching out to occupied territories and minority populations, and countering Russian propaganda.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$3,229,771.00	\$0.00	\$3,229,771.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
42	18,679	18,721

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Germany

Public diplomacy funds support a range of programming that includes cultural programs, U.S. and foreign exchange, speaker programs, support for foreign educational and cultural institutions through joint public diplomacy programs, as well as training programs. All programs have a U.S. component and are implemented through U.S. or foreign nongovernmental or cultural institutions.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$275,908.00	\$0.00	\$275,908.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	Not Tracked	\$5,954.00	\$0.00	\$5,954.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
7	82	89

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Greece

Mission Greece programming focuses on the themes set by the following goals:

- Promoting safety, border security, and helping Greece address the effects of the refugee crisis, Mission Greece supported a variety of programs on capacity building for nongovernmental organizations in the front line of the refugee response, as well as programs focusing on education and integration of refugees.
- Supporting Greece's economic recovery and development, Mission Greece partnered with academic institutions, incubators and accelerators, and other relevant local organizations to support programs on entrepreneurship capacity building, promoting employability and soft skills development for youth, promoting STEM education and digital skills for young Greeks in the capital and the region.
- Using public diplomacy tools to improve broader Greek public understanding of, and support for, American values, Mission Greece focused on educational, cultural, and exchange programs aimed at diverse audiences (from young students to academics and business experts in the main cities of the country as well as rural areas) promoting tolerance, accessibility, human rights, women's empowerment, and LGBTQ rights.
- Supporting programs to promote English Language engagement all over Greece, as well as to highlight American excellence in the arts, academia, and sciences.

The following activities are highlights from FY 2019:

- **LAUNCH OF INNOVATION HUB AT 2019 THESSALONIKI INTERNATIONAL FAIR:** The Ambassador launched the Embassy's Innovation Hub and highlighted the continuing U.S. commitment to supporting innovation, digital skills education, and entrepreneurship in Greece. The hub was organized by local incubator Foundation and was the main site for the Embassy's public programming during the fair. The 2019 expanded hub hosted classroom-style events, presentations, and discussions and marked the Embassy's first programmatic collaboration with the Ministry of Digital Governance after national elections in July. The Ambassador also toured the Digital Greece pavilion with Prime Minister Mitsotakis and the Minister of Digital Governance.
- **GENDER EQUALITY WORKSHOP PROMOTES WOMENS EMPOWERMENT:** Embassy Athens partnered with local women's empowerment organization Women on Top to organize a three-day Women Organizations' Meetup for Education and Networking program with 42 representatives from 35 organizations and associations that focus on gender equality and women's empowerment issues. The program took place under the auspices of the General Secretariat for Family Planning and Equality. It was the first capacity-building workshop and networking program aimed at uniting professionals from this field. Two American experts led discussions and hands-on workshops, while Greek experts representing diverse fields ranging from entrepreneurship and the digital sector, to sports and sciences, joined panel discussions. Also, organizations met with educators (including alumni from Embassy programs) to discuss practical ways to integrate gender equality education into schools.
- **AMERICAN SPACES HOST MEDIA LITERACY WORKSHOPS:** Mission Greece's American Spaces launched a series of news literacy workshops. The workshops were organized in cooperation with the Greek nonprofit organization, Media Literacy Institute (MLI), whose mission is to promote media literacy as a tool to access, understand, analyze, evaluate, and create multimedia information. The workshops covered the basic principles and functions of journalism as a safeguard of democracy; definitions of misinformation and disinformation; the role of social media in the information process; and ways of identifying and countering disinformation.
- **U.S. EXPERT DISCUSSES DISINFORMATION AT ANNUAL AMERICAN STUDIES SEMINAR:** Responding to the lack of American Studies programs at Greek public universities, Embassy Athens, the Institute of International Relations at Panteion University, the American College of Greece (Deree), the Fulbright Foundation, and the University of Macedonia co-organized the 2019 American Studies Seminar -- The Threats to Democracy from the Spreading of Disinformation: The Impact on International Affairs, Politics, and Public Opinion -- in Athens and Thessaloniki. The seminar's keynote speaker, an associate professor and media expert at Northwestern University, offered American expertise and insights into how the United States addresses the challenge of disinformation to 350 undergraduate and graduate students from several Greek public universities. Prominent Greek academics and distinguished scholars, including U.S. government exchange program alumni, participated in panel discussions that focused on the latest disinformation developments in Europe, Greece, and the Balkans. The Public Affairs Officer and the Ministry of Education's Secretary General for Primary and Secondary Education gave welcome remarks.
- **AMERICAN SPACES HOST TRAIN YOUR BRAIN STEM SERIES:** Organized in cooperation with the nonprofit organization EduACT, the series was hosted at all five American Spaces in Greece. Workshops for high school students covered algorithm thinking, leadership scenarios, character building, girls' empowerment, and team building exercises.
- **ATHENS AMERICAN CENTER HOSTS 10 WEEK AMERICAN LITERATURE DISCUSSION SERIES:** The new Athens American Center at Embassy Athens hosted 45 educators as part of an American Literature Lecture series to familiarize teachers, university students, translators, and book club organizers with classic and modern American literature. Discussions throughout the ten-week series focused on the distinctive qualities of ten major American novels and aimed to encourage the use of these texts in relevant courses within Greek schools, including creative writing courses and book club activities. A SUSI Alumnus and 2017 National Novel Award recipient led the series.

-- MINDSPACE/BUSINESS ENGLISH: Deputy Chief of Mission spoke to 50 Greek university students who participated in the final MindSpace business proposal pitching contest. Twelve teams from Patras, Kavala, Alexandroupolis, Thessaloniki, and Athens participated. The top three teams, one from Alexandroupolis and two from Patras, traveled to the United States to attend workshops in major innovation and entrepreneurship hubs. This series of specialized training on business English and presentation skills was unique as it was developed and implemented by a student-led organization within the Athens Polytechnic, an environment where U.S. Embassy programs were almost never invited or hosted. The group of students who have formed the Mindspace entrepreneurship incubator run a very successful program that reaches university students in five cities across Greece.

-- U.S. SPEAKER PROMOTES U.S. EDUCATION AT CONFERENCE ON EDUCATION AND INNOVATION: A U.S. Speaker explained "Why Teachers are More Important than Ever" to educators at the fifth International Conference for the Promotion of Education Innovation in Larissa, Trikala, and Athens. The speaker inspired and engaged more than 2,000 educators from all over Greece, linking them via distance learning with other educators internationally.

-- 2019 The MIT Enterprise Forum (MITEF) Greece STARTUP COMPETITION: Aims to unlock the growth potential of Greek startups, maximize their performance, and acknowledge the best of the best Greek technology entrepreneurs. In the final competition of the program, members of 20 semifinalist startups pitched to a high-profile audience of MITEF Greece members, judges, mentors, and investors. The semifinalists had received three-months of intensive mentoring from MITEF Greece mentors and attended workshops to further their startup goals. In addition, the semifinalists participated in a Perfect Pitch workshop and coaching series with a leading U.S. expert in a two-week intensive program focused on real-time learning and implementation.

-- U.S. EXPERT PARTICIPATES IN CHILD-FRIENDLY JUSTICE WORKSHOP: The Executive Director of the U.S.-based National Child Advocacy Center (NCAC) participated in a series of country-wide educational seminars on child protection and the prevention of child abuse hosted by Greek nongovernmental organization, The Smile of the Child (TSOC). The seminars aimed to promote the need to establish an integrated system of child-friendly justice in the country. The seminar addressed over 200 law enforcement professionals, prosecutors, and judicial servants, as well as other professionals in the field of child protection. Participants were introduced to U.S. models and best practices for countering child abuse. In the context of this program, NCAC executive director and the TSOC president also met with the Greek Minister of Justice Konstantinos Tsiraras, who expressed great support in leading legislative and practical changes with regard to how the Greek government responds to child abuse, with the intent to collaborate with the Greek nongovernmental organization in this process.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$643,300.00	\$0.00	\$643,300.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
77	62,271	62,348

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Holy See (Vatican)

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, conferences, training, and cultural diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, freedom, human rights, and peace and stability.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$50,310.00	\$0.00	\$50,310.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
5	406	411

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Italy

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, training, and cultural and diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$114,779.00	\$0.00	\$114,779.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
4	26	30

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Latvia

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, training, and cultural and diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, peace, and stability.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$152,055.00	\$0.00	\$152,055.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$166,086.00	Not Tracked	\$228,022.00	Not Tracked	\$394,108.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
78	2,805	2,883

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Malta

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, and cultural diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Balancing Great Power Influence in the Mediterranean.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$53,270.00	\$0.00	\$53,270.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
23	3,402	3,425

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Moldova

Post-generated activities support cultural and speakers programs and education initiatives.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$183,027.00	\$0.00	\$183,027.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
11	5,368	5,379

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Montenegro

Post-reported programs include a variety of training activities that promote the U.S. interest in building a fully democratic Montenegro, which is firmly integrated into western institutions and free from foreign malign influence. Programs focused on promoting civic engagement, professional journalism, media literacy, entrepreneurship, and the rights of vulnerable populations.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$490,833.00	\$0.00	\$490,833.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	2,231	2,231

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Netherlands

This post submission includes programming from other entities of the Department of State, in addition to post-generated activities.

In FY 2019, the post outlines programs and activities that may be reported by other State Department and other federal entities.

- Speaker Program on Religious Freedom, Islam, and Civil Society, and Strength through Diversity - \$4,882
- Analyzing the Midterms - \$19,458
- Communication Skills, Networking, and Innovation - \$5,750
- Cybersecurity Conference - Hidden Strings - \$2,000
- USNATO Media Tour on Defense Investment and Black Sea Security - \$735
- Theodore Roosevelt American History Award 2019 - \$2,247
- Conference on Quality of Life 402 (Osteogenesis Imperfecta) - \$9,976
- Transatlantic Inclusion Leaders Network - \$1,550
- Women2Women International Leadership Program (W2W) - \$8,250
- 2019 InScience - International Science Film Festival Nijmegen - \$24,511

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Supports the mission goals of promoting cybersecurity as well as other areas of mutual interest.

Promote women's empowerment and other areas of mutual interest that promote freedom and democracy.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$78,624.00	\$735.00	\$79,359.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
15	7	22

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - North Macedonia

Public diplomacy funds support a range of programming that includes cultural programs, U.S. and foreign exchange, speaker programs, support for foreign educational and cultural institutions through joint public diplomacy programs, as well as training programs.

Highlights of FY-2019 program include:

- \$3,435 - .7 funds - American Councils for International Education, YES alumni (7) from North Macedonia attended 2019 IDEAL Workshop in Serbia
- \$62,685 - AEECA funds - American Council of Young Political Leaders - Macedonian politicians (8) traveled to United States
- \$2,000 - .7 funds - Holocaust Fund of the Jews from Macedonia - Macedonian teachers (3) attended a Centropa Summer Academy 2019 on Jewish History in Germany including elementary school English teacher, Hristina Miteva Tanaskoska, primary school literature teacher, Magdalena Sajkova, and elementary school English teacher Maja Stojanovska
- \$24,663 - Foreign Assistance Act (AEECA) funds - Democracy Lab - U.S. media experts (4) traveled to North Macedonia to train 18 young journalists
- \$14,204 - AEECA funds - American Council for International Education, YES alumni (8) from North Macedonia traveled to Armenia to attend Media Literacy Workshop
- \$36,273 - AEECA funds - World Chicago, U.S. speakers (3) on deradicalization, countering violent extremism on community and government levels; creating youth job programs traveled to North Macedonia -- Sammy Rangel, Co-Founder and Executive Director of Life After Hate; Teny Gross, Executive Director of The Institute for Nonviolence Chicago; Gerald Hankerson, Outreach Coordinator with the Council on American-Islamic Relations; and addressed a total of 180 participants: OSCE Mission to Skopje and IOM Office in Skopje (5); Police Department members (5); Government officials (2); public policy scholars, academics and teachers (7); NGO workers (10); private sector businessmen and women (5); and students (146)
- \$70,000 - AEECA funds - U.S. member of NGO Mindleaps Rebecca Davis, and two of her colleagues, Tanja Raic Tarcuki (Bosnia) and Eugene Dushime (Rwanda) traveled to North Macedonia and trained 20 Macedonian leaders / coaches. Two Macedonian project coordinators traveled to Rwanda for training.
- \$4,250 - .7 funds - Goldiloks Stejt Skopje -- U.S. expert speakers Bruce Pitman from NASA; David Goldsmith from Project Moon Hut; and Adam Cohen high-tech investor, traveled to North Macedonia for Space Tech Conference, and trained a total of 182 participants for master classes and workshops at NASA Space Apps Challenge: 45 elementary school children, 24 university students, 113 high school students
- \$22,093 - AEECA Speaker Funds - Meridian - U.S. Speakers (5) traveled to North Macedonia and reached a total of 117 participants: Alice Steinglass - President at Code.org, traveled to Macedonia and trained 40 students; Christopher Merrill, travelled to Macedonia for Struga Poetry Evenings, trained 15 high school students, and IWS alumni (2); Cara Manes, and Kat Heriman, Writers, Condé Nast, W Magazine & Cultured, Traveled to North Macedonia to conduct workshops with young art and culture journalists (10); Jonathan M. Banks, Senior Policy Advisor, Clean Air Task Force, traveled to North Macedonia and trained 50 stakeholders in the environment sector
- \$2,299 - .7 funds - Alumni, Miso Dokmanovic and Jovana Jovanovska, Alumni Conference, Germany.
- \$1,496 - .7 funds - U.S. film expert/ Cultural Envoy, Kahane Cooperman, traveled to North Macedonia, April 2019, and trained 125 high school students, 15 art/ film university undergraduate students, 30 cultural studies university undergraduate students
- \$ 443 - .7 funds - Alumna Meri Jordanovska, Alumni Conference, Bulgaria, May 2019
- \$1,625 - .7 funds - U.S. film expert/ cultural envoy Douglas Blush, traveled to North Macedonia, June 2019, and trained 80 high school students, 5 filmmakers
- \$7,014 - .7 funds - Participants (7) from North Macedonia traveled to Brussels to attend a NATO policymaker tour, September 2019

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

ICS Mission Objective to Strengthen Macedonia's stable and positive Multi-ethnic and Multi-religious Society.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$252,480.00	\$0.00	\$252,480.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
18	812	830

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Norway

The programs reported are public diplomacy grants to organizations and individuals which involve a form of exchange, for example, bringing a U.S. keynote speaker to a seminar in Norway or Norwegians traveling to a seminar or conference in the United States or another European country.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

Building Strategic Relationships Across the Private Sector, Government, and Civil Society to Promote American Values and Priorities.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$66,028.00	\$0.00	\$66,028.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$13,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$88,000.00	\$25,000.00	\$136,000.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
50	1,786	1,836

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe

Post programming included reporting tour for Central Asian journalists to Vienna, Austria, and Kyiv, Ukraine, to counter Russian disinformation on Crimea and Donbas in southeastern Ukraine.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$19,175.00	\$7,670.00	\$26,845.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	7	7

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - OSCE Summer Academy Program

In addition to the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe programming included in a separate submission, the post hosted a Summer Academy which included two participants and was organized by the Austria Study Centre of Peace and Conflict Resolution.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$6,150.00	\$0.00	\$6,150.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	2	2

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Portugal

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, and cultural diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

In FY 2019, post-supported programming included:

- Walter Dean Elements of Journalism Course
- We are Zero Waste Youth Global Meeting
- FCT Challenge 2020 Edition
- Association of Azorean Emigrants School Outreach Program
- Vai Avante Association Program with unemployed woman
- Media Literacy program presentation
- Walter Dean Elements of Journalism Course
- Montes Empreendedoras Leadership Fellows FY 2019

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$92,442.00	\$0.00	\$92,442.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
29	1,376	1,405

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Republic of Kosovo

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, training, and cultural and sports diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$1,435,348.00	\$0.00	\$1,435,348.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
5	5,785	5,790

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Romania

Public Diplomacy funds support a range of programming that includes cultural programs, U.S. and foreign exchange, speaker programs, support for foreign educational and cultural institutions through joint public diplomacy programs, as well as training programs.

In FY 2019 the following programs at post are highlighted:

- Atlantic Boston-Cluj Tandem Exchange visit of the Cluj Cultural Centre team, February - September 2019
- Summer 2019 Holocaust Teacher-Training Program, May-June 2019
- 2019 Salzburg Global Seminar in American Studies, September 19-24, 2019
- U.S. NATO Tour-Rapid Trident 2019, Ukraine, September 2019

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$7,891.00	\$0.00	\$7,891.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	6	6

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Russia

Post-generated programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, and cultural and diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$4,280,000.00	\$0.00	\$4,280,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
160	1,493	1,653

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Serbia

Post funds supported multiple programs including English language training, visiting speakers, and artist master classes, for example, that facilitated exchange and training. The data captures totals from all programming.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$851,212.00	\$0.00	\$851,212.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
47	7,659	7,706

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Slovakia

Post-reported programs include a variety of training, exchanges, workshops, conferences, and cultural and diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, free press, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

The reported exchanges and training were supported through the Embassy's Small Grant Program and through Grants to Individuals. All of the Embassy Bratislava's budget was dedicated to carrying out the Missions Strategic goals as outlined in its Integrated Country Strategy.

Strategic Goals:

- Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.
- Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$59,336.00	\$0.00	\$59,336.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
16	23	39

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Slovenia

Public diplomacy outreach promoting USG policy priorities by advancing U.S. Embassy Ljubljana goals and objectives.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$153,636.00	\$0.00	\$153,636.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
74	5,359	5,433

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Spain

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, and cultural diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$136,964.00	\$0.00	\$136,964.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
123	27	150

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Sweden

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, training, and cultural diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$179,457.00	\$0.00	\$179,457.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
21	54	75

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - U.S. Mission to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization

The Office of the Public Affairs Advisor conducts two exchange programs for foreign participants of NATO member and partner countries: Media tours and the international policymaker conferences.

-- Media tours bring groups of journalists to a specific location for a series of high-level interviews and to tour and cover military exercises or facilities. We fund the journalists travel and organize their itineraries.

-- International policymaker conferences bring influencers from various NATO member or partner countries (one country at a time) to Brussels for several days of briefings at both NATO headquarters and the Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers Europe, the headquarters of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's Allied Command Operations to discuss topics and familiarize them with NATO issues.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$167,284.00	\$0.00	\$167,284.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	79	79

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Ukraine

Embassy Kyiv's robust post-funded international exchange programs and post-funded in-country training programs promote U.S. foreign policy goals in Ukraine. These goals include countering Russian disinformation and supporting Ukraine's national sovereignty and territorial integrity; deterring corruption, supporting rule of law, and promoting accountable governance through development of quality independent media; and promoting strong U.S.-Ukrainian bilateral ties that encourage Ukraine's Euro-Atlantic political orientation and integration into Western democratic institutions.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$6,156,178.00	\$0.00	\$6,156,178.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
90	105,259	105,349

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - United Kingdom

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges, workshops, conferences, and cultural diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, peace and stability, security, prosperity, culinary diplomacy, and the 400th anniversary of the Mayflower ship sailing to America.

Embassy London funded different exchange programs:

- Congress to Campus: two week-long programs in Fall 2019 (and Spring 2020), inviting four former members of U.S. Congress.
- Future Cybersecurity Leaders was a two-week exchange program for ten students, 16-year old future cybersecurity leaders, from the United Kingdom and ten from the United States, in collaboration with a United Kingdom implementing partner for the UK part of the exchange.
- National Security Communicators was a program organized by a UK implementing partner and co-funded by the UK government for 14 UK participants; post funding for a 3-day visit to Washington, D.C., with U.S. implementing partner organizing meetings for participants.
- Young Agricultural Leaders Exchange program was an exchange due to take place in Spring 2019, but postponed due to travel restrictions. It is a two-week exchange program for up to 10 UK participants traveling to the United States to learn about agricultural practices in light of United States-United Kingdom Free Trade Agreement (FTA) negotiations.
- E Pluribus Unum Exchange Program was an exchange due to take place in Spring 2019, but postponed due to travel restrictions. It is a 10-day exchange program for up to 10 UK participants from Northern Ireland, Scotland, and Wales traveling to the United States to learn more about the American motto ("e pluribus unum") and how the United Kingdom can remain a strong, unified country post Brexit.
- Culinary Diplomacy Program was a program designed to introduce the UK public to the variety and quality of U.S. food standards and production, bringing U.S. chefs to the UK for a series of public and press engagements in light of U.S.-UK FTA negotiations.
- Travel grants to U.S. speakers to attend several events such as STEM, U.S. politics, media literacy, and education.
- Belfast Metropolitan College received a grant to organize the Cyber Career Development and Exchange Program to U.S. state of New Jersey. Four staff and six students travelled to the United States, while an additional 50 students engaged in virtual program and curriculum development.
- Birmingham City Council received a grant to organize a Young Women into Leadership program, bringing together girls from the United Kingdom, the United States, and other countries for a week-long leadership summit for 30 direct participants and 70 additional Birmingham-based students.
- FACT Liverpool received a grant to cover travel costs for two U.S. artists exhibiting work in Liverpool.
- The U.S.-UK Fulbright Commission received a grant to organize Summer Institutes, but which have been postponed due to travel restrictions. It will allow up to 60 U.S. students to travel to the UK and experience UK higher education and provide a pipeline for future Fulbrighters.
- Highland Wildcats received a grant to promote American football (with the help of a U.S. coach who traveled to the region).
- Inner City Trust received a small grant to organize a study trip to the U.S. for three participants to learn firsthand about city regeneration and create a program to implement in Derry, Northern Ireland.
- Peace Journalism: Park University received a small grant for a U.S. professor to travel to Northern Ireland to organize a series of workshops on peace journalism and reconciliation.
- Plymouth University received a small grant to organize a Mayflower 400 year anniversary themed musical, bringing over U.S. artists for training and mentoring. The performance has been postponed due to public health social distancing measures in the host country.
- Shout Out UK received a small award to develop a train the trainer program with a Target of Opportunity speaker from Northwestern University in Evanston, Illinois.
- Tile Cross Academy received a small grant to organize a program promoting better citizenship among military academy cadets in the U.S. and UK, bringing American students from Lawrence High School over to the UK and vice versa. The project has been postponed due to travel restrictions.
- National Museums Northern Ireland received a small grant to support the Knowledge Sharing project between the Tenement Museum New York and Ulster American Folk Park in Omagh, Northern Ireland.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$567,711.00	\$0.00	\$567,711.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$330,000.00	Not Tracked	\$330,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
110	200	310

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Warsaw

Post-reported programs include a variety of exchanges and training, workshops, conferences, and cultural diplomacy programs that promote U.S. interest in democracy, rule of law, economic development, education, and peace and stability.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$435,744.00	\$0.00	\$435,744.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
205	22,532	22,737

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Bureau of Intelligence and Research

Drawing on all-source intelligence, the Bureau of Intelligence and Research (INR) provides value-added independent analysis of events to Department policy makers, ensures that intelligence activities support foreign policy and national security purposes, and serves as the focal point in the Department for ensuring policy review of sensitive counterintelligence and law enforcement activities. INR's primary mission is to harness intelligence to serve U.S. diplomacy.

Program for the Study of Eastern Europe and the Independent States of the Former Soviet Union

Congress determined factual knowledge, independently verified, about the countries of Eastern Europe and the independent states of the former Soviet Union is of the utmost importance for the national security of the United States, for the furtherance of our national interests in the conduct of foreign relations, and for the prudent management of our domestic affairs. The legislative mandate of the Title VIII Program is to support and sustain American expertise on the countries of Eastern Europe and the independent states of the former Soviet Union and further U.S. foreign policy goals.

The Department of State's Bureau of Intelligence and Research (INR) manages the Title VIII program and supports open source, policy-relevant U.S. scholar research. INR disseminates products of the program to policy makers and analysts across the federal government via analytic exchanges and electronic distribution. Scholars work closely with U.S. and overseas counterparts, including U.S. embassies and the military, to stay abreast of current issues, developments, and mitigating factors. This critical and timely information assists analysts and decision makers by providing additional insights that enhance critical thinking and analysis. A key objective of the Title VIII Program is to encourage scholars to bring their expertise to the service of the U.S. Government.

This program continues to develop a cadre of U.S. experts on the regions by supporting advanced research; graduate and language training (domestic and on-site); public dissemination of research data, methods, and findings; and contact and collaboration among government and private specialists.

Congress determined that it is in the national interest of the United States Government to provide a stable source of financial support for the functions described above and to supplement the financial support for those functions, consistently, and on a long-range unclassified basis. The Title VIII program operates based on a competitive two-stage award process with the assistance of a legislatively mandated federal advisory committee. The Title VIII Advisory Committee reviews the annual applications for this program and provides expertise on policy-relevant proposals. The committee then makes recommendations for funding to the Assistant Secretary of INR. The committee includes representatives of the Department of Defense, Department of Education, Department of State, Library of Congress, and university and nongovernmental organizations.

Organizations with substantial and wide-reaching experience in administering research and training programs serve as intermediaries conducting nationwide competitive programs for U.S. scholars, students, and institutions pertaining to advanced research and language training on the countries of Eastern Europe and Eurasia. U.S.-based public and private nonprofit organizations and educational institutions may carry out Title VIII-funded programs that support and sustain American expertise on the countries of Eastern Europe and Eurasia, bring American expertise to the service of the U.S. Government, and further U.S. foreign assistance and policy goals. There must be an explicit connection to U.S. policy, the maintenance of U.S. knowledge and expertise, and national capability.

This program also works to support analytic outreach and build relationships with the academic community. Intelligence community analysts and DOS policy staff can benefit from engagement with outside elements to explore new ideas and perspectives and create new knowledge and research.

During FY 2019, the Title VIII Program completed an open, merit-based, competition, and received 12 eligible applicants in response to the Notice of Funding Opportunity. The Title VIII Advisory Committee proposed awards to seven national organizations totaling \$2 million to support scholarly research on Eurasia and Eastern Europe with a special focus on region-wide social, political, and security issues. The programs also supported advanced Russian language training and some of the less-commonly taught languages of Eastern Europe and Eurasia.

Strategic Goals:	Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.
	Build and sustain American expertise in the region.
	Bring the expertise to back to the service of the U.S. government.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$2,000,000.00	\$0.00	\$2,000,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
204	0	204

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs

The Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs helps to guide the operation of the U.S. diplomatic missions within the countries of the region. The Bureau works closely with U.S. embassies and consulates overseas and with foreign embassies in Washington, D.C.

Post-Generated Programs - Algeria

Post-generated programming in Algeria consists of a variety of participant exchange opportunities.

Highlights for FY 2019 included:

- FIBDA, or the International Festival of Comic Books in Algeria, with 14 U.S. and one Algerian exchange participants (\$69,412)
- Sports Visitor programming with five Algerian participants (\$1,788)
- Omar Gatlatto Art Exchange program with six Algerian participants (\$10,008)
- Andi Hulm "I Have a Dream" reality TV show exchange program for one Algerian winner (\$2,000)

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$83,208.00	\$0.00	\$83,208.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
14	13	27

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Egypt

This report includes a number of post-funded programs from Egypt. Programs consist of a variety of exchanges that promote U.S. interests in democracy, trade and sustainable economic development. There are 13 programs with a total of 110 participants.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.
Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$884,623.00	\$884,623.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
22	88	110

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Iraq

Post-generated exchange and training programs in Iraq consist of a variety of exchanges, seminars, training programs, and workshops that address various policy challenges, including building a unified, stable, and prosperous region, and supporting economic, educational, and political reform.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Mission Iraq Engages with the Government of Iraq and Iraqi Civil Society to Support a More Democratic, Stable and Unified Iraq.

Mission Iraq Delivers Service and Support to U.S. Citizens, Iraqi Partners, and the U.S. Mission Community.

Through Targeted Technical Assistance and Diplomatic Engagement, Iraq Fosters Greater Iraqi Economic Prosperity and World Energy Security.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$5,170,238.00	\$5,170,238.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
6	292	298

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Jordan

Post-generated exchange and training programs in Jordan consist of a variety of exchanges, seminars, training programs, and workshops that address various policy challenges, including building a unified, stable, and prosperous region, and supporting economic, educational, and political reform.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$591,704.00	\$0.00	\$591,704.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	18	20

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Kuwait

The U.S. Embassy Public Affairs Section uses cultural diplomacy and media outreach to inform and influence Kuwaiti public opinion regarding U.S. Government policy and American values. Kuwait is the only Gulf country with a popularly elected legislature, and the government has proven to be very responsive to public opinion. Embassy Kuwait uses academic, cultural, and professional exchange programs and civil society grants to build popular support for the U.S.-Kuwait security relationship; encourage political and economic reforms; strengthen English education; facilitate study by Kuwaiti students at U.S. universities; foster entrepreneurship and innovation; and bolster civil society's ability to advocate for democratic institutions and human rights.

Strategic Goals:

- Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.
- Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$360,021.00	\$0.00	\$360,021.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
10	637	647

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Libya

Every year U.S. Embassy Libya offers talented and community-minded Libyans the opportunity to engage in first-hand cultural exchange through our diverse exchange programs. Priority is given to candidates who have little or no prior study or travel experience in the United States.

Selection criteria for exchange programs include: academic excellence, cross-cultural interest, leadership ability, English language ability, and commitment to returning to Libya to share new skills and expertise with others.

FY-2019 highlights included:

-- A group of three Libyan chaperones and eight teenaged students from all regions of Libya, traveled for a week to experience the adventure of Space Camp in Huntsville, Alabama, in partnership with the Ministry of Education to highlight the strength of the bilateral relationship and showcase Libyan youth's interest in the sciences.

-- A group of 15 English language teachers and two English language teacher trainers residing in Libya traveled to Tunis to participate in the Professional Certificate in English Language Teaching (PCELT) program. This training provided a professional development opportunity for aspiring English language teachers, giving them the knowledge and skills needed to be well informed, reflective professionals in their respective teaching contexts -- from primary school to university. This year's PCELT training brought two U.S. trainers to also develop Libyan English teacher trainers' capacity to deliver the training within Libya in the future.

-- Additionally post-sponsored the first International Libya TESOL Conference on "Engaging Young Learners in Libya." This two-day conference brought 25 Libyan teachers, educators, and administrators to a gathering in Tunisia to advance the profession of teaching English to speakers of other languages.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Libyan local stakeholders and communities have enhanced ability to address drivers of instability and conflict.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$172,282.00	\$0.00	\$172,282.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	53	55

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Morocco

Post-generated exchange and training programs in Morocco consist of a variety of exchanges, seminars, training programs, and workshops that address various policy challenges, including building a unified, stable, and prosperous region, and supporting economic, educational, and political reform.

In FY 2019, a post-generated programming highlight was the Space Camp Advanced Academy.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Mission Strategic Goal #1.3: Public diplomacy generates appreciation of the U.S. - Moroccan partnership.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$70,000.00	\$0.00	\$70,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	12	12

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Morocco - Middle East and North Africa Entrepreneurship Initiative

A group of emerging professionals from the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) are developing through the MENA Entrepreneurship Initiative. The program selects a minimum of 10 participants from Algeria, Jordan, and Morocco to serve in 12- month-long professional placements at businesses in the United States, including leading corporations, private companies, B corporations, and nonprofit organizations that promote entrepreneurship, entrepreneurial ventures, and social entrepreneurial enterprises.

In FY 2019, one Moroccan nonprofit business professional participated in the MENA Entrepreneurship Initiative Program.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$28,888.00	\$0.00	\$28,888.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	1	1

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Oman

Embassy Muscat used its own program PD .7 funds to bring U.S. experts to Oman to speak at regional and international health conferences and to speak with public and private sector audiences interested in sustainable tourism. An additional program was to send an Omani youth to a women's leadership development program in the United States.

In FY 2019, PAS Muscat highlights included:

- U.S. medical experts in the fields of obstetrics and gynecology spoke at the Omani Society of Obstetrics and Gynecology conferences, and another expert in the area of obesity spoke at a conference focused on women and children.
- Subject matter expert spoke on sustainable tourism to both public sector and private sector audiences.
- Post program sent an Omani youth to a women's leadership development program in the United States.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$70,015.00	\$0.00	\$70,015.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
100	1,000	1,100

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Saudia Arabia

Post-generated exchanges in NEA, particularly in Mission Saudi Arabia, consist of a variety of events and conferences, as well as educational, professional, and cultural exchanges, focused on themes such as the economic empowerment of women and youth, civil society development, economic diversification, and promoting tolerant messaging. Objectives met through programming include strengthening U.S.-Saudi ties through greater interaction between the Saudi and American peoples, and institution building and social development in Saudi Arabia, reinforced in a manner reflecting U.S. interests and encouraging U.S. partnerships.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$602,190.00	\$0.00	\$602,190.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	2,390	2,390

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Tunis

The Public Affairs Section has exchange programs through small grants.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$445,070.00	\$200,000.00	\$645,070.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
14	23	37

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - West Bank and Gaza Strip

Post-generated programs included:

- English Language Summer Camp for East Jerusalem Students - IKIC month-long English language summer camp for East Jerusalem students. Five U.S. teachers taught students.
- EducationUSA Academy - Seven Palestinian students from Jerusalem, West Bank and Gaza to participate in a three-week summer exchange program in the United States. The project also included a grant to the Institute of International Education, covering the university tuition for those participants.
- Salzburg Seminar - supported participation of Palestinian journalist and lecturer from Birzeit University at a seminar focusing on American Media and Platforms. Post funded the transportation costs to the seminar.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

English language and media education; promotion of participation and engagement with U.S. higher education institutions

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$69,127.00	\$0.00	\$69,127.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
5	78	83

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Bureau of Political-Military Affairs

Capacity Building of Provincial Explosive Ordnance Disposal Forces in Vietnam

The overall goal of the project was to develop the capacity of Vietnam's Quang Tri and Quang Binh Provincial Military Command (PMC) explosive ordnance disposal teams.

The project concluded in FY 2019, with the training of 28 participants.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$700,000.00	\$0.00	\$700,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	28	28

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Electronic Recordkeeping Training in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

Through a grant with the Department of State, the Regional Center on Small Arms (RECSA) conducted training on how to utilize an electronic recordkeeping software for tracking government-held small arms and light weapons (SA/LW).

In FY 2019, the grant trained 14 military, four police officers, and 4 civilians (20 total) how to utilize an electronic recordkeeping software for tracking government-held small arms and light weapons (SA/LW) in July 2019. Training was delivered by two RECSA staff and attended by three DRC representatives and one RECSA staff who is a Government of Sudan representative. The purpose of the training was to enhance oversight and accountability of national stockpiles.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$9,000.00	\$0.00	\$9,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	25	25

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Explosive Hazards Training of Trainers

This course was organized by the Organization for Security and Co-Operation in Europe (OSCE) Office in Dushanbe, Tajikistan. Participants studied principals and notions of learning the role of a trainer, identification of explosive ordnance, explosive ordnance disposal (EOD) reconnaissance, equipment for safety, search, and disposal of explosive ordnance, basic demolitions, firing system, manual clearance equipment, NRS task planning, and EOD task management and final disposal.

On June 24-28, 2019, two representatives from the Ministry of Defence and two representatives from the State Emergency Service of Ukraine took part in a course on Explosive Hazards Training of Trainers in Dushanbe.

In the evaluation form, participants highlighted that they would use gained knowledge in their work as they are teaching courses for deminers.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$4,270.00	\$0.00	\$4,270.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	4	4

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Explosive Ordnance Disposal Level 3 Training in Benin

Under a grant with Danish Church Aid (DCA) for humanitarian demining in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), the Department of State supported DCA's Congolese civilian Multi-Task Team (MTT) Leader to attend the EOD Level 3 training course from April 1 to May 26, 2019, held at the Center for Post-Conflict Demining and Depollution (CPADD) in Benin.

In FY 2019, one Congolese staff trained in Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) Level 3.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$5,300.00	\$0.00	\$5,300.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	1	1

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Global Senior Managers Course

Under a grant with the Center for International Stabilization and Recovery at James Madison University to develop management skills at the senior level of global Conventional Weapons Destruction (CWD) activities, the Department of State supported a course on effective policy and practice decisions for increased efficiency in CWD.

The course was held in Harrisonburg, Virginia, from September 16- October 4, 2019. The workshop provided a curriculum to strengthen the ability of senior managers to understand, lead, monitor, assess, and implement conventional weapons destructions programs and activities. Additionally, it served as a platform for CWD leaders from both nongovernmental organizations and National Authorities to exchange lessons learned and best practices. Representatives from the mine action community in over ten countries participated.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$333,000.00	\$0.00	\$333,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	19	19

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Grantee Symposium

Under a grant with the Department of State, two staff members of the Regional Center on Small Arms (RECSA) attended a Grantee Symposium organized by the Department of State in October 2018. The training strengthened RECSA's ability to comply with federal assistance regulations and requirements.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$6,500.00	\$0.00	\$6,500.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	2	2

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

International Mine Action Standards Training for Ukrainian State Emergency Services – Phase 1

The International Mine Action Standards (IMAS) are the standards in force for all mine action operations. Twenty State Emergency Services (SES) Demining/Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) teams trained to international mine action standards, as well as related updated standard operating procedures. This included medic/paramedic members.

In FY 2019, a total of 100 SES members trained to IMAS clearance and 10 medic/paramedic team members.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$44,000.00	\$0.00	\$44,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	110	110

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Landmine Survivor Training in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

The Department of State administers a cooperative agreement with the Polus Center for Social and Economic Development (Polus) purposed to provide prosthetic limbs to landmine survivors in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and facilitate their participation in the specialty coffee industry.

Under that project, Polus supported an American coffee consultant from Artisan Coffee Imports to provide a "Lean at Origin" training for 12 members of local coffee cooperatives, including landmine survivors, in September 2019. The training aimed to improve the efficiency of coffee processing and the experience of workers so that landmine survivors can become more competitive in the industry by positively impacting costs, quality, and inclusion.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$6,700.00	\$0.00	\$6,700.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	12	13

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Man-Portable Air Defense System and Anti-Tank Guided Missiles Recognition Training

Man-portable air defense systems (MANPADS) and Anti-Tank Guided Missiles (ATGMs) held by extremists pose a significant threat to civil and military aviation. A successful terrorist attack using a MANPADS or ATGM can have grave consequences for regional and international stability. To increase interdiction capability and limit the illicit proliferation of MANPADS and ATGMs, the Department of State offers an effective and robust training course that educates partner security personnel on MANPADS and ATGM recognition and collection.

To date, over 555 students have completed MANPADS and ATGM recognition training. Courses delivered by U.S.-trained instructors have targeted 388 students in North Africa and the Arabian Peninsula, the region most at risk for the illicit proliferation of these weapon systems.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$79,486.00	\$79,486.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
35	520	555

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Meeting of Mine Action National Directors and United Nations Advisers

Under a grant with ITF Enhancing Human Security to provide capacity building for the Libyan Mine Action Center (LibMAC), the Department of State supported the LibMAC Director and ITF staff for travel and attendance at the 22nd Meeting of Mine Action National Directors and United Nations Advisers.

The meeting was held in Geneva, Switzerland, from February 5-8, 2019. The Libyan Mine Action Director and ITF Enhancing Human Security team presented on LibMAC activities occurring in 2018 and the strategic plan for 2019 to the international community.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$58,240.00	\$0.00	\$58,240.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	4	4

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Physical Security and Stockpile Management Training in Kenya

Through a grant with the Regional Center on Small Arms (RECSA), the Department of State supported a Physical Security and Stockpile Management (PSSM) training.

The training occurred for 27 Kenyan police officers in May 2019, delivered by three Kenyan trainers (two military and one police officer) and attended by two Government of Kenya representatives and 4 RECSA staff, one of whom is a Government of Sudan representative. The purpose of the training is to prevent the illicit diversion of small arms and light weapons (SA/LW) by building stockpile management capacity.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$34,200.00	\$0.00	\$34,200.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	36	36

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Physical Security and Stockpile Management Training in Uganda

Through a grant with the Regional Center on Small Arms (RECSA), the Department of State supported a Physical Security and Stockpile Management training.

Thirty personnel of Uganda People's Defence Force (UPDF) were trained in December 2018. The training was delivered by two Ugandan trainers (one military and one police officer) and one Kenyan military trainer and attended by three Ugandan government representatives and three RECSA staff, one of whom is a Sudanese government representative. One U.S. Government representative attended the opening ceremony. The purpose of the training is to prevent the illicit diversion of small arms and light weapons (SALW) by building stockpile management of capacity.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$26,000.00	\$0.00	\$26,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	39	40

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Polus Center at the Saveur du Kivu Coffee Conference in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

The Department of State administers a cooperative agreement with the Polus Center for Social and Economic Development (Polus) purposed to provide prosthetic limbs to landmine survivors in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and facilitate their participation in the specialty coffee industry.

In June 2019, Polus staff attended the Saveur du Kivu ("Taste of Kivu") Coffee Conference in Goma, where they were able to meet with leaders of the coffee industry and other stakeholders to exchange ideas on how to encourage the growth of the specialty coffee industry and the increased participation of landmine survivors. Polus staff exchanged ideas on improving the participation of landmine survivors in the DRC's specialty coffee industry at the 2019 Saveur du Kivu Coffee Conference.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$4,200.00	\$0.00	\$4,200.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	1	2

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Polus Center Presentation at Specialty Coffee Association Conference

The Department of State administers a cooperative agreement with the Polus Center for Social and Economic Development (Polus). Its purpose is to provide prosthetic limbs to landmine survivors in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and to facilitate their participation in the specialty coffee industry.

In May 2019, three Polus staff (two American and one Congolese) and one Congolese representative of a local coffee cooperative attended the Specialty Coffee Association (SCA) conference in Boston, Massachusetts, and participated on a panel discussion to introduce the project to the broader coffee industry and raise awareness of the connection between coffee in the DRC and post-conflict recovery and new ways to increase accessibility for landmine survivors in the industry. Polus also presented alternative designs for cupping labs and washing stations that could increase accessibility for landmine survivors throughout the coffee value chain.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$11,500.00	\$0.00	\$11,500.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	2	4

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Regional Workshop on International Mine Action Standards and Quality Management

Under a grant with Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD) to increase the capacity of the mine action community, the Department of State supported a workshop on International Mine Action Standards and Quality Management.

The meeting was held in Hanoi, Vietnam, from September 4-6, 2019. The workshop provided an overview of Quality Management requirements under International Mine Action Standards and a platform for regional National Mine Action Authorities (NMAA) to exchange lessons learned and best practices. Representatives from the mine action authorities in Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam participated.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$232,530.00	\$0.00	\$232,530.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	26	27

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

The Integrated Cooperation on Explosive Hazards Program

The Integrated Cooperation on Explosive Hazards (ICExH) program is the OSCE initiated effort and a system of mechanisms to support the participating States in Central Asia, in addressing concerns and challenges stemming from Explosive Hazards. Addressing the issues related to Explosive Hazards enhances security and augments stability on a national and regional level in Central Asia.

The Explosive Ordnance Disposal training component of the Integrated Coordination on Explosive Hazards program was co-hosted by the Ministry of Defense of the Republic of Tajikistan with the primary training and development delivery partner being the U.S. Army Central Command. All training courses are certified, accredited, and delivered in accordance with International Mine Action Standards, as well as internationally recognized best practices.

Due to its porous borders with Afghanistan, large quantities of poorly secured Small Arms and Light Weapons and munitions in Tajikistan present a real threat to national and regional security. Tajikistan also has extensive landmine contamination along its northern, southern, and western borders that stems from Soviet attempts to prevent border crossing by Afghan militants and narcotics traffickers.

In FY 2019, the program conducted seven Explosive Hazards related training courses. The skills and competencies of 125 professionals were enhanced.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$367,800.00	\$0.00	\$367,800.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	125	125

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Train-the-Trainer Course For Detection Equipment – Vallon Detectors

This training was a preparatory stage of delivering and donating demining equipment to enhance ability of those agencies tasked to clear areas contaminated by explosive objects, which is especially important for conflict affected communities in eastern Ukraine. Based on participant's feedback, the training allowed participants to master theory and practice of Vallon metal detectors and Eva software use, as well as boost operational and personal security while on duty. Participants highly valued the training materials and event organization.

On May 28-30, 2019, the course trained 13 specialists from the Ministry of Defence of Ukraine, the State Emergency Service of Ukraine, and the State Special Transport Service of Ukraine in Chernihiv.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$21,470.00	\$0.00	\$21,470.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	13	13

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Universal Design Training for Landmine Survivors

The Department of State administers a cooperative agreement with the Polus Center for Social and Economic Development (Polus) purposed to provide prosthetic limbs to landmine survivors in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and facilitate their participation in the specialty coffee industry.

In FY 2019, under the project, Polus supported an expert from the Architecture Department at the University of Buffalo to travel to the DRC and deliver a Universal Design Training in March, accompanied by two Polus staff (one American and one Congolese). The training involved lectures, interactive training, and assessments of coffee processing facilities at local coffee cooperatives. The training was attended by 14 Congolese civilians representing coffee cooperatives, coffee producers, and landmine survivors. The training was designed to improve the inclusion of landmine survivors in the coffee industry and the findings of the field assessment contributed towards the design of a cupping lab fully accessible to landmine survivors. Importantly, Congolese civilians received training in Universal Design principles to encourage greater inclusion for landmine survivors in the coffee industry.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$14,000.00	\$0.00	\$14,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	15	17

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Urban Threat Assessment and Building Clearance

Under a grant with Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD) to increase the capacity of the mine action community, the Department of State supported a course on national mine action standards for Urban Threat Assessment and Building Clearance.

The meeting was held in Geneva, Switzerland, from February 11-15, 2019. The training was attended by several national authorities including from Afghanistan, Azerbaijan, Iraq, Lebanon, Libya, and Ukraine.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$166,570.00	\$0.00	\$166,570.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	20	20

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Validation Workshop for a Physical Security and Stockpile Management Handbook

Under U.S. funding, the Regional Center on Small Arms (RECSA) developed a Physical Security and Stockpile Management (PSSM) best practices handbook adapted to the African context and convened a validation workshop in Kenya in October 2018 that enabled its member states to become familiar with the handbook and exchange ideas on how to utilize it to strengthen stockpile management capacity in their countries. The workshop was attended by one government representative each from 14 countries. Thirteen RECSA staff attended, one also was a Sudanese government representative, as well as six military instructors from the region.

In FY 2019, this symposium was an international exchange workshop to validate a best practices handbook designed to strengthen stockpile management in the Africa Great Lakes Region, Horn of Africa, and bordering states.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$39,563.00	\$0.00	\$39,563.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	33	33

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Weapons Destruction Training in Kenya

Under a grant with the Department of State, the Regional Center on Small Arms (RECSA) procured a hydraulic shear and supported a British engineer from the company to train six Kenyan police officers on how to operate and maintain the machine for the purpose of destroying excess small arms and light weapons (SA/LW).

In FY 2019, Kenyan police officers were trained to operate and maintain a hydraulic shear capable of destroying excess SA/LW.

Strategic Goals:

- Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.
- Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$1,300.00	\$0.00	\$1,300.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	10	10

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Weapons Marking Training in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

Under a grant with the Department of State, the Regional Center on Small Arms (RECSA) trained military and police personnel and civilians on how to operate weapons marking machines in July 2019. Training was delivered by two RECSA staff and attended by three DRC official representatives and one RECSA staff who is a Government of Sudan representative. The purpose of the training was to facilitate the DRC's efforts to enhance oversight of its national stockpiles.

Fifty Congolese military, police, and civilians trained to mark government-held weapons, improving oversight and facilitating tracking efforts.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$9,000.00	\$0.00	\$9,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	58	58

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Workshop on Non-Technical Survey in Libya

The post supported a workshop on Non-Technical Survey (NTS) for operational efficiency and information management within Libya, under a grant with Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD) to increase the capacity of the mine action community.

The meeting was held in Tunisia from March 26-27, 2019. The workshop was attended by representatives from the Libya Mine Action Center and several nongovernmental organizations who conduct humanitarian demining in Libya. Participants exchanged knowledge and best practices such as practical solutions for field assessments in the urban context.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$166,570.00	\$0.00	\$166,570.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	13	13

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Bureau of South and Central Asian Affairs

The Bureau of South and Central Asian Affairs helps to guide the operation of the U.S. diplomatic missions within the countries of Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan. The Bureau works closely with U.S. embassies and consulates overseas and with foreign embassies in Washington, D.C.

Post-Generated Programs - India

Post-generated programs included participants in the Fellowships on Indo-Pacific Security Studies (FIPSS), Sports Visitors Program for Wheelchair Basketball Coaches and Administrators, Sports Visitors Program for Wheelchair Basketball Coaches and Administrators, IVLP on Demand on Urban Waste Management, and FPC Reporting Tour on Water in U.S.A.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

Exchange Program for Multiplier Effect.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$45,014.00	\$0.00	\$45,014.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	29	29

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Post-Generated Programs - Kazakhstan

Kazakhstan programming includes:

-- May 29 – June 7, 2019, PAS Nur-Sultan used a target of opportunity to organize workshops (with a former Fulbrighter) on writing grants proposals for nongovernmental organizations, university partners, alumni, and American Corner coordinators in Almaty, Oskemen, and Nur-Sultan. The former Fulbrighter is an adjunct professor of nonprofit leadership studies at the University of Lynchburg teaching fundraising and grant writing within the Nonprofit Leadership Studies graduate program. The goals of the training were to encourage applications for USG-sponsored funding opportunities, to improve the quality of proposals, to facilitate university-university connections, and to build the capacity of nongovernmental organizations, students, alumni, faculty, and others to serve as resources for the public.

-- April 22 - 23, 2019, the chairperson of the Broadcast Journalism Department at the New York Film Academy (NYFA) conducted master classes and workshop on "The Power of Images in the Digital Age" for the students at Kazakhstan National University of the Arts (KazNUA) and participants in the U.S. Embassy-sponsored "48 Hour Film Race" at the American Corner Nur-Sultan. PAS arranged a 90-minute workshop with participation of NYFA professor for KazNUA (Shabyt) university students and faculty members. Also, a NYFA professor did a workshop for the participants of the Film Race competition at the American Corner.

-- A grant in the amount of \$21,000 was given to the Institute of Media Standards to organize Regional Training on Mobile Journalism. A U.S. news media and mobile journalism expert, director of photojournalism at the City University of New York, delivered (to journalists based in three regional cities) four-hour hands-on training on mobile journalism, offered through interpretation in the local language (Kazakh/Russian). During the regional trainings, locally based journalists participated in a one-day program, divided into a group training session and 1:1 consultation sessions, led by the U.S. experts and supported by locally-based trainers.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$26,068.00	\$0.00	\$26,068.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	393	396

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Kyrgyz Republic

Post-generated funds support a range of programming that includes cultural programs, U.S. and foreign exchange, speaker programs, support for foreign educational and cultural institutions through joint public diplomacy programs, as well as training programs.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.
Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$41,237.00	\$0.00	\$41,237.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	137	137

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Nepal

Post-generated programming occurs covering the topics of Education, Science and Mathematics, Sport, Recreation, and Leisure.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$447,123.00	\$0.00	\$447,123.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	45,446	45,446

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Pakistan

Pakistan presents one of the most challenging public diplomacy (PD) environments due to the unpredictable security environment, difficulties in obtaining Pakistani government approval to access large parts of the country, and cultural, linguistic and historical barriers. The majority of Pakistanis believe U.S. and Pakistani national interests are fundamentally divergent. The suspension of U.S. security assistance in January 2018 could have been a public diplomacy challenge but careful messaging -- framing the change as shifting the bilateral relationship to one based on mutually beneficial trade and commerce rather than on donor-to-recipient assistance -- has so far prevented public fall out.

In this context, Mission Pakistan implements an extensive range of exchange programs to strengthen long-term U.S. influence with current and future generations of Pakistani leaders. The Pakistan U.S. Alumni Network (PUAN), with over 32,000 members, is the most developed and active network of alumni of U.S. government-funded exchange programs in the world. Alumni actively share positive messages about the United States and dispel stereotypes as trusted voices within their communities across sectors.

In FY 2019, the majority of foreign participants were engaged in educational activities but in total they represent a diverse range of fields (including arts and humanities, business, communications, environment and government, science and mathematics, social sciences, and sport/recreation and leisure).

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$3,200,000.00	\$0.00	\$3,200,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	57,994	57,994

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Post-Generated Programs - Turkmenistan

Post-generated programs include a variety of activities each year.

In FY 2019,

-- Experts from the Association of American Voices conducted a teaching program at the National Boarding School of Turkmenistan in December 2018. It was a stand-alone program, not a multi-year effort.

-- A professor of Global History at Oxford University traveled to Turkmenistan to exchange views and ideas on Silk Road history and heritage with Turkmen historians, archaeologists, scholars, students, and the general public. The program was part of the Embassy's activities aimed at cooperating with the government in the area of historical research and support Turkmenistan's 2018 initiative entitled Turkmenistan: Heart of the Great Silk Road. It was a stand-alone program, not a multi-year program.

-- The American folk band from Nashville, Tennessee, called Humming House presented a music program in Turkmenistan. It was a stand-alone program.

-- The New York City-based Ari Roland Quartet provided an American Jazz Music Performance and Workshop. It was a stand-alone program.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Turkmenistan increases trade and further integrates into regional and global economic markets and institutions.

Turkmenistan reforms education, health, justice, and governance sectors in accordance with international standards and practices.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$92,462.00	\$0.00	\$92,462.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
12	796	808

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Bureau of Western Hemisphere Affairs

The Bureau of Western Hemisphere Affairs is responsible for managing and promoting U.S. interests in the region by supporting democracy, trade, and sustainable economic development, and fostering cooperation on issues such as drug trafficking and crime, poverty reduction, and environmental protection.

The Bureau works with its partners in the Americas to generate broad-based growth through freer trade and sound economic policies, to invest in the well-being of people from all walks of life, and to make democracy serve every citizen more effectively and justly.

The Bureau strives to strengthen an inter-American community formed by:

- Economic partners that are democratic, stable, and prosperous.
- Friendly neighbors that help secure our borders against terrorism and illegal drugs.
- Nations that work together in the world to advance shared political and economic values.

Post-Generated Exchange Programs

Post-generated exchanges in the Western Hemispheric region consist of a variety of exchanges, seminars, and conferences that promote U.S. interests in democracy, trade, and sustainable economic development. Programs also foster cooperation on issues such as drug trafficking and crime, poverty reduction, and environmental protection.

Strategic Goals:

- Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.
- Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$8,750,316.00	\$0.00	\$8,750,316.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$387,900.00	Not Tracked	\$319,719.00	Not Tracked	\$707,619.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2,098	97,768	99,866

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$5,354.00	\$5,354.00 †	102

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Department of the Treasury

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The mission of the Department of the Treasury is to promote prosperous and stable American and world economies, manage the U.S. Government's finances, safeguard our financial systems, protect our nation's leaders, ensure a safe and drug-free America, and continue to build a strong institution. The Department carries out this mission by performing four basic functions: formulating and recommending economic, financial, tax, and fiscal policies; serving as financial agent for the U.S. Government; enforcing the law; and manufacturing coins and currency.

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

The primary mission of the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) is to charter, regulate, and supervise all national banks and federal savings associations. The OCC also supervise the federal branches and agencies of foreign banks. U.S. goal in supervising banks and federal savings associations is to ensure that they operate in a safe and sound manner and in compliance with laws requiring fair treatment of their customers and fair access to credit and financial products.

Foreign Technical Assistance Program

The Foreign Technical Assistance (FTA) Program at the OCC was formalized in 1998. It is administered by International Banking Supervision. The FTA Program offers a broad range of training and advisory resources to foreign supervisory organizations and international organizations. The FTA Program coordinates OCC's subject matter experts to provide the highest quality of technical assistance, training, and consulting services to foreign bank supervisors. The FTA Program provides leadership development opportunities to OCC staff. All participants in our FTA Program are foreign bank supervisors.

The OCC's FTA Program seeks to help foreign supervisors develop, improve, and refine their banking supervisory systems. The objectives of the program are to:

- Establish, build, and maintain relationships with foreign banking supervisory organizations.
- Strengthen supervision of our banks with international operations by assisting host countries in improving their bank supervision process.
- Enhance international expertise of OCC examiners and staff.
- Assist with mandates where supervisory authorities lend their resources to various groups to help promote and encourage adoption of international standards and best practices by foreign supervisory authorities.

The following are various types of FTA Projects/Assignments:

- International FTA Visitors Briefings
- OCC-sponsored Formal Classroom Training
- On-site participation in bank examinations
- Secondments
- U.S. Government-sponsored Projects
- IMF/World Bank Projects

All participants in our FTA Program were foreign bank supervisors in FY 2019.

Foreign Technical Assistance Schools

- OCC Anti-Money Laundering School for Foreign Supervisors

The OCC presented an AML/CFT school for foreign regulators in Washington, D.C. There were 26 participants representing the following jurisdictions: Aruba, Austria, Belize, Canada, Germany, Hong Kong, India, Latvia, Netherlands Philippines, Singapore, South Africa, South Korea, and Suriname.

- OCC Problem Bank School for Foreign Supervisors

The OCC presented a Problem Bank School for Foreign Supervisors in Washington, DC. There were 22 foreign supervisors representing the following jurisdictions: Bahamas, Canada, Honduras, India, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Turks and Caicos Islands, and Uganda.

- OCC Balance Sheet and Liquidity Risk Management School

There were 12 foreign supervisors representing the following jurisdictions that attended the Balance Sheet and Liquidity Risk Management School in Washington, D.C.: Canada, Germany, India, Philippines, and Saudi Arabia.

- OCC Bank Information Technology School

There were 11 foreign supervisors representing the following jurisdictions that attended the Bank Information Technology School in Washington, D.C.: Austria, Canada, Germany, India, Pakistan, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, and South Korea.

- OCC Problem Bank Supervision School

The OCC taught a Problem Bank Supervision school for the Association of Supervisors of Banks of the Americas in Lima, Peru, for 26 foreign supervisors from the following jurisdictions: Costa Rica, Curacao, Guatemala, Honduras, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, and Uruguay.

Secondments

- The OCC hosted a secondee from South Korea FSS, he worked with the OCC AML team at JPMorgan Chase & Co.

Strategic Goals:

Promote and Encourage Adoption of International Standards and Best Practices by Foreign Supervisory Authorities.

Supports Building and Maintaining Relationships with Foreign Bank Supervisory Organizations.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$5,354.00	\$5,354.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	100	102

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$527,735.00 †	\$311,303.00 †	\$216,432.00 †	\$355,883.00 †	Not Tracked	\$165,817.00 †	\$4,210.00 †	\$1,053,645.00 †	1,702

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures include some expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Department of Transportation

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The Department of Transportation (DOT) is a Cabinet-level executive department commissioned to serve the United States by ensuring a fast, safe, efficient, accessible, and secure transportation system that meets vital national interests and enhances the quality of life of the American people, today and into the future. Leadership of the DOT is provided by the Secretary of Transportation, who is the principal adviser to the President in all matters relating to federal transportation programs.

The DOT includes the Office of the Secretary and 10 individual operating administrations: the Federal Aviation Administration, the Federal Highway Administration, the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, the Federal Railroad Administration, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, the Federal Transit Administration, the Maritime Administration, the Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation, the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, and the Surface Transportation Board.

A number of the Department's operating administrations, along with the Office of International Transportation and Trade within the Office of the Secretary, are engaged in international cooperation, training, and exchange activities. The Office of International Transportation and Trade oversees the formulation of international transportation policy.

The Department's Strategic Plan describes five policy goals and strategies to improve the nation's transportation sector: safety, state of good repair, economic competitiveness, livable communities, and environmental sustainability. Successful achievements of these goals will boost the economic well-being of our country and spur opportunities for greater implementation of technical assistance and training programs around the world.

The Department's international training and technical exchange programs in areas such as promoting regional air traffic control centers, road construction and maintenance, internships, need-based classroom courses, intercity transport, scanning tours, and international workshops have proven to be vitally important to U.S. interests abroad as well as mutually beneficial to our foreign transport partners.

Federal Aviation Administration

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) provides a safe, secure, and efficient global aerospace system that contributes to national security and the promotion of U.S. aerospace safety. As the leading authority in the international aerospace community, the FAA is responsive to the dynamic nature of customer needs, economic conditions, and environmental concerns.

Federal Aviation Administration International Training Program

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) International Training Program provides training to foreign aviation officials under government-to-government agreements and government-to-government contracts, generally between the FAA and the Civil Aviation Authority in the recipient country. The recipient country/organization normally reimburses the FAA for the costs associated with the training, however funding for some training programs may be arranged through other U.S. Government agencies or international organizations.

The FAA Academy is the primary provider of aviation technical and managerial training for personnel operating within the U.S. National Airspace System and is the primary training provider to foreign recipients. Available training includes Flight Standards, Air Traffic, Maintenance Technicians/Engineers, Instrument Flight Procedures Development, Instructor Development, Airports, and Aviation English. Some training can be customized to meet the aviation needs of a particular country or region and may be conducted in-country or at the FAA Academy in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The length of most courses is one week, although some courses may take a few weeks to complete.

In FY 2019, the FAA provided aviation specific training to 221 participants from over 27 different countries, international organizations, and Air Navigation Service Providers.

Strategic Goals: Operation of a Safe, Secure, and Efficient International Airspace.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$212,932.00	\$212,932.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$353,509.00	Not Tracked	\$165,817.00	\$4,210.00	\$523,536.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	221	221

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Federal Highway Administration

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is committed to the improvement of America's highway system and its intermodal connections. The FHWA provides leadership, expertise, resources, and information in cooperation with its partners to enhance the country's economic vitality, quality of life, and environment. The FHWA directly administers a number of highway transportation activities including standards development, research and technology, training, technical assistance, and highway access to federally-owned lands and Indian lands. Further, FHWA has a significant role in allocating resources and working through partnerships, programs, and policies, which facilitate the strategic development and maintenance of state and local transportation systems as effective and efficient elements of the national intermodal transportation system.

International Outreach Programs

The Office of International Programs leads the Federal Highway Administration's efforts to serve the U.S. road community's access to international sources of information on road-related technologies and best practices, and to provide technical assistance on road transportation issues to selected strategically important.

Binational Relations Program:

-- Facilitates knowledge exchange by leveraging government-to-government partnerships, focusing on agency priorities. These efforts focus on exchanging information on best practices and technologies related to FHWA and DOT high-priority topics.

Multinational Relations Program:

-- The FHWA's involvement in multilateral relations includes global organizations such as the World Road Association (PIARC). It also features the Global Benchmarking Program which supports FHWA's leadership role and strategic priorities by seeking out and adapting foreign innovations that could significantly improve highways and highway transportation services in the United States.

Researcher Exchange Program:

-- The Office of International Programs assists its foreign counterparts with setting up long-term exchange programs for their employees who will to spend 18-24 months with the FHWA.

Visitors Program:

-- The Office of International Programs also provides short-term, ad hoc international visitor programs for its foreign counterparts who would like to meet with officials in other elements within FHWA and the Department of Transportation. The FHWA also refers such requests to appropriate associations and state and local transportation organizations.

Highlights of FY 2019:

-- The FHWA Associate Administrator for Research, Development, and Technology traveled to attend the Forum of European National Research Laboratories (FEHRL) General Assembly Meeting. The FHWA has been working with FEHRL member countries to improve highway condition and performance through increased use of design, materials, construction and maintenance innovations.

-- FHWA officials participated in corporate and technical activities of WRA. Participation in the Association has significant value to FHWA because it allows FHWA to exchange information on innovative road practices with foreign counterpart agencies, other members, and the WRA itself. Moreover, the WRA is a significant channel for communicating U.S. developments to the rest of the world.

-- FHWA 18th USA-Korea Roads Workshop occurred.

-- FHWA Global Benchmarking Program (GBP) Electrically Isolated Tendons in European Highway Structures took place.

-- FHWA Global Benchmarking Program (GBP) Building Information Modeling (BIM) occurred.

-- North America Transportation Statistical (NATS) Data Interchange

-- Korea Expressway Corporation (KEC) site visits occurred and an exchange of information on the three key infrastructure resiliency projects under a bilateral agreement.

-- FHWA conducted management-level visit to Japan to discuss the U.S.-Japan Bridge Workshop and prospective technology exchanges between the two countries.

-- In May 2019, a new Japanese research fellow began an assignment with FHWA.

-- FHWA held meeting with Sweden on Vision Zero (road safety initiative); also a webinar on Mobility as a Service/Mobility on Demand.

-- FHWA coordinated several U.S.-Australian technical webinars.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$246,313.00	\$3,500.00	\$249,813.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$2,374.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$2,374.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
63	63	126

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration

The Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) was established as a separate administration within the Department on January 1, 2000, pursuant to the Motor Carrier Safety Improvement Act of 1999. Its primary mission is to reduce crashes, injuries, and fatalities involving large trucks and buses. Headquartered in Washington, D.C., FMCSA employs more than 1,000 individuals nationwide and works to improve bus and truck safety and save lives.

Drug Interdiction Assistance Program

The Drug Interdiction Assistance Program (DIAP) is a specialized unit of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration. Established in 1988, the program assists law enforcement officials in the detection and apprehension of transporters and users of illicit drugs relating to commercial motor vehicles. Program focus includes the development and distribution of techniques to rapidly identify in-transit commercial drivers and vehicles involved in criminal activity.

The mission of DIAP is based on and delivered through

- Support of investigative/informational requests.
- Support of transportation security initiatives.
- Integration of effective technology.
- Highway drug interdiction training.
- Use of discretionary funding.
- Providing technical assistance.

Since inception, members of the DIAP team have trained over 105,000 federal, state, and local officials in commercial vehicle drug and criminal interdiction tactics and techniques. Illicit drug seizures and criminal apprehensions routinely increase dramatically after training.

DIAP training throughout Canada is a long-term, on-going program. Training materials and instruction are co-developed and shared. The program trains commercial vehicle safety and law enforcement officials. The courses deal with Transportation (highway safety) and Justice (criminal activities) issues.

In FY 2019, 152 participants from 62 law enforcement agencies, including the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, received DIAP training. Canadian travel costs totaled \$33,270.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$33,270.00	\$0.00	\$33,270.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
152	15	167

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration International Exchange and Training Activities

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA), in cooperation with its partners and customers strives to reduce crashes, injuries, and fatalities involving large trucks and buses. FMCSA has many safety and security issues, including international exchanges and initiatives, such as the North American Standard Vehicle Inspection Standards training.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Train Counterparts in Standardized Commercial Vehicle Inspection Standards to Encourage Safer Commercial Vehicles entering U.S from Mexico.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$7,720.00	\$0.00	\$7,720.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
5	87	92

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Federal Railroad Administration

The Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) promotes safe, environmentally sound, and successful railroad transportation to meet current and future needs of all customers. It encourages policies and investment in infrastructure and technology to enable rail to realize its full potential.

Federal Railroad Administration International Visitors Program and International Activities

The Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) International Visitors Program is an unfunded program designed to facilitate and assist cooperative efforts between international rail entities, foreign private, and government-owned and operated rail systems, and the U.S. rail industry, including manufacturers, suppliers, and service providers. These international activities allow the FRA to develop railroad related cooperative agreements amongst various countries and international rail organizations to facilitate communication between foreign passenger and freight railroad entities and U.S. rail related industries. In Washington, D.C., FRA representatives provide visiting foreign government and/or foreign- or U.S. Government-sponsored and supported delegations with technical briefings, economic briefings, and discussions about the U.S. rail industry. To support specific DOT and/or Administration initiatives, FRA representatives occasionally travel overseas to provide and discuss rail related matters of mutual interest.

In FY 2019, FRA's International Program has accounted for 612 foreign participants, in part to exchange technical information as well as provide informal briefings.

One notable FRA trilateral meeting occurred in March 2019 where rail regulatory organizations from Canada, Mexico, and the United States attended an in-person meeting to exchange information on matters of mutual interest in rail safety. This North America rail regulatory meeting provided for a successful exchange of best practices.

U.S. participants traveling abroad from FRA's International Program Office facilitate travel for both routine and non-routine travel of FRA staff. FY 2019 trips included numerous rail safety joint inspections with FRA and Transport Canada participants that occur on both sides of the U.S and Canadian border.

One notable foreign travel trip to the Netherlands for the annual ILCAD Conference (International Level Crossing Awareness Day) focused on global rail entities sharing a variety of information focused on reducing grade crossing and trespassing accidents and fatalities. This trip included site visits demonstrating how the Netherlands has overcome high risk areas at rail crossings.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
360	612	972

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Federal Transit Administration

The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) is one of eleven operating administrations of the U.S. Department of Transportation. FTA's mission is to improve public transportation for America's communities. FTA manages combined formula and discretionary programs totaling more than \$10 billion annually to support a variety of locally planned, constructed, and operated public transportation systems throughout the United States. Systems include buses, subways, light rail, commuter rail, streetcars, monorail, passenger ferry boats, and people movers.

The FTA International Program plays a vital role in providing the international outreach necessary to support America's movement toward a new public transportation future for the 21st century. The premier goal of the program is to make the U.S. transit industry more globally competitive and is supported by four strategic areas: Trade Promotion, Technology Transfer, Human Capacity Building, and International Accessibility Outreach.

Federal Transit Administration International Exchange and Training Program

Federal Transportation Administration (FTA) international activities support Department of Transportation (DOT) goals of Safety, Innovation, and Infrastructure. FTA's international travel goals are to:

- Increase our understanding of promising practices in transit innovation by studying international experiences and participating in strategic conferences -- especially in the areas of automation and mobility on demand;
- Increase economic prosperity by engaging in trade missions;
- Expand opportunities for economic competitiveness by providing technical assistance and training in U.S.-led innovations; and
- Enhance the accessibility of infrastructure through international exchanges.

FTA has a long history of collaborating across the globe on many international initiatives. Activities range from visits with international delegations to the DOT, exchanging public transportation innovations during visits to other countries, and participating in key international conferences. These efforts help promote public transportation innovation, helps the U.S. transit industry remain competitive internationally, and promote economic prosperity.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

Enhance the Accessibility of Infrastructure through International Exchanges.

Increase Economic Prosperity by Engaging in Trade Missions.

Expand Opportunities for Economic Competitiveness by Providing Technical Assistance and Training in U.S.-led Innovations.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
18	7	25

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

The primary mission of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) is to save lives and prevent injuries or economic losses resulting from road crashes. NHTSA's programs focus on two areas: design and construction of vehicles and equipment, which includes developing and issuing regulations that improve the safety of motor vehicles and passengers; and behavioral issues, with a specific focus on best practices for drivers, passengers, pedestrians, and other road users.

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration International Activities

The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) has limited authority in the international affairs arena, and therefore does not have a formal international program. The only international activity that is supported by Congress through appropriations is travel to attend meetings related to global harmonization of vehicle safety standards.

NHTSA does not have the authority to provide any technical assistance to a foreign country. In some very specific and unique instances, NHTSA has provided its expertise to foreign countries under the authority of the Secretary of Transportation or another federal agency of the U.S. Government. More often, NHTSA entertains requests from domestic and foreign entities, both governmental and private, to give briefings at its headquarters on its traffic safety, research, and regulatory programs.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	60	60

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

Office of the Assistant Secretary for Research and Technology (OST-R)

The Office of the Assistant Secretary for Research and Technology (OST-R) coordinates the Department's research programs and is charged with advancing the deployment of cross-cutting technologies to improve America's transportation system. As directed by Congress in its founding legislation, OST-R leads DOT in:

- Coordinating, facilitating, and reviewing the Department's research and development programs and activities.
- Advancing innovative technologies, including intelligent transportation systems.
- Performing comprehensive transportation statistics research, analysis, and reporting.
- Providing education and training in transportation and transportation-related fields.

Transportation Information Exchanges

In the international area, OST-R/Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) collects, analyzes, and disseminates data and information on U.S. international trade, international travel, and global transportation issues, and conducts international exchanges and collaboration activities within the Department with other statistical and transportation agencies, and with other international organizations. These activities support the DOT strategic goal. BTS is identified as the lead agency for the North American Transportation Statistics Interchange (NATS Interchange). Through the NATS Interchange, transportation and statistics federal agencies in Canada, Mexico and the United States exchange information on transportation data activities and coordinate joint projects.

Canada hosted the North American Transportation Statistics (NATS) Interchange in 2019. This meeting is held every non-pandemic year, and rotates among Canada, Mexico, and the United States. We have no data on the cost of foreign delegation participation in the NATS Interchange.

An estimate of \$2,000 per U.S. Government attendee was made for travel to Montreal to attend the NATS Interchange.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$24,000.00	\$0.00	\$24,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
12	27	39

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$296,083.00 †	\$291,581.00 †	\$4,502.00 †	\$3,280.00 †	\$140,862.00 †	\$20,119.00 †	\$3,978.00 †	\$464,322.00 †	174

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Department of Veterans Affairs

810 Vermont Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20420
www.va.gov • 202-461-7600

The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) is comprised of a Central Office (VACO), which is located in Washington, DC, and field facilities throughout the nation, as well as the U.S. territories and the Philippines. Programs are administered by its three major line organizations: Veterans Health Administration (VHA), Veterans Benefits Administration (VBA), and National Cemetery Administration (NCA). VA is the second largest Federal department, with a workforce of over 327,000 employees.

Services and benefits are provided through a nationwide network of 151 Medical Centers, 300 Vet Centers, 820 Community-based Outpatient Clinics (CBOC), 135 Community Living Centers, 6 Independent Outpatient Clinics, 103 Residential Rehabilitation Centers, 139 Integrated Disability Evaluation System (IDES) sites, 131 National and 90 State or Tribal Cemeteries, 56 Regional Offices, 6 Fiduciary Hubs, 3 Pension Management Centers, 1 Insurance Center, 94 VetSuccess on Campus (VSOC) sites, 284 Out-based benefits services offices (154 military, 130 Vocational Rehabilitation & Employment), 4 Education Regional Processing Offices (RPO), and 9 Regional Loan Centers.

Veterans Health Administration

The Veterans Health Administration provides hospital, nursing home, and domiciliary care, as well as outpatient medical and dental care, to eligible veterans of military service in the Armed Forces.

Department of Veterans Affairs Training Activities

The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) is comprised of a Central Office, which is located in Washington, D.C., and field facilities throughout the nation, as well as the U.S. territories and the Philippines. Programs are administered by its three major line organizations: Veterans Health Administration, Veterans Benefits Administration, and National Cemetery Administration. VA is the second largest federal department, with a workforce of over 327,000 employees.

Services and benefits are provided through a nationwide network of 151 Medical Centers, 300 Vet Centers, 820 Community-based Outpatient Clinics, 135 Community Living Centers, six Independent Outpatient Clinics, 103 Residential Rehabilitation Centers, 139 Integrated Disability Evaluation System sites, 131 National and 90 State or Tribal Cemeteries, 56 Regional Offices, six Fiduciary Hubs, three Pension Management Centers, one Insurance Center, 94 VetSuccess on Campus sites, 284 Out-based benefits services offices (154 military, 130 Vocational Rehabilitation & Employment), four Education Regional Processing Offices, and nine Regional Loan Centers.

Each year some VA employees travel to other countries to participate in conferences, symposia, and various types of training activities. A significant majority of these individuals are health care professionals (physicians, dentists, nurses, medical researchers, for example) attending the conferences or symposia to present papers, meet with peers, and advance their professional knowledge.

VA does not itself administer the conferences, symposia, and other activities that VA employees attend in other countries. These programs are administered by various non-VA entities, including professional organizations, institutions of higher learning, international organizations, and government agencies. Each year VA employees, however, do receive funding support from the VA to travel abroad to attend conferences, symposia, and other job-related activities. Generally, this support covers transportation and/or lodging. In some instances, the employees may attend the conferences on government time; in others, they must use personal leave.

Department of Veterans Affairs reported 174 U.S. participants in FY 2019.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Empower Veterans to Improve Their Well-Being.

Enhance and Develop Trusted Partnerships.

Manage and Improve VA Operations to Deliver Seamless and Integrated Support.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$291,581.00	\$4,502.00	\$296,083.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$3,280.00	\$140,862.00	\$20,119.00	\$3,978.00	\$168,239.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
174	0	174

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Independent Establishments and Government Corporations

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	92

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (Access Board)

1331 F Street, NW, Suite 1000
Washington, DC 20004-1111
www.access-board.gov • 202-272-0080

The Access Board is an independent federal agency devoted to accessibility for people with disabilities. Under several different laws, including the landmark Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), the Board develops and maintains accessibility guidelines or standards for the built environment, transportation vehicles, telecommunications equipment, and electronic and information technology. The Board is structured to function as a coordinating body among federal agencies and to directly represent the public, particularly people with disabilities. Half of its members are representatives from most of the federal departments. The other half are members of the public appointed by the President, a majority of whom must have a disability.

Access Board International Visitor Activities

The Access Board hosts visitors from foreign countries to discuss promoting accessibility for persons with disabilities. Topics include new technologies, product development, and development of new accessibility regulations. The Board does not have a formal international visitor program. International visitors are referred to the Board through federal and other international visitor programming organizations. No formal budget or monies are appropriated for this activity.

Strategic Goals:

Advancement of Accessibility for Persons with Disabilities by Promoting Equality through Leadership.

Advancement of Accessible Design and the Development of Accessibility Guidelines and Standards.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
41	51	92

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$6,750.00 †	\$6,750.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$23,500.00 †	Not Tracked	\$10,000.00	\$38,000.00 †	\$78,250.00 †	1,232

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Commodity Futures Trading Commission

3 Lafayette Centre
1155 21st Street, NW
Washington, DC 20581
www.cftc.gov • 202-418-5000

The mission of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission is to foster open, transparent, competitive, and financially sound markets. By working to avoid systemic risk, the Commission aims to protect market users and their funds, consumers, and the public from fraud, manipulation, and abusive practices related to derivatives and other products that are subject to the Commodity Exchange Act.

Technical Assistance Program

The Office of International Affairs advises the Commission regarding international regulatory initiatives; provides guidance regarding international issues raised in Commission matters; represents the Commission in international fora such as the International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO), OTC Derivatives Working Group (ODWG), and OTC Derivatives Regulators Group (ODRG); coordinates Commission policy as it relates to policies and initiatives of major foreign jurisdictions, the G20, Financial Stability Board (FSB), and U.S. Treasury Department; negotiates cooperative arrangements and responds to inquiries related to supervisory cooperation or information sharing; and provides technical assistance to foreign market authorities, including advice, training, and an annual meeting and symposium.

During FY 2019, the CFTC provided training and held informational discussions with 1,222 foreign regulators and industry officials on a variety of topics in the futures and derivatives markets, including market oversight, enforcement, surveillance, and examinations.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$6,750.00	\$0.00	\$6,750.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$23,500.00	Not Tracked	\$10,000.00	\$38,000.00	\$71,500.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
10	1,222	1,232

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$151,410.00 †	\$151,410.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$151,410.00 †	1,358

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Consumer Product Safety Commission

4330 East West Highway
Bethesda, MD 20814
www.cpsc.gov • 301-504-7783

The Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) is charged with protecting the public from unreasonable risks of serious injury or death from more than 15,000 types of consumer products under the agency's jurisdiction. Death, injuries, and property damage from consumer product incidents cost the United States more than \$800 billion annually. The CPSC is committed to protecting consumers and families from products that pose a fire, electrical, chemical, or mechanical hazard or can injure children. The CPSC's work to ensure the safety of consumer products -- such as toys, cribs, power tools, cigarette lighters, and household chemicals -- contributed significantly to the 30% decline in the rate of deaths and injuries associated with consumer products over the past 30 years.

Consumer Product Safety Commission International Exchange and Training Activities

The Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) conducts training for government officials and the private sector at both its Bethesda, Maryland, headquarters and at international locations. Approximately a dozen delegations from CPSC's counterpart agencies abroad visit the CPSC annually. Visiting delegations receive an overview of the CPSC's mission and organizational structure; a detailed explanation of the CPSC's requirements for particular product areas; and technical training on the CPSC's risk assessment, market surveillance, and data analysis procedures. In addition, CPSC staff travel to other countries to provide regulators and voluntary standards organizations product-specific training.

All training conducted at CPSC headquarters is funded by the foreign participants' organization. A majority of the training exercises located outside of the United States are funded by foreign governments or private sector organizations. However, CPSC only tracks the total amount of reimbursed funding, as reported below, which does not include expenditures directly paid for by outside organizations.

The CPSC's outreach to foreign manufacturers and regulators is an ongoing part of our mission. The aim is to increase awareness of and compliance with U.S. product safety requirements and to help foreign regulators increase their capacity to prevent the manufacturing of unsafe products.

During FY 2019, CPSC engaged in 57 training activities or policy briefing events for foreign-based industry or foreign government representatives.

Strategic Goals:

Increase Compliant Manufacturing, Improve Regulatory Coordination, and Encourage Standards Alignment where it is Beneficial to Consumers.

Protect American Consumers from Hazardous and Noncompliant Consumer Products.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$151,410.00	\$0.00	\$151,410.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
75	1,283	1,358

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	40

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency for the District of Columbia

633 Indiana Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20004-2902
www.csosa.gov • 202-220-5300

The Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency for the District of Columbia (CSOSA) was established by the National Capital Revitalization and Self-Government Improvement Act of 1997 (Public Law 105-33, the "Revitalization Act"). CSOSA supervises adults on pretrial release, probation, parole, and supervised release in the District of Columbia. CSOSA assumed the supervision functions of both the D.C. Superior Court Adult Probation Division and the D.C. Board of Parole. Also pursuant to the Revitalization Act, Pretrial Services Agency (PSA) became an independent entity within CSOSA and receives its funding as a separate line item in the CSOSA appropriation. With implementation of the Revitalization Act, the federal government has taken on a unique, front-line role in the day-to-day public safety of everyone who lives, visits or works in the District of Columbia. As one of the premiere Pretrial and Post-Conviction Community Supervision agencies in the country, CSOSA is frequently called upon to host and provide program and operational briefings to foreign public criminal justice officials and staff. These international exchanges allow for enhanced innovation and information sharing among entities as well as help to foster improved intra-governmental relations and cultural awareness between participating countries.

Community Supervision Program

The Community Supervision Program (CSP) provides supervision in the community for adult offenders on probation, parole, or supervised release, consistent with a crime prevention strategy that emphasizes public safety and successful reentry into the community through an integrated system of close supervision, routine drug testing, treatment and support services, and graduated sanctions. CSP also develops and provides the courts and the U.S. Parole Commission with critical information for probation and parole decisions. CSP officials work with other countries to provide training and share strategies on a variety of issues, such as combating illicit drug use, improving penal institutions, and promoting offender reentry.

In FY 2019, CSOSA hosted only one tour and program briefing exchange for foreign criminal justice officials from Brazil. The exchange came about as a result of a request from the Meridian International Center. The single-day visit provided the staff of CSOSA an opportunity to showcase our utilization of GPS technology for monitoring offenders under our supervision. The U.S. staff participants are included in this submission.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.
Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	5	8

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Pretrial Services Agency

The mission of the Pretrial Services Agency for the District of Columbia (PSA) is to promote pretrial justice and enhance community safety. In fulfilling this mission, PSA assists judicial officers in both the Superior Court of the District of Columbia and the United States District Court for the District of Columbia by conducting a risk assessment for every arrested person who will be presented in court, identifying detention eligibility and formulating release recommendations, as appropriate, based upon the arrestee's demographic information, criminal history, and substance use and/or mental health information. For defendants who are placed on conditional release pending trial, PSA provides supervision and treatment services intended to reasonably assure that they return to court and do not engage in criminal activity pending their trial and/or sentencing.

In FY 2019, PSA hosted visitors from three countries, on separate occasions. The countries represented during this reporting period include Cote d'Ivoire, Nigeria, and Uzbekistan. Overall, the sessions provided foreign participants insight into the pretrial judicial and supervision practices employed by PSA.

Strategic Goals: Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.
Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
9	23	32

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	1,647

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Environmental Protection Agency

Office of International and Tribal Affairs
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20460
www.epa.gov • 202-564-6613

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) strives to ensure that all Americans, from communities, individuals, and businesses to state, local, and tribal governments, be protected from significant risks to human health and the environment. The Agency's mission is to make communities and ecosystems diverse, sustainable, and economically productive by safeguarding the natural environment, using the best available science and technologies.

Environmental Protection Agency International Visitors Program

The Environmental Protection Agency vets and coordinates requests from members of the international community who wish to meet with agency personnel.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00	Not Tracked	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	1,647	1,647

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	358

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Federal Communications Commission

International Visitors Program, International Bureau
 445 12th Street, SW
 Washington, DC 20554
www.fcc.gov/ib/ivp or <http://fcc.us/visitfcc> • 202-418-1483

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) regulates interstate and foreign communications by radio, television, wire, satellite, and cable. It is responsible for the orderly development and operation of broadcast services and the provision of rapid, efficient nationwide and worldwide telephone and telegraph services at reasonable rates. Its responsibilities also include the use of communications for promoting safety of life and property and for strengthening the national defense.

Federal Communications Commission International Visitors Program

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) International Visitors Program (IVP) is part of the International Bureau. The International Bureau was established on October 11, 1994. It handles all international communications and satellite programs and policies. The Bureau also has the principal representational role on behalf of the Commission at international conferences, meetings, and negotiations.

The IVP enables foreign delegations to interact in informal discussions with FCC personnel who provide legal, technical, and economic perspectives on a wide range of communications issues involving broadcasting, cablecasting, and telecommunications. Among the issues discussed during IVP briefings are the FCC's organizational structure, its multiple roles as an independent regulatory agency including licensing, enforcement, and rulemaking procedures, and its statutory powers, regulations, and current proceedings. Such interdisciplinary exchanges are intended to benefit all parties who have a unique opportunity to gain insight into each other's regulatory agencies, policies, and procedures. These meetings are increasingly important as telecommunications networks become global in scope and many countries seek to modify their regulatory approaches to foster privatization and competition in the telecommunications marketplace. IVP briefings assist in this process by providing delegations with an opportunity to examine firsthand the U.S. regulatory model as one possible approach. Furthermore, IVP briefings provide useful opportunities for exchanging information and perspectives as the U.S. Government and other governments negotiate international agreements to reflect these marketplaces and regulatory changes.

In FY 2019, the IVP conducted briefings for visitors from over 96 countries.

Strategic Goals:

Communicate and Exchange Telecommunications Information to Foreign Communications Regulators, Governments and Private Organizations.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
56	302	358

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	435

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

550 17th Street, NW
Washington, DC 20429
www.fdic.gov • 877-275-3342

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) maintains public confidence in the U.S. financial system by insuring deposits in banks and thrift institutions for at least \$250,000; examining and supervising financial institutions for safety and soundness and consumer protection; and by serving as receiver and liquidator for failed insured depository institutions and certain failed systemically important financial companies.

The FDIC receives no Congressional appropriations -- it is funded by premiums that banks and thrift institutions pay for deposit insurance coverage and from earnings on investments in U.S. Treasury securities. The FDIC insures more than \$6 trillion of deposits in U.S. banks and thrifts.

The FDIC directly examines and supervises more than 4,300 banks and savings banks for operational safety and soundness, more than half of the institutions in the banking system. Banks can be chartered by the states or by the federal government. Banks chartered by states also have the choice of whether to join the Federal Reserve System. The FDIC is the primary federal regulator of banks that are chartered by the states that do not join the Federal Reserve System. In addition, the FDIC is the backup supervisor for the remaining insured banks and thrift institutions.

The FDIC also examines banks for compliance with consumer protection laws, including the Fair Credit Billing Act, the Fair Credit Reporting Act, the Truth-In-Lending Act, and the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, to name a few. Finally, the FDIC examines banks for compliance with the Community Reinvestment Act (CRA), which requires banks to help meet the credit needs of the communities they were chartered to serve, consistent with safe and sound banking practices.

FDIC International Programs

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation mission statement focuses on the role of the FDIC in maintaining stability and public confidence in the U.S. banking system and promotes the safety and soundness of insured depository institutions by addressing the risks to the deposit insurance fund.

The FDIC's international programs include the Technical Assistance Program, the Foreign Visitor Program, the Examiner Training Program, the Secondment Program, and participation in international organizations related to bank supervision and deposit insurance.

The Technical Assistance Program provides on-site training, expert consultation, and examination and resolutions assistance to foreign bank supervisory authorities, foreign central banks, and other foreign government agencies to enhance the development of foreign banking systems, deposit insurance programs, and bank supervisory mechanisms and to promote the exchange of information between the United States and other jurisdictions.

Requests for technical assistance must originate from an official source (such as a chairperson or director of a central bank), an international body, a U.S. Government office, or a nonprofit organization.

Generally, the FDIC will not provide technical assistance to a commercial entity, an individual, or an organization seeking help for a specific commercial project or contract. The FDIC is reimbursed for costs incurred in providing foreign technical assistance. The FDIC accommodates requests for technical assistance to the extent resources are available.

The Foreign Visitor Program coordinates FDIC staff and resources in meeting with foreign visitors and providing requested information to make the most effective use of FDIC resources and to provide a quality learning experience for the visitor. The FDIC fulfills requests for meetings and information to the extent that resources are available. The requests should also promote U.S. interests, enhance foreign banking systems and supervisory mechanisms, or develop relationships with foreign counterparts. Criteria for acceptance are the same as for the Technical Assistance Program. Most visits occur on FDIC premises.

The FDIC Secondment Program offered secondments, or long-term internships, to foreign officials sponsored by foreign administrations dealing with financial markets. The program was discontinued during the reporting period.

The Examiner Training Program provides appropriate, constructive assistance and technical training to jurisdictions that are committed to developing and maintaining a highly skilled examiner workforce. The FDIC's Corporate University accommodates requests from foreign central banks, supervisory authorities, and deposit insurers to send participants to specified FDIC examiner training schools held at the FDIC Seidman Center in Arlington, Virginia. Students are charged tuition and lodging fees. Costs are reviewed annually and are specified in the solicitation materials.

FDIC 101 is an Introduction to Deposit Insurance, Bank Supervision, and Resolutions course. FDIC 101 is designed to provide a high-level overview of the FDIC's policies and operations in a format tailored for an international audience. The program presents the FDIC's practices and lessons learned for deposit insurance, bank supervision and resolutions. FDIC 101 is a policy-oriented program designed for senior to mid-level managers and rising leaders from deposit insurance organizations, central banks, bank supervisors, and other international government agencies otherwise involved in financial safety net regulation and policy making.

During FY 2019, the FDIC staff shared its expertise with a wide range of individuals from both developed and emerging economies with the goal of enhancing capacity in deposit insurance, bank supervision, and resolutions.

The FDIC worked with 432 foreign officials from 153 jurisdictions including the European Union. The FDIC hosted training at its Corporate University for 188 foreign officials from 109 jurisdictions. And the FDIC hosted two sessions of FDIC 101 and one session of the Bank Resolution Experience, with a combined 79 participants from 72 jurisdictions.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Contribute to Global Financial Stability through Promotion and Education of International Best Practices.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	432	435

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	635

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

888 First Street, NE
Washington, DC 20426
www.ferc.gov • 202-502-6088

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) oversees America's electric utilities, natural gas industry, hydroelectric projects, and oil pipeline transportation system. The Commission chooses regulatory approaches that foster competitive markets whenever possible, ensures access to reliable service at a reasonable price, and gives full and fair consideration to environmental and community impacts in assessing the public interest of energy projects.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission International Visitors Program

Many foreign delegation visits to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) are at the request of the Department of State or its contractors. FERC typically respond to requests for meetings from foreign delegations and deal with each request on a case-by-case basis. The visits usually last one to two hours, although we have development programs that are more extensive. Topics cover issues related to FERC's expertise in energy markets and experience as a domestic regulatory agency.

In FY 2019, FERC signed memoranda of understanding with Australia, India, Israel and Singapore. Topics for discussion include electric reliability, electric market surveillance and natural gas markets and infrastructure. Officials continue to meet with various Indian delegations and engage with the government of India on energy issues such as electricity pricing and power sector reform.

FERC continued to expand work with the Directorate-General for Energy of the European Commission and held multiple digital video conferences with regulators in Brazil, the European Union, and India. FERC also continued energy and regulatory collaboration with Canada.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

Share Best Practices About Regulatory Processes.

Exchange Information on Energy Issues.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
34	601	635

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$114,400.00 †	\$4,400.00 †	\$110,000.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$114,400.00 †	677

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service

2100 K Street, NW, Room 201
Washington, DC 20427
www.fmcs.gov • 202-606-5445

The Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service (FMCS) assists labor and management in resolving disputes in collective bargaining contract negotiation through voluntary mediation and arbitration services for companies and unions involved in interstate commerce, for government agencies and unions, and workplace disputes; provides training to unions and management in cooperative processes to improve long-term relationships under the Labor Management Cooperation Act of 1978; provides alternative dispute resolution services and training to government agencies, including the facilitation of regulatory negotiations under the Administrative Dispute Resolution Act and the Negotiated Rulemaking Act of 1996; and awards competitive grants to joint labor-management committees to encourage innovative approaches to cooperative efforts. The agency provides training in mediation, facilitation, arbitration, and other dispute resolution processes to countries throughout the world, as well as arranges for site visits by international delegations who are researching dispute resolution processes and looking at ways to improve rule of law, economic efficiency and effectiveness, and labor-management relationships.

FMCS Office of International Affairs

Over the past 25 years, the Office of International Affairs at FMCS has worked to build local capacity for fair and effective systems of conflict management and labor dispute resolution around the world. We work in close partnership with other U.S. government-affiliated operations, including the Department of Labor's Bureau of International Labor Affairs, as well as international organizations like the ILO, to deliver professional services that meet a wide range of instructional and development needs.

For example, FMCS has been asked to train inspectors, arbitrators, judges, and professional neutrals in effective techniques for labor dispute resolution and conflict management, share best practices, and provide consultative assistance in the establishment of governmental mediation agencies and social dialogue centers in other countries. We partner with local government, labor, and management representatives to design these services and FMCS delivers training programs in the local language where possible by drawing on the professional expertise and international experience of our field staff. Through this work, FMCS mediators gain familiarity with a wide range of workplace issues throughout the world and are able to apply this broader perspective to their domestic practice.

In FY 2019, FMCS mediators delivered in-country mediation and conflict resolution training programs for government, labor, and management officials in Guatemala, Jordan, New Zealand, Taiwan, and Thailand. FMCS mediators also hosted a Chinese delegation in the United States in conjunction with a nongovernmental organization.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Further the U.S. Foreign Policy Goal of Enhancing Political and Economic Stability in Developing Nations.

Ensure that Labor Standards are Maintained in Trading Partner Countries so that Fewer U.S. Companies have an Incentive to Relocate.

Enhance Public Diplomacy by Promoting a Positive Image of the U.S. through Programs that Support Worthwhile Goals such as Labor Peace.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$4,400.00	\$110,000.00	\$114,400.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
37	640	677

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$984,259.00 †	\$225,208.00 †	\$759,051.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$984,259.00 †	2,636

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Federal Trade Commission

Office of Public Affairs
600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20580
www.ftc.gov • 202-326-2180

The objective of the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) is to maintain competitive enterprise as the keystone of the American economic system and to prevent the free enterprise system from being fettered by monopoly or restraints on trade or corrupted by unfair or deceptive trade practices. The Commission is charged with keeping competition both free and fair.

Federal Trade Commission International Programs

The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) works with competition and consumer protection agencies around the world to promote cooperation and convergence toward best practices. The FTC has built a strong network of cooperative relationships with its counterparts abroad, and plays a lead role in key multilateral relationships.

In the competition area, the FTC works closely with foreign competition agencies on cases of mutual interest to promote sound and consistent analyses and outcomes. We also promote policy convergence both through bilateral relationships and international organizations, such as the International Competition Network (ICN) and the Competition Committee of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD).

The FTC co-chairs the ICN's unilateral conduct working group, heads its subgroup on merger negotiation and review, and co-chairs its work on finding ways to make technical assistance more effective. The FTC participates in negotiating bilateral antitrust cooperation agreements and competition chapters of U.S. Free Trade Agreements.

In the consumer protection area, the FTC works with foreign law enforcement agencies on investigations and cases that affect U.S. consumers. Through memoranda of understanding with consumer protection enforcement agencies in foreign countries, and through multilateral organizations such as the International Consumer Protection and Enforcement Network (ICPEN) and the antispyam London Action Plan, we engage in information-sharing and investigative cooperation for law enforcement actions. We also develop policies that promote consumer choice and encourage consumer confidence in the international marketplace, with a focus on e-commerce and emerging technologies, through international organizations such as the Committee on Consumer Policy of the OECD, the Working Party on Information Security and Privacy of the OECD, the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) Electronic Commerce Steering Group and its Data Privacy Subgroup, and the APEC Telecommunication and Information Working Group.

The FTC also actively assists developing countries in their transition to market-based economies and their development of competition and consumer protection agencies. It provides advice to such agencies and, in partnership with the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice, operates a technical assistance program.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$225,208.00	\$759,051.00	\$984,259.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
63	2,573	2,636

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$8,803.00 †	\$7,006.00 †	\$1,797.00 †	\$1,550.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$10,353.00 †	167

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



General Services Administration

Office of Citizen Services and Innovative Technologies
1275 First Street, NE, 11th Floor
Washington, DC 20417
www.gsa.gov • 202-501-0705

The General Services Administration (GSA) establishes policy for, and provides economical and efficient management of, federal government property and records, including the construction and operation of buildings; procurement and distribution of supplies; utilization and disposal of real and personal property; management of transportation, traffic, and communications; and management of the governmentwide automatic data processing resources program. Its functions are carried out at three levels of organization: the central office, regional offices, and field activities.

18F Program

Federal, state, and local governments can partner with GSA's 18F to deliver projects that fulfill their mission, stay within budget, and use leading technology practices. 18F partners with agencies to improve the user experience of government services by helping them build and buy technology.

GSA staff met with a German Special Representative for International Digital Policy and Digital Transformation, and his delegation at GSA Central Office to discuss lessons learned regarding digital transformation and policy on Thursday, May 2, 2019.

Strategic Goals:

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	3	6

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Annual Trilateral Forum on Public Procurement

The Trilateral Forum was established on November 1, 2011, at the inaugural summit held between Canada, the United Kingdom and the United States. The purpose of the Trilateral is to discuss matters of common interest of the three countries related to public procurement in order to build and foster relationships among participating countries; share from best practices and lessons learned; ensure effective and efficient knowledge transfer and exchange; and explore solutions to common procurement challenges.

The FY 2019 Trilateral Forum was held in Washington, D.C., on May 14 and 15, 2019.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
27	17	44

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Bilateral Meetings of the U.S. General Services Administration and Public Services and Procurement Canada

Standing bilateral meeting of General Service Administration (GSA) and Canadian counterpart (PSPC) to share knowledge and best practices on areas of mutual interest.

The FY 2019 bilateral meeting between GSA and PSPC occurred on July 10, 2019, in Washington, D.C. The program focused on public sector procurement, government real property, workplace transformation, and government payroll.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.
Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$458.00	\$0.00	\$458.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$1,550.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$1,550.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
20	11	31

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Code.gov Program

Code.gov is the federal government's platform for sharing America's open source software. Our mission is to help agency partners and developers save money and increase quality by promoting code reuse and educating and connecting the open source community.

Highlights for FY 2019:

- Multiple virtual meetings with the Italian Digital Service team. One in-person attendance to an Italian annual conference, sponsored by the U.S. State Department.
- ForumPA Conference (May 14 - May 16, 2019). Code.gov staff traveled to Europe to meet with the Italian Digital Service and make presentation on open source.
- Meeting of Code.gov and the Italian Digital Service team to share knowledge and best practices on areas in relation to open source software in government on June 17, 2019.
- Quarterly Sync of Code.gov and the Italian Digital Service team to share knowledge and best practices on areas in relation to open source software in government on September 20, 2019.

Strategic Goals: Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$1,797.00	\$1,797.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	3	5

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Data.gov Program

Data.gov was launched in 2009 and is managed and hosted by the U.S. General Services Administration. It is designed to catalog and display the federal government's open data.

GSA staff met with the executive director for the United Arab Emirates' National Statistics and Data Sector at the Federal Competitiveness and Statistics Authority while at the United Nations World Data Forum in Dubai, October 2018. GSA staff also met with the director during the United Nations Statistical Commission meetings in New York City in March 2019. In both cases, the discussion was an overview of the open source platforms that the United States and other countries use for reporting Sustainable Development statistics and publishing open data. The meeting and conference were managed by the Office of the Chief Statistician of the United States in OMB/OIRA.

Data.gov occasionally participates in monthly technical collaboration calls around the open source Comprehensive Knowledge Archive Network (CKAN), is an open data portal for the storage and distribution of open data. CKAN platform that runs data.gov, as well as many other national government data catalogs. Occasionally attendees will include those from foreign governments, such as the governments of Canada and the United Kingdom.

GSA staff participate in recurring meetings on the open source Open SDG platform for reporting U.S. National Statistics for the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. Meetings typically involve participation from United Kingdom Office of National Statistics and occasionally other countries that also use the same open source platform developed by the United States and United Kingdom. Meetings are coordinated through the Office of the Chief Statistician of the United States in OMB/OIRA.

A GSA employee serves as a member of the Panel on Transparency and Reproducibility of Federal Statistics for the National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics and another panelist is from the Government of Canada (Statistics Canada). The work of the panel began in April 2019 and is ongoing, but set to conclude this year.

Strategic Goals:

- Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.
- Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$2,935.00	\$0.00	\$2,935.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
6	5	11

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Multilateral Meeting on Government Procurement

The Multilateral Meeting on Government Procurement (MMGP) allows for high-level roundtable discussions among government procurement organizations from around the world. Countries who attend the MMGP are: Canada (Public Services and Procurement Canada); Chile (ChileCompra); Italy (Consip); Republic of Korea (Public Procurement Service); and the United States (General Services Administration). It is based on a peer-to-peer approach and enables the exchange of best procurement practices. It also allows governments to discuss key challenges and opportunities in the field of public procurement.

The FY 2019 MMGP was held on October 10-11, 2018, in Vancouver, Canada. Public procurement representatives from five countries were in attendance: Canada, Chile, Italy, Republic of Korea, and the United States.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$1,474.00	\$0.00	\$1,474.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	12	13

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Open.USA.gov

Open.USA.gov is a website maintained by GSA that outlines initiatives on openness, transparency, and public participation, pursuant to the U.S. National Action Plans.

GSA staff met separately with German and British government delegations while in Ottawa, Canada, at the Open Government Partnership Summit, May 2019. GSA staff provided an overview of the current U.S. National Action Plan (NAP) for Open Gov (open.usa.gov) as well as overview of organizing structure and current progress on the NAP. The meetings were coordinated by the U.S. State Department.

GSA staff met with Argentine, Canadian, and Mexican delegation while in Ottawa at the Open Government Partnership Summit, May 2019. GSA staff provided an overview of the current open government initiatives and policies in the United States, including the U.S. NAP and Evidence Act. The meeting was coordinated by the U.S. State Department.

United Nations Convention Against Corruption (UNCAC) July 2019 - Site visit in Washington, D.C., with officials from the U.S. State Department, United Nations, and other member countries. GSA staff provided an overview of open government and open data policies and initiatives in the United States including Evidence Act, 21st Century IDEA, and the President's Management Agenda (Federal Data Strategy, and CX CAP goal).

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$2,139.00	\$0.00	\$2,139.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
13	31	44

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Presidential Innovation Fellows

The mission of the Presidential Innovation Fellows program is to harness technology and innovative solutions to solve America's toughest challenges, build resilience, and improve the lives of the public. We partner with senior government leaders to solve the most complex challenges. Our Fellows work within federal agencies to build their digital capabilities and infuse best practices across data science, design, engineering, product, and systems thinking. Fellows apply industry expertise and entrepreneurial perspectives to accelerate government modernization for the people.

On June 3, 2019, GSA staff met with staff of the Canadian Digital Services in Washington, D.C. to discuss the Presidential Innovation Fellow (PIF) program's model for recruiting and placing people, and building teams, in partner agencies. We also learned about their process and how they drive impact for their citizens.

Strategic Goals: Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	2	3

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Search.gov Program

Search.gov is a self-service, plug-and-play search solution program that federal agencies can use to provide a high-quality search experience to their website's users.

Staff conducted a virtual meeting with the Canadian search team to discuss common challenges and potential solutions via Elasticsearch, a search engine tool both programs use. This meeting was held on March 11, 2019.

Strategic Goals:

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

Promote Technology Modernization.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	2	3

Program activities were conducted via virtual means. Therefore, no program participants crossed an international border to engage in this program.

Technology Transformation Services Accessibility Guild

The Technology Transformation Services (TTS) Accessibility Guild is an employee resource focused on helping TTS staff improve their understanding of and skill sets related to conformance with Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act. In addition to compliance with federal guidelines, the guild also seeks to help TTS staff understand international standards, such as WCAG, and adopt widely recognized best practices in accessibility and inclusive design.

On March 5, 2019, GSA staff met with staff from the Australian Digital Transformation Agency in Washington, D.C. Their team had become aware of some of TTS' public-facing accessibility materials and guidance, such as [accessibility.digital.gov](https://www.accessibility.digital.gov/), and they were interested in learning more about how our team approaches accessibility.

GSA staff discussed accessibility best practices, change management inside of organizations, and some techniques for incorporating accessibility and requirements like Section 508 and WCAG into procurements. Section 508 and WCAG 2.0 Section 508, which is a part of the Rehabilitation Act, outlines online accessibility standards that federal agencies, contractors, and employers must meet.

Strategic Goals: Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	2	3

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

U.S. Web Design System

The U.S. Web Design System (USWDS) is a web design system accessible to the federal government.

The Technology Transformation Services staff virtually presented on the U.S. Web Design System to the International GovDesign community in May 2019.

Strategic Goals: Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	3	4

Program activities were conducted via virtual means. Therefore, no program participants crossed an international border to engage in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$38,078.00 †	\$38,078.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$38,078.00 †	163

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Inter-American Foundation

1331 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Suite 1200 North
Washington, DC 20004
www.iaf.gov • 202-360-4530

In 1969, the Inter-American Foundation (IAF) was created by the United States Congress as an independent agency of the U.S. Government. The mission of the IAF is to identify, support, and partner with the poor, their enterprises and grassroots organizations to create and build thriving communities.

IAF Strategic Goals:

- Expanding economic opportunity through investments in sustainable smallholder agriculture, urban and rural micro and small business growth, and local entrepreneurship and market development
- Enhancing peace and security by strengthening the social and economic fabric of communities and providing alternatives to crime, violence, unemployment and forced migration
- Strengthening governance by improving the capacity of community groups and other civil society actors to propel their own development, defend their rights, promote inclusion, and advocate for government accountability and transparency
- Unlocking private, public and community resources for grassroots development through financial and programmatic partnerships

Inter-American Foundation Travel Grant Program

The Inter-American Foundation's Travel Grant Program covers travel expenses for grassroots development practitioners, community partners, locally elected leaders, and others to participate in workshops, exchanges, and international fora about development in Latin America and the Caribbean. Travel grants serve a critical function by offering a quick and effective tool for supporting learning and collaboration between and among grantees and other partners. They can be deployed flexibly as compelling opportunities arise and allow the IAF to be an uncommonly responsive partner, interacting in real time with our partners to meet connection and collaboration needs not foreseeable at the time of the original grant agreement.

Strategic Goals:

- Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.
- Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.
- Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$38,078.00	\$0.00	\$38,078.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	162	163

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$13,592.00 †	\$13,592.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$13,592.00	4

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Marine Mammal Commission

4340 East-West Highway, Suite 700
Bethesda, MD 20814
www.mmc.gov • 301-504-0087

The Marine Mammal Commission is an independent agency of the Executive Branch, created under Title II of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972. The Commission is charged with reviewing and making recommendations on domestic and international actions and policies of all federal agencies with respect to marine mammal protection and conservation. The Commission consists of three members appointed by the President. A nine-member Committee of Scientific Advisors on Marine Mammals assists the Commissioners in their duties. The work of the Commission and its advisory committee is carried out by 14 full-time permanent staff.

For the past four decades, the Commission has been perceived as an essential source of objective information, focused and catalytic research funding, and independent oversight.

Marine Mammal Commission Programs

The Marine Mammal Commission is an independent government agency charged by the Marine Mammal Protection Act to further the conservation of marine mammals and their environment. The Commission works to ensure that marine mammal populations are restored and maintained as functioning elements of healthy marine ecosystems. We provide science-based oversight of domestic and international policies and actions of federal agencies with mandates to address human impacts on marine mammals and their ecosystems. Our role is unique as the only federal agency that provides comprehensive oversight of all science, policy, and management actions affecting marine mammals. We consist of three Presidentially appointed Commissioners, a nine-member Committee of Scientific Advisors, and 14 employees.

As an independent agency with oversight authority, we are able to affect the evolution of policy decisions and develop consensus among competing interests on controversial issues surrounding marine mammal science and conservation. We review proposed actions by federal agencies and others and provide recommendations to minimize the impacts of such actions on marine mammals and their environment.

Strategic Goals: Promote Marine Mammal Conservation.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$13,592.00	\$0.00	\$13,592.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
4	0	4

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00	9

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Merit Systems Protection Board

1615 M Street, NW
Washington, DC 20419
www.mspb.gov • 202-653-7200

The Merit Systems Protection Board (MSPB) was established by the Civil Service Reform Act of 1978 to serve as the guardian of the federal government's merit-based system of employment. Its mission is to ensure that federal employees are protected against abuses by agency management, that executive branch agencies make employment decisions in accordance with the merit systems principles, and that federal merit systems are free of prohibited personnel practices. The Board accomplishes its missions by hearing and deciding employee appeals from agency actions; hearing and deciding cases brought by the Special Counsel; conducting studies of the civil service and other merit systems; and providing oversight of the significant actions and regulations of the Office of Personnel Management to determine whether they are in accord with merit system principles and free of prohibited personnel practices.

Merit Systems Protection Board International Visitors Program

The Merit Systems Protection Board (MSPB) has an ad hoc program hosting international visitors. Rather than being internally driven under a direct mandate, the program is externally driven. MSPB's activities in this area are primarily in the nature of providing information upon request.

During FY 2019, MSPB hosted an official from Japan to discuss U.S. Federal civil service policy and practice in specific areas, including hiring of individuals with disabilities, bullying and harassment in the workplace, and agency preventive or response measures, and employment of older workers.

MSPB also received visitors from Armenia and Brazil to discuss Merit System Principles, current issues, new initiatives, and MSPB's jurisdiction and decision making process.

MSPB developed a month-long professional fellowship program funded by the U.S. State Department, in which an administrative judge (AJ) hosted and supervised a visiting government official from the Republic of Armenia for discussions with various Board offices and employees regarding MSPB law and procedures for safeguarding the merit principles in the U.S. Federal Government. The AJ subsequently participated in a corresponding outbound project, spending ten days in Armenia, conducting presentations and exchanging ideas with government officials, academics, and representatives of non-profit organizations about fostering a merit-based civil service.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
6	3	9

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$10,018,774.00 †	\$10,018,774.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$10,018,774.00 †	21,466

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Millennium Challenge Corporation

1099 Fourteenth Street, NW
Washington, DC 20005-2221
www.mcc.gov • 202-521-3600

Created by the U.S. Congress in 2004, the Millennium Challenge Corporation (MCC) is an independent U.S. foreign assistance agency that is helping lead the fight against global poverty. MCC forms partnerships with some of the world's poorest countries, but only those committed to good governance, economic freedom, and investments in their citizens. MCC provides these well-performing countries with large-scale grants to fund country-led solutions for reducing poverty through sustainable economic growth. MCC grants are designed to complement other U.S. and international development programs, as well as create an enabling environment for private sector investment. There are two types of MCC grants: compacts and threshold programs.

Millennium Challenge Corporation Training Activities

The Millennium Challenge Compact is a bilateral, multiyear international agreement between the United States and the corresponding country. It is designed to reduce poverty through economic growth through the implementation of various projects and activities. The data featured in this report have been implemented in accordance with Millennium Challenge Compacts between MCC and the following countries:

- El Salvador (view link <https://www.mcc.gov/where-we-work/program/el-salvador-investment-compact>)
- Georgia (view link <https://www.mcc.gov/where-we-work/program/georgia-compact-ii>)
- Ghana (view link <https://www.mcc.gov/where-we-work/program/ghana-power-compact>)
- Guatemala (view link <https://www.mcc.gov/where-we-work/program/guatemala-threshold-program>)
- Honduras (view link <https://www.mcc.gov/where-we-work/program/honduras-threshold-program>)
- Niger (view link <https://www.mcc.gov/where-we-work/program/niger-compact>)
- Sierra Leone (view link <https://www.mcc.gov/where-we-work/program/sierra-leone-threshold-program>)

The grants cover a wide range of activities in sectors such as agriculture and irrigation; transportation (roads, bridges, ports); water supply and sanitation; access to health; finance and enterprise development; anticorruption activities; land rights and access; and access to education.

A detailed summary of the major accomplishments for MCC can be viewed online at the site <https://www.mcc.gov/resources/pub/annual-report-2019>.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$10,018,774.00	\$0.00	\$10,018,774.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	21,466	21,466

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$325,940.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$325,940.00 †	9

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Public Information
300 E Street, SW
Washington, DC 20546
www.hq.nasa.gov • 202-358-3861

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) conducts research to advance and communicate scientific knowledge about the Earth, the solar system, and the universe; to explore and enable the development of space for human enterprise; and to conduct research and development in aeronautics, space, and related technologies. NASA enters into international agreements and conducts international exchange and training programs that complement and enhance its space programs and support U.S. space policy objectives.

NASA Exchange Visitor Program

Through the Exchange Visitor Program, NASA enters into appropriate arrangements with foreign governments or research organizations to host foreign research or technical specialists at NASA facilities from one to three years. Each researcher brings unique qualifications in his/her field of expertise; the work or research to be accomplished contributes directly to the achievement of NASA mission objectives. The foreign organization is responsible for all financial support for the visitor.

Strategic Goals:

Support U.S. Space Research Goals.

Promote the Advancement of Science.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$325,940.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$325,940.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	9	9

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$30,906.00 †	\$30,906.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$7,644.00 †	\$10,125.00 †	Not Tracked	\$3,000.00	\$51,675.00 †	173

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



National Archives and Records Administration

The Office of Strategy and Communications
8601 Adelphi Road
College Park, MD 20740
www.archives.gov • 301-837-1850

The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) serves American democracy by safeguarding and preserving the records of the United States Government, ensuring that the people can discover, use, and learn from this documentary heritage. We ensure continuing access to the essential documentation of the rights of American citizens and the actions of their government. We support democracy, promote civic education, and facilitate historical understanding of our national experience.

NARA International Activities

The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) statutes contain no enabling legislation authorizing the agency to conduct an official international visitor program that has specific goals and objectives. NARA's program is one in which our guests routinely meet with, and/or observe their professional counterparts. Programs range from simple, ad hoc consultations to highly designed programs of learning.

It is the goal of NARA to provide flexible tools and accessible resources that promote public participation. In our goal to be an example of open government, we engage our customers internally as well as externally.

While NARA's international visitor program is not funded nor mandated, we strive to maximize our value to the nation and beyond.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$30,906.00	\$0.00	\$30,906.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$7,644.00	\$10,125.00	Not Tracked	\$3,000.00	\$20,769.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
16	157	173

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	138

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



National Capital Planning Commission

401 Ninth Street, NW
North Lobby, Suite 500
Washington, DC 20004
www.ncpc.gov • 202-482-7200

The National Capital Planning Commission (NCPC) is the federal government's central planning agency for the nation's capital and surrounding region. The agency's jurisdiction includes the District of Columbia, Montgomery and Prince George's counties in Maryland; Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, and Prince William counties in Virginia, and the city of Alexandria, Virginia.

NCPC is charged with preserving and enhancing the region's extraordinary natural, cultural, and historic resources that have made Washington one of the most admired capitals in the world. The agency's essential functions are to provide overall planning guidance for federal land and buildings in the National Capital Region, review federal and some District of Columbia proposed developments and projects, develop a comprehensive plan for the region, and prepare an annual report on capital investments by federal agencies.

NCPC Foreign Visitors Program

The National Capital Planning Commission has an ongoing program that shares planning goals and efforts in the Washington, D.C., region with foreign delegations and visitors. Visits are predominantly set up by the delegations themselves or organizations working on their behalf. Visits usually last for approximately 90 minutes to two hours and involve a presentation by staff and a question-and-answer period with visitors. NCPC also coordinates with professional staff at sister organizations, such as Ottawa's National Capital Commission and Canberra's National Capital Authority, on issues relevant to federal capitals.

Strategic Goals:

Share Best Practices for Urban Planning, especially as it Relates to Capital Cities.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
39	99	138

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00	14

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



National Credit Union Administration

1775 Duke Street
Alexandria, VA 22314
www.ncua.gov • 703-518-6300

The National Credit Union Administration (NCUA) is the federal agency that charters and supervises federal credit unions and insures savings in federal and most state-chartered credit unions across the country through the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund, a federal fund backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government.

National Credit Union Administration International Visitors Program

The National Credit Union Administration's program involves foreign participants who receive a briefing on the history, operations, and various functions of credit union regulation and how the overall credit union system operates in the United States. The program goal is mainly informational.

Eight U.S. staff briefed the foreign participants. The U.S. and foreign participants are included in this program.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
8	6	14

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$525,576.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$525,576.00 †	Not Tracked	\$25,152.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$550,728.00 †	18

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



National Endowment for Democracy

1025 F Street, NW, Suite 800
Washington, DC 20004
www.ned.org • 202-378-9700

Established in 1983, the National Endowment for Democracy (NED) is a private, nonprofit foundation dedicated to the growth and strengthening of democratic institutions around the world. Each year, with funding from the U.S. Congress, NED supports more than 1,400 projects of nongovernmental groups abroad working toward democratic goals in more than 100 countries. The Endowment seeks to support and strengthen democratic processes in cooperation with indigenous democratic forces and foster cooperation with those abroad dedicated to the values, institutions, and organizations of democratic pluralism.

NED's International Forum for Democratic Studies hosts the Reagan-Fascell Democracy Fellows Program and a Visiting Fellows Program. The Forum continues its partnership with NED's World Movement for Democracy in hosting the Hurford Youth Fellows Program.

Reagan-Fascell Democracy Fellows Program

The Reagan-Fascell Democracy Fellows Program is a federally funded international exchange program that offers practitioners, scholars, and journalists from around the world the opportunity to spend five months at the National Endowment for Democracy, in Washington D.C., in order to undertake independent research on democracy in a particular country or region.

Located within NED's International Forum for Democratic Studies, the program provides a rich intellectual setting for educational exchange and professional development. While in residence, fellows reflect on their experiences, engage with counterparts, conduct research and writing, consider best practices and lessons learned, and develop professional relationships within a global network of democracy advocates.

The Reagan-Fascell Democracy Fellows Program runs two five-month fellowship sessions per year (October-February and March-July), during which fellows work full-time on their projects. Practitioners focus on strategies and best practices for developing democracy in their country of interest; scholars conduct original research for publication. Projects may address the economic, political, social, legal or cultural aspects of democratic development and include a range of methodologies and approaches. The program hosts an active calendar of events for fellows, including an introduction to NED and its partner institutions, seminars, roundtables, and other activities. Fellows are expected to present their work and prepare a written product during their stay. All fellowships include a monthly stipend, health insurance, research assistance, and roundtrip travel to Washington, D.C.

The program is intended primarily to support democracy practitioners and scholars from developing and aspiring democracies. Distinguished scholars from established democracies are also eligible to apply. Practitioners and journalists are expected to have substantial work experience in their fields, while scholars are expected to have a doctorate or academic equivalent.

The International Forum for Democratic Studies at the National Endowment for Democracy undertook a number of activities in 2018–2019 in support of educational and cultural exchange. The following are a few noteworthy highlights of the year:

Under the auspices of the Reagan-Fascell Democracy Fellows Program, the International Forum hosted a diverse group of democrats, including civil society professionals, journalists, human rights defenders, scholars, and women's rights activists from Australia, Burma, China, Egypt, Ethiopia, Georgia, Ghana, India, Iran, Kosovo, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Russia, Senegal, Turkey, Ukraine, and Venezuela.

The International Forum continued its partnership with the World Movement for Democracy in co-hosting the Hurford Youth Fellows Program. In 2018–2019, the Hurford program welcomed youth activists from the Philippines and Uganda.

Fellows pursued research, writing, and outreach on a wide range of topics relating to democracy, including gender equality, rule of law, authoritarian resurgence and vulnerabilities, youth political participation, corruption, penal reform, defending the integrity of the information space, and increasing support for liberal democratic values. Each fellow gave a formal presentation at the National Endowment for Democracy on his or her fellowship project, in the form of a public or a private event.

Strategic Goals:

Support and Strengthen Democratic Processes in Cooperation with Indigenous Democratic Forces.

Foster Cooperation with those Abroad Dedicated to the Values, Institutions, and Organizations of Democratic Pluralism.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$525,576.00	\$525,576.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	\$25,152.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$25,152.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	18	18

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$525,348.00 †	\$425,348.00 †	\$100,000.00 †	Not Tracked	\$670,627.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$1,195,975.00 †	1,082

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



National Endowment for the Arts

Office of Chief-of-Staff
1100 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Room 516
Washington, DC 20506
www.arts.gov • 202-682-5570

The National Endowment for the Arts (NEA) is a public agency dedicated to supporting excellence in the arts, both new and established; bringing the arts to all Americans; and providing leadership in arts education.

Southern Exposure: Performing Arts of Latin America

Southern Exposure: Performing Arts of Latin America provides support for projects in which performing arts presenters work collaboratively to present exemplary contemporary and traditional performing artists from Latin America in their respective communities. The program supports tours throughout the United States that include public performances, community-based activities, and extensive contextualization designed to build appreciation for the arts and cultures of the visiting artists, and develop and deepen relationships between Latin American artists and communities and artists in the United States.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$64,900.00	\$0.00	\$64,900.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	85	85

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

U.S. Artists International Program

U.S. Artists International works to ensure that the impressive range of expression and creativity of U.S. music, theater, and dance ensembles is represented at international arts markets abroad. Through the participation of exemplary U.S. artists in international festivals, U.S. Artists International will help develop audiences for, and appreciation of, the excellence, diversity, and vitality of the American arts. Through U.S. Artists International, special opportunities are identified to promote international artistic exchange between the United States and other nations that enhance international partnerships.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$360,448.00	\$0.00	\$360,448.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	\$670,627.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$670,627.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
992	0	992

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

U.S.-Japan Creative Artists' Fellowship Program

The U.S.-Japan Creative Artists' Fellowship Program provides three- to five-month residencies in Japan for five American creative artists in any discipline. While in Japan, artists work on an individual project that may include the creation of new work or pursuit of individual artistic goals. As a reciprocal program, the Japanese Agency for Cultural Affairs supports Japanese artists to engage in similar activities in the United States.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
5	0	5

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$16,064.00 †	\$16,064.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$16,064.00 †	8

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board

2300 Clarendon Boulevard, Suite 1300
Arlington, VA 22201
www.nwtrb.gov • 703-235-4473

The Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board (NWTRB or Board), created by Congress in the Nuclear Waste Policy Amendments Act (NWPAA) of 1987, is an independent federal agency whose mission is to perform unbiased and ongoing technical and scientific review of the U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE) nuclear waste management activities. Its legislative mandate is to evaluate the technical and scientific validity of DOE's activities related to managing and disposing of spent nuclear fuel (SNF) and high-level radioactive waste (HLW).

Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board International Activities

Since its inception, the Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board has been involved in international activities that serve to keep it up-to-date on the most current developments pertinent to its legislative mandate. Each year the Board approves an international travel/activities plan, which is subject to approved modifications during the course of the year. International travel objectives and guidelines include getting up-to-date information and visiting facilities where new scientific and technical work is ongoing or has been completed; helping refine and clarify the Board's knowledge regarding DOE's scientific and technical work in the United States and the international community; establishing and maintaining personal contact with key personnel in the research and development programs of selected countries; presenting papers and/or speeches at international conferences; inviting international experts to participate and present at meetings and arranging meetings and scientific tours for international guests as necessary; and providing expertise and/or information upon request to nuclear waste organizations in other countries.

During FY 2019, the Board engaged in several international activities to support the accomplishment of its performance goals and strategic objectives. In October 2018, one NWTRB delegate traveled to Amsterdam, Netherlands, to attend the Nuclear Energy Agency (NEA) Integration Group for the Safety Case (IGSC) Symposium to present a paper on the Board's 2018 report on Geologic Repositories: Performance Monitoring and Retrievability of Emplaced High-Level Radioactive Waste and Spent Nuclear Fuel and to gain insights on developing safety cases for geologic disposal.

In April 2019, four foreign invitational travelers from France, Switzerland, Sweden, and the United Kingdom provided presentations at the Board's open public meeting in Burlingame, California. Their presentations were related to recent advances in repository science and operations from international underground research laboratory collaborations.

In June 2019, two NWTRB delegates traveled to Hanover, Germany, to take part in the ninth meeting of the National Advisory Bodies to Government, located in the Hannover Region. Two presentations were provided (one on U.S. NWTRB activities and one on extended storage of spent nuclear fuel) at the Nuclear Energy Agency-convened meeting with counterparts from other Advisory Bodies of Government (Sweden and Germany, for example). At the conclusion of the meeting, the two delegates also participated in a site visit to the Morsleben, Germany, repository.

In June 2019, one NWTRB delegate traveled to Frankfurt, Germany, to participate in the ABC-Salt (VI) Actinide in Brine Chemistry conference. Delegates obtained information on new scientific investigations and advanced approaches to establish a better understanding of the aqueous geochemistry and radiochemistry required to predict the long-term safety of a salt-based nuclear waste repository.

Strategic Goals:

Continue Evaluation of DOE's Work related to the National Waste Policy Act and Relevant Amendments.

Develop Technical and Scientific Information for Policy Makers on SNF and HLW Management and Disposal Issues.

Report Data Observations from Review of the U.S. Nuclear Waste Management and Disposal Program and International Waste Management.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$16,064.00	\$0.00	\$16,064.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
4	4	8

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	95

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Office of Government Ethics

International Assistance and Outreach Program
1201 New York Avenue, NW, Suite 500
Washington, DC 20005-3917
www.oge.gov • 202-482-9300

The Office of Government Ethics (OGE) is a separate agency within the executive branch of the federal government and is responsible for directing executive branch policies relating to the prevention of conflicts of interest on the part of federal executive branch officers and employees. OGE's primary duties include establishing executive branch standards of conduct, making and interpreting ethics laws and regulations, establishing the framework for the public and confidential financial disclosure systems for executive branch employees, developing training and education programs for use by executive branch ethics officials and employees, and supporting and reviewing individual agency ethics programs to ensure they are functioning properly.

Office of Government Ethics International Visitor Technical Assistance Briefings

At the request of foreign policy agencies and entities of the federal government, the U.S. Office of Government Ethics discusses its role as a corruption prevention organization and shares its ideas and experiences with foreign governments directly and within multilateral processes. This is an ongoing program.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Enhance Global Dialogue on Good Governance.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	95	95

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$68,000.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$68,000.00 †	455

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Office of Personnel Management

Office of Public Liaison
1900 E Street, NW
Washington, DC 20415-0001
www.opm.gov • 202-606-2424

The Office of Personnel Management (OPM) administers a merit system to ensure compliance with personnel laws and regulations. It assists agencies in recruiting, examining, and promoting people on the basis of their knowledge and skills, regardless of their race, religion, gender, political influence, or other nonmerit factors.

OPM's role is to provide guidance to agencies in operating human resources programs that effectively support their missions and to provide an array of personnel services to applicants and employees. It supports government program managers in their human resources management responsibilities and provides benefits to employees, retired employees, and their survivors.

Office of Executive Secretariat, International Affairs

The Office of the Executive Secretariat (OES), International Affairs coordinates OPM's international affairs activities and contacts, including hosting foreign delegations and assisting program offices in securing travel credentials.

International delegations come to OPM seeking to understand how the federal government recruits, hires, develops, and retains its workforce and about OPM's role. Sometimes, delegation members speak fluent English; sometimes they speak solely through an interpreter. Topics vary, depending on what the group requests. Visitors ask to learn from OPM subject matter experts about, for example, federal policy on recruitment and hiring, training and development, pay and leave, and executive leadership. The knowledge and understanding of these guests varies from novices who want a general overview to those seeking an interactive dialogue and to learn about best practices.

Meetings with these international delegations is a special opportunity to teach others about OPM's core values and the merit system principles that OPM employees strive to uphold. When we speak, we represent the federal government in general and, OPM, in particular. It is a privilege to be able to meet with people from other countries' governments to show -- in the words of President Theodore Roosevelt -- "The government is us. U.S. Government jobs belong to the American people..."

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Additional Government-wide Mandated or Compliance Function supported by OPM.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$68,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$68,000.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
25	430	455

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$180,480,000.00 †	\$159,760,000.00 †	\$20,720,000.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$180,480,000.00 †	7,363

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Peace Corps

1111 20th Street, NW
Washington, DC 20526
www.peacecorps.gov • 800-424-8580

The mission of the Peace Corps is to promote world peace and friendship by providing qualified volunteers to interested countries in need of trained manpower, by fostering a better understanding of Americans on the part of the people served, and by fostering a better understanding of other people on the part of Americans. The agency fulfills the Peace Corps' mission of providing people-to-people development assistance at the grassroots level and cross-cultural exchange by fielding as many volunteers around the world as it can appropriately recruit, train, program for, and support at the budget level approved by Congress and requested by the host country government.

Peace Corps Volunteer Service Program

The majority of Peace Corps Volunteers serve for 27 months, becoming active members of their host communities and using their skills and experience to spur sustainable, community-driven change. The Peace Corps also provides targeted assistance via short-term, specialized assignments through Peace Corps Response, a program that matches skilled individuals with three month to a year assignments that require advanced language, technical and intercultural skills.

At the end of FY 2019, 7,363 Peace Corps Volunteers were working in 61 countries to achieve their development goals in six program sectors: Agriculture, Community Economic Development, Education, Environment, Health, and Youth in Development. Volunteers work at the grassroots level, engaging community partners in collaborative projects that address specific development needs identified by the host country.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$159,760,000.00	\$20,720,000.00	\$180,480,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
7,363	0	7,363

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	182

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Tennessee Valley Authority

400 West Summit Hill Drive
Knoxville, TN 37902-1401
www.tva.gov • 865-632-2101

The Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) is the nation's largest public power system. Wholly owned by the U.S. Government, TVA was established by Congress in 1933 primarily to provide flood control, navigation, and agricultural and industrial development, as well as to promote the use of electrical power in the Tennessee Valley region. TVA is a strong presence in the region, delivering value to the Valley economy by promoting economic growth; supplying affordable, reliable power; and supporting a thriving river system. As the nation's largest public power system, TVA delivers electricity to more than nine million people in the Valley through 158 local power distributors and more than 60 directly served customers in seven southeastern states. TVA's most important contribution is keeping power rates competitive while providing multiple public benefits -- power supply, flood damage reduction, navigation, land use, water quality, water supply, and recreation.

Tennessee Valley International Visitors Program

Program activities at the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) focus on history, flood control, navigation development, and electric power production. International visitors come to TVA for information gathering and study trips, for example. TVA has long been cooperative in sharing information with the world. TVA does not receive appropriated funds to support this program. U.S. participants also travel abroad for various activities, as requested.

Strategic Goals:

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	182	182

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$226,733,931.00 †	\$218,427,302.00 †	\$8,306,629.00 †	\$2,130,886.00 †	Not Tracked	\$38,942,696.00 †	Not Tracked	\$267,807,513.00 †	2,842,387

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



United States Agency for International Development

Office of Management Policy, Budget, and Performance
Bureau for Management, 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20523-3901
www.usaid.gov • 202-712-0000

USAID's programs are reported through the following sectors:

- Democracy, Human Rights and Governance
- Economic Growth and Trade (including Agriculture Programs)
- Education
- Environment and Global Climate Change
- Global Health
- Working in Crises and Conflict

More information regarding these areas is available below and available at <https://www.usaid.gov/what-we-do>. USAID may revise these sectors and their descriptions in future reporting.

Transfer of knowledge and skills is a significant part of most assistance programs, across all sectors and program areas. Tens of thousands of citizens of aid-recipient countries receive short-term technical training or longer-term degree training annually under USAID programs.

USAID is in compliance with Department of State and Department of Homeland Security (DHS) requirements pertaining to the issuance of visas and the entry of data into DHS's Student and Exchange Visitor Information System (SEVIS). USAID has internal systems and procedures in place related to the selection of exchange visitors and collection of data. USAID's guidelines related to data collection and security screening of all foreign exchange visitors who will travel to the United States under USAID funding or sponsorship are constantly monitored and strengthened when necessary.

Democracy, Human Rights, and Governance Programs

Democratic governance and human rights are critical components of sustainable development and lasting peace. Countries that have ineffective government institutions, rampant corruption and weak rule of law have a 30- to 45-percent higher risk of civil war and higher risk of extreme criminal violence than other developing countries.

To help change this narrative, we are integrating democracy programming throughout our core development work, focusing on strengthening and promoting human rights, accountable and transparent governance, and an independent and politically active civil society across all our work. At the same time, we remain committed to fundamental democratic empowerment activities, including supporting free and fair elections, up-to-date technology for new and traditional media, as well as the rule of law.

USAID is focused on:

- Democratic Governance - Building open, responsive, and accountable institutions and processes that serve the needs and preferences of the public.
- Participation - Ensuring that all have the opportunity to participate and have a voice in how they will be governed.
- Fair Competition - Promoting free, transparent and fair political competition so that citizens' preferences are represented.
- Civil Society and Independent Media - Defending citizens' rights of association and expression, so that they can play a role in their country's future.
- Justice - Holding institutions and people responsible to the rule of law.

By helping societies protect the basic rights of citizens, we prevent conflict, spur economic growth, and advance human dignity. Countries with democratic freedoms are more just, peaceful, and stable. Their citizens can fulfill their potential. Through its democracy, human rights, and governance programs, the United States remains committed to protecting and advancing our most cherished values.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$32,994,367.00	\$1,015,273.00	\$34,009,640.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$819,113.00	Not Tracked	\$32,373,555.00	Not Tracked	\$33,192,668.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	175,092	175,092

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Economic Growth and Trade and Agriculture Programs

Broad-based economic growth is essential to sustainable, long-term development.

It creates the opportunities impoverished households need to raise their living standards, provides countries with the resources to expand access to basic services, and -- most important of all -- enables citizens to chart their own prosperous futures.

Despite incredible progress that has reduced poverty levels in every region of the world and helped dramatically accelerate growth in sub-Saharan Africa, the global economic crisis has slowed growth worldwide. Today, three quarters of the world's poor do not have a bank account, and access to capital remains a significant barrier throughout the developing world.

To overcome these challenges and advance rapid, sustained and broad-based growth, we are focused on:

- Mobilizing new investors and private capital to underserved sectors and geographies, to create productive jobs, new economic opportunities, and enhance access to and quality of services from financial and energy to health and education;
- Giving people access to markets, where they can sell their goods and services and play a productive role in their economies;
- Making governments more efficient in how they spend their money, to limit waste, strengthen investment and provide better services for citizens;
- Improving infrastructure like roads, bridges, water supply and electrical grids, critical to lifting the limits on a country's growth;
- Working with private-sector companies to spur economic development, so that citizens can participate in a vibrant economy that allocates resources wisely; and
- Encouraging local channels of financing, empowering entrepreneurs in developing countries to improve their lives and shape their own futures.

Our economic growth programs also help build new markets for the United States by expanding trade and supporting the emergence of middle-class consumers that can buy U.S. goods and services. And, stable economies are less vulnerable to crises, terrorist activities, and international crime.

Agriculture and Food Security

USAID is advancing global food security by helping families and individuals meet their need for a reliable source of quality food and sufficient resources to produce or purchase it. This, in turn, supports global stability and prosperity. By addressing the root causes of hunger, USAID is increasing economic opportunity and growth among vulnerable communities.

The enactment of the Global Food Security Act of 2016 and the Global Food Security Reauthorization Act of 2018 solidified the U.S. Government's continued, bipartisan commitment to reducing hunger, malnutrition and poverty around the world.

As part of this effort, USAID is scaling up a comprehensive approach to fighting hunger and strengthening food security by:

- Leading America's Feed the Future initiative to strengthen agriculture-led growth, nutrition and resilience in collaboration with multiple U.S. Government agencies and departments, the private sector, civil society, researchers and universities, and partner governments.
- Providing emergency food assistance so vulnerable populations and malnourished can survive and bounce back in times of crisis.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$23,761,134.00	\$2,467,739.00	\$26,228,873.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$499,480.00	Not Tracked	\$313,058.00	Not Tracked	\$812,538.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	451,871	451,871

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Education Programs

Education is a foundational driver of development, and fundamental to achieving self-reliance. Education is transformational for individuals and societies. It creates pathways to better health, economic growth, a sustainable environment, and peaceful, democratic societies. A person's earnings increase by 10 percent with each year of school they complete. Women with higher levels of education have healthier children. And increasing the average level of higher education in a country by just one year can add half a percentage point of growth to GDP.

The USAID Education Policy, launched in November 2018, sets priorities and direction specifically for USAID's investments in education. The primary purpose of USAID education programming is to achieve sustained, measurable improvements in learning outcomes and skills development.

USAID priorities are that:

- Children and youth, particularly the most marginalized and vulnerable, have increased access to quality education that is safe, relevant, and promotes social well-being.
- Children and youth gain literacy, numeracy, and social-emotional skills that are foundational to future learning and success.
- Youth gain the skills they need to lead productive lives, gain employment, and positively contribute to society.
- Higher education institutions have the capacity to be central actors in development by conducting and applying research, delivering quality education, and engaging with communities.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$99,524,515.00	\$3,198,179.00	\$102,722,694.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$463,359.00	Not Tracked	\$5,841,954.00	Not Tracked	\$6,305,313.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	1,082,542	1,082,542

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Environment and Global Climate Change Programs

All countries depend heavily on their environment. Forests, grasslands, rivers, lakes, coral reefs and other ecosystems provide essential resources that provide food, water, shelter and energy. But those ecosystems and those resources are under incredible pressure.

In just 60 years, the world's population has accelerated from 2.5 billion people to 7 billion people today. By 2050, another 2 billion will join our planet -- mostly in developing countries -- increasing the rapidly growing demand for our planet's resources.

Threatening to make these problems worse is global climate change, driven by fossil fuel use and deforestation. A changing climate will hurt the poor most, undermining the livelihoods of millions of people struggling to break free from poverty.

USAID helps communities better manage and benefit from their natural resources by:

- Supporting land tenure policies and resource rights, giving people the right to own and manage natural resources responsibly;
- Fighting deforestation and planting trees, so that forests continue to provide clean water and air, improve agricultural productivity, slow the rate of climate change, counter desertification, and support economic growth;
- Protecting biodiversity, so that people do not lose essential goods and services generated by intact and functional ecosystems, and species are not lost to extinction; and
- Mitigating and adapting to the effects of climate change, so countries can grow without harming the environment while strengthening their resilience to warmer temperatures and weather shocks.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$25,814,766.00	\$1,402,904.00	\$27,217,670.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$252,549.00	Not Tracked	\$291,672.00	Not Tracked	\$544,221.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	474,912	474,912

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Global Health Programs

For over 50 years, USAID's global health programs have saved lives, protected people most vulnerable to disease, and promoted the stability of communities and nations, while advancing American security and prosperity. America is safer and stronger when people can live healthy and productive lives and when nations around the world are self-reliant and resilient.

USAID's global health efforts, grounded in investments in health systems strengthening and breakthrough innovation, are focused around three strategic priorities of preventing child and maternal deaths; controlling the HIV/AIDS epidemic; and combating infectious diseases.

Through efforts in family planning, maternal and child health, malaria, and nutrition, USAID works to prevent child and maternal deaths by helping women and children access essential, and often life saving, health services.

Since 1986, USAID's HIV/AIDS program has been on the forefront of the global AIDS crisis, providing strategic direction, leadership, and expertise to help control one of the world's most serious public health challenges.

In an increasingly interconnected society, a health threat anywhere is a threat everywhere. For decades, USAID has been a leader in the fight against infectious diseases, including malaria, through the U.S. President's Malaria Initiative; HIV/AIDS, through PEPFAR; tuberculosis; neglected tropical diseases; pandemic influenza, and other global health security challenges.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$36,149,364.00	\$211,409.00	\$36,360,773.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$96,385.00	Not Tracked	\$122,457.00	Not Tracked	\$218,842.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	657,694	657,694

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Working in Crises and Conflict Programs

Every year, droughts, floods, hurricanes, and other natural disasters affect approximately 100 million people and cause more than \$100 billion dollars in economic damage. Today, 78 million people across 45 countries are in need of emergency food assistance. And authoritarian leaders still govern nearly 50 countries, while the same number of countries are affected by conflict or potential instability.

Poverty and conflict are inextricably linked to authoritarianism and poor governance, with the consequences for citizens only worsening during times of crisis.

With a focus on disaster prevention, response, recovery and transition, we are working to:

- Strengthen resilience by helping states and communities prepare for and mitigate the impacts of disasters to help people withstand crises rather than have to seek emergency assistance;
- Provide life-saving humanitarian assistance to save lives and alleviate suffering;
- Provide emergency food assistance while also sowing the seeds for recovery and resilience;
- Accelerate a rapid and durable recovery by supporting livelihoods, markets and the sustainable provision of basic services;
- Address underlying grievances that cause instability and conflict to wind down tensions before they ignite;
- Promote peaceful political transitions by strengthening civil society and respect for human rights, facilitating reconciliation, supporting effective democratic governance and fostering the resumption of basic economic activity; and
- Invest in the empowerment of women and girls in countries affected by crisis and conflict to improve prospects for peace and security.

Providing humanitarian assistance in times of need is the fundamental reflection of our core American values.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$183,156.00	\$11,125.00	\$194,281.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$0.00	Not Tracked	\$0.00	Not Tracked	\$0.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	276	276

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$15,149.00 †	\$354,802.00 †	Not Tracked	\$21,444.00 †	\$391,395.00 †	1,321

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures include some expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



United States Holocaust Memorial Museum

100 Raoul Wallenberg Place, SW
Washington, DC 20024-2126
www.ushmm.org • 202-488-0400

The United States Holocaust Memorial Museum (USHMM) is America's national institution for the documentation, study, and interpretation of Holocaust history, and serves as America's memorial to the millions of people murdered during the Holocaust.

The Museum's primary mission is to advance and disseminate knowledge about this unprecedented tragedy; to preserve the memory of those who suffered; and to encourage its visitors to reflect upon the moral and spiritual questions raised by the events of the Holocaust as well as their own responsibilities as citizens of a democracy.

Levine Institute for Holocaust Education

The Museum's William Levine Family Institute for Holocaust Education (Levine Institute) is the preeminent institution in this field, reaching approximately 15 million people worldwide each year. The Museum promotes the responsible teaching of the Holocaust through a variety of resources and programs to help America's educators increase their knowledge of Holocaust history and implement sound teaching strategies. Education outreach programs provide teachers with quality Holocaust education, incorporating accurate history, appropriate pedagogy, classroom strategies, and teaching resources. The William Levine Family Institute's Initiative on Holocaust and Professional Leadership (IHPL) provides training for military, government, law enforcement, and judicial audiences.

The Levine Institute for Holocaust Education provided Holocaust education programming for 1,057 foreign individuals in FY 2019. These programs were directed at members of foreign governments, law enforcement, military, educators, and nongovernmental organizations.

The Civic and Defense Initiatives (CDI) branch conducted 21 military programs that included international participants. Two international education groups were hosted for professional exchange, including visits from the Dutch Nationaal Comité 4 en 5 mei and the Norwegian Center for Holocaust and Minority Studies.

Strategic Goals:

Promote Holocaust Education.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	\$7,560.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$7,560.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	1,059	1,060

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

Mandel Center for Advanced Holocaust Studies

The Jack, Joseph, and Morton Mandel Center for Advanced Holocaust Studies awards fellowships to support significant research and writing about the Holocaust. Awards are granted on a competitive basis. The Mandel Center welcomes proposals from scholars in all relevant academic disciplines, including anthropology, archaeology, art history, geography, film studies, German studies, history, Jewish studies, law, literature, material culture, philosophy, political science, psychology, religion, comparative genocide studies, and others. Proposals from applicants conducting research outside the discipline of history or on Mandel Center strategic priorities are especially encouraged.

The Mandel Center awards fellowships-in-residence to candidates working on their dissertations (ABD), postdoctoral researchers, and senior scholars. Immediate postdocs and faculty between appointments will also be considered. Awards are granted on a competitive basis. A principal focus of the program is to ensure the development of a new generation of Holocaust scholars. To this end, scholars early in their careers are especially encouraged to apply. Applicants must be affiliated with an academic or research institution. Proposals from applicants conducting research outside the discipline of history or on Mandel Center strategic priorities are especially encouraged, including literature and the Holocaust; America and the Holocaust, projects utilizing the International Tracing Services (ITS) collection; Jewish and especially Sephardic experiences of persecution; the Holocaust as it occurred in the Soviet Union, and the Holocaust as it occurred in North Africa.

Mandel Center fellows work with new and established Holocaust scholars from the United States and abroad, enabling them to test ideas, share research findings, debate methodological or interpretive approaches, and develop comparative frameworks for individual projects. The Mandel Center's weekly fellows meetings and senior seminar programs provide stimulating forums for debate and discussion. Fellows may also participate in the Mandel Center's outreach activities at universities and other academic institutions, both locally and throughout the United States.

In FY 2019, the Mandel Center organized seven conferences (five abroad and two in the United States) with 23 U.S. and 172 foreign participants. The center also hosted 14 foreign fellows at the Museum, two interns from the Higher School of Economics, Moscow, and conducted a summer school in Ukraine with 17 Ukrainian participants.

Strategic Goals:

Promote Growth of Holocaust Studies and Support Scholarship of Publications in the Field.

Seek to Foster Strong Relationships between Americans and International Scholars.

Initiate Programs to Ensure Ongoing Training of Future Generations of Scholars Specializing in the Holocaust.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	\$331,067.00	Not Tracked	\$10,044.00	\$341,111.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
7	233	240

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

National Institute for Holocaust Documentation (NIHD)

The Action Reconciliation Service for Peace volunteer provides reference services for Museum visitors including survivors and their descendants seeking information on tracking the fate of individuals during the Holocaust, researches the Museum's diverse archival collections to assist Holocaust survivors seeking documentation in support of their claims for compensation, and takes part in the Museum's tour guide training to become an interpretative guide for students, law enforcement officers, and other segments of the U.S. public.

The European Holocaust Research Infrastructure (EHRI) fellowships are intended to support and stimulate Holocaust research by facilitating international access to key archives and collections related to the Holocaust, as well as archival and digital humanities know-how. The fellowships intend to support researchers, archivists, curators, and younger scholars, especially doctoral candidates with limited resources.

In FY 2019, the Holocaust Survivors and Victims Resource Center hosted one intern from Germany through the Action for Reconciliation Service for Peace organization. The intern helps to serve Holocaust survivors and victims and their families on performing research services and volunteerism to teach lessons of the Holocaust.

Strategic Goals: Holocaust Education.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$15,149.00	\$275.00	Not Tracked	\$11,400.00	\$26,824.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	4	4

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Simon-Skjodt Center for the Prevention of Genocide

The Simon-Skjodt Center for the Prevention of Genocide is dedicated to stimulating timely global action to prevent genocide and to catalyze an international response when it occurs. Our goal is to make the prevention of genocide a core foreign policy priority for leaders around the world through a multipronged program of research, education, and public outreach. The center works to equip decision makers, starting with officials in the United States, but also extending to other governments, with the knowledge, tools, and institutional support required to prevent or, if necessary, halt genocide and related crimes against humanity.

Given the complexity of this challenge, the Simon-Skjodt Center's program rests on four pillars, each of which is designed to reinforce the others:

- Building a global architecture for prevention through outreach to policy makers and opinion shapers, with the goal of strengthening governments' will and capacity to prevent genocide;
- Averting atrocities and acting on early warning signs through the creation of a rigorous risk-assessment system that identifies countries at risk of genocide and other forms of mass killing, and creating a plan for making sure these assessments are widely distributed in the public and among policy makers;
- Fostering the field of genocide prevention by investing in research and expertise to understand the causes of genocide and how to prevent it, including comprehensive case studies on the international response to the warning signs of past genocides and a fellowship program designed to incubate new ideas and a new generation of leaders in the field of genocide prevention, and
- Getting the word out through exhibits and public education, utilizing digital media to enhance public understanding of genocide, current threats, and the value of their engagement.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.
Genocide Prevention.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	\$15,900.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$15,900.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	14	14

Even though some participants crossed an international border and some did not, only those participants who crossed an international border are being reported.

United States Holocaust Memorial Museum Services

The Museum Operations and Administration Division is responsible for managing visitor services, group scheduling, volunteer and intern services, and providing related support to other museum units as needed.

Objective of the internship is to give interns the opportunity to experience and work inside a world-class museum. The position provides training and experience in customer service, public speaking, and artifact and content interpretation, while offering a unique opportunity to work with and serve Holocaust survivors. Added to this unique experience are behind-the-scenes projects that match the intern's skill set and interests with museum needs. This is an ideal introduction to the general museum profession.

Operations are learned as the intern becomes skilled in the building's customer service positions. These positions include: exhibition and concourse rovers, groups orientation and administration, Information Desk, Wexner Center, and line management posts. Through these positions, thousands of visitors are guided and supported daily in an engaging museum setting that fosters long-term relationships between the institution and the public. Duties include customer service, safety and security, and space and content interpretation.

Programmatic opportunities supplement operational experience by deepening the intern's knowledge about Holocaust history, the museum itself, and ways to educate our public audiences.

Prospective interns must be energetic and flexible, and possess the ability and desire to work well with the public in a diverse workplace; an interest in Holocaust and 20th-century European history; and the ability to work both independently, as well as part of a team. Minimum time requirements are 24 hours a week (including at least one weekend day) for no less than ten weeks. Consistency in professional work ethic, positive attitude, and exemplary attendance is mandatory.

In FY 2019, the Museum hosted three college interns from the Interdisciplinary Center (IDC), a university in Herzliya, Israel, for the tenth year in a row. The students joined us for six weeks to learn about the workings of our institution, as well as share their experiences. They were assigned to Museum Services and interacted with other museum divisions and staff on a weekly basis.

Strategic Goals: Provide Holocaust Education.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	3	3

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Legislative Branch

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$192,400.00 †	\$192,400.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$180,096.00 †	Not Tracked	\$76,080.00 †	Not Tracked	\$448,576.00 †	29

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Library of Congress

Office of Public Affairs
101 Independence Avenue, SE
Washington, DC 20540
www.loc.gov • 202-707-2905

The Library of Congress (LOC) is the world's largest library, serving the Congress and the public for more than 200 years. Founded in 1800 to serve the reference needs of Congress, the Library has grown into an unparalleled treasure house of information and creativity, gathering and sharing knowledge for America's good. As the chief copyright deposit library of the United States, the Library of Congress receives about one million new items each year, half of which are selected for the permanent research collections. Additional items come through gifts and donations, exchanges with national and international institutions, and purchases. The systematic acquisition, preservation, organization, and service of Library of Congress collections is an immense undertaking.

The Library provides numerous free services to U.S. libraries, including books for the blind and physically handicapped and the creation of catalog records which, distributed to all U.S. states, save American libraries hundreds of millions of dollars. Through the National Digital Library Program, the Library of Congress is creating free online access to its catalog, exhibitions, unique American collections, and Congressional information on its website. Since 2000, the Library began making accessible electronically millions of items from its collections and those of its institutional partners. The goal of the Library's digital program is a public-private partnership that sustains an informed citizenry through universal access to knowledge and through the generous support of the U.S. Congress and the private sector.

Library of Congress Exchange Visitor Program

The Exchange Visitor Program, coordinated by the Library's Office of Scholarly Programs and Office of Grants Management, supports the exchange of scholars, librarians, collections specialists, and conservation professionals, for the sharing of expertise, development of collections and services, professional training in specialized skills, and promotion of materials preservation techniques. The program also fosters the advancement of knowledge through original research, mainly conducted at the John W. Kluge Center, supporting scholarly use of the Library's vast collections. It promotes open discussion through public lectures and colloquia and conveys new perspectives to the federal government by bringing the intellectual resources of academe to the public policy arena of Capitol Hill and the city of Washington, D.C.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Preservation of the National Patrimony and Heritage.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$192,400.00	\$0.00	\$192,400.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$180,096.00	Not Tracked	\$76,080.00	Not Tracked	\$256,176.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	29	29

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$8,126,006.00 †	\$6,279,706.00 †	\$1,846,300.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$8,126,006.00 †	927

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



Open World Leadership Center

101 Independence Avenue, SE, Room LA144
 Washington, DC 20540
www.openworld.gov • 202-707-8943

The Open World Leadership Center is an independent agency in the legislative branch created in December 2000 (P.L.106-554) to house the Open World Program, an exchange that was originally established for emerging Russian leaders. In February 2003, Congress expanded the scope of Open World to include the 11 other FREEDOM Support Act countries and the Baltics. Since December 2004, the Center has been authorized by Congress to expand to any country designated by the Open World Board of Trustees, which includes both Congressional leaders and private American citizens.

Open World currently operates exchanges for political and civic leaders from Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Russia, Serbia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan. The Center's Washington, D.C., office is located at the Library of Congress.

Open World Program

The Open World Leadership Center is a Legislative Branch agency established in May 1999 by Congress to support bipartisan outreach to authorized countries through 10-day professional exchange programs targeting emerging Eurasian leaders.

Open World was created in response to a speech given by Former Librarian of Congress, Dr. James H. Billington to senior members of Congress on the future of Russia. In 2000, Congress created a separate Legislative Branch entity, the Open World Leadership Center, to manage an exchange program, which initially focused on Russia.

As part of Open World's expansion of congressional outreach, other post-Soviet countries became eligible to participate in the program in 2003. In 2004, Congress extended its eligibility to any country designated by Open World's public-private board of trustees.

Open World's mission is to create and sustain relationships between Members of Congress and their counterparts from strategically important countries of the former Soviet Union. To accomplish this mission, Open World hosts emerging Eurasian leaders through three unique congressionally sponsored exchange programs. Program types include: Members of Parliament, Rule of Law, and Civic. Each exchange program relates to significant themes facing each of Open World's participating countries. Delegates are matched to each program based on their professional interests and needs.

Under Open World's Strategic Plan for 2016-2020, a significant goal is to enhance the reach of Open World in strategically important countries. Open World, with its unique and effective exchange model, began supporting programs initiated by the House Democracy Partnerships (HDP) to continue thematic programming for members of Parliament, rule of law, and civic professionals in emerging democracies outside of Eurasia.

In FY 2019, Open World conducted exchanges across the United States for leaders from Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kosovo, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, North Macedonia, Mongolia, Russia, Serbia, Tajikistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$6,279,706.00	\$1,846,300.00	\$8,126,006.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	927	927

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	\$0.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	332

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.



United States Government Accountability Office

441 G Street, NW
Washington, DC 20548
www.gao.gov • 202-512-3000

The United States Government Accountability Office (GAO) is an independent, nonpartisan, professional services agency in the legislative branch of the federal government. GAO exists to support the U.S. Congress in meeting its constitutional responsibilities and to help improve the performance and ensure the accountability of the federal government for the benefit of the American people. GAO serves the public interest by providing Congress with timely information that is objective, fact-based, nonpartisan, nonideological, balanced, and fair.

International Auditor Fellowship Program

Since 1979, the U.S. Government Accountability Office (GAO) hosts auditors from around the world as participants in its annual International Auditor Fellowship Program. The four-month intensive, multifaceted learning program, for middle- to senior-level officers, is designed to strengthen the ability of Supreme Audit Institutions (SAIs) to fulfill their missions and to enhance accountability and governance worldwide. GAO initiated this program in response to increased federal government expenditures abroad and the related need to strengthen accountability over these funds. Fellows participate in classroom training, observe key management meetings, obtain intergovernmental experience, and develop strategies to implement change within their respective SAIs. Participants are nominated by their senior leadership with the expectation that they will transfer the knowledge and skills gained to their respective SAIs.

The Fellowship Program consists of three major segments. The orientation sessions provide fellows with an opportunity to learn how GAO plans, manages, and communicates the results of its work, and fellows also share information about their SAIs.

The second segment includes course work in the technical and managerial aspects of auditing and introduces fellows to the detailed policies, procedures, and practices at GAO. Fellows explore a variety of audit techniques and approaches with an emphasis on performance auditing and the knowledge and skills required to complete this type of work.

During the third and final phase, fellows begin to prepare for their return to their own audit institutions. They prepare organizational strategy papers describing what they expect to accomplish as a result of their participation in the program and devote time to studying the techniques required for introducing change. Fellows participate in classes focusing on instructional skills, delivering effective instructional presentations and formal briefings, and leadership development skills.

As a result of participating in the GAO program, some fellows have implemented professional standards and policy guidance or developed training and professional development strategies. Several former fellows have moved into policy development and senior management positions. Some of them are now the Auditors General, Deputy Auditors General, or Government Ministers in their respective countries. Others have established performance or forensic audit units and developed or updated strategic plans. As they continue to assume roles of increased responsibility within their offices, the fellows become partners in a worldwide network committed to fostering professional standards and accountability.

Twenty-one participants from 19 countries completed the GAO International Auditor Fellowship Program in FY 2019, bringing the total program participants since the program's inception to more than 600 fellows from over 106 countries.

In addition to the comprehensive and rigorous curriculum for government auditors, including sessions from analyzing data to writing reports, the program continued its successful approach to exposing the group to various accountability partners.

Cultural exchange is a special aspect of our program and helps to make the fellows feel welcome and become familiar with Washington, D.C., and its surroundings. Numerous social activities were planned and held outside the professional workday and were well attended by the group in this fiscal year.

Interactive sessions were held with GAO staff members and the participants' peers discussing the variations in work at their Supreme Audit Institutions. Once again, GAO featured the fellows during its Diversity Month program on Cross Cultural Day, in which the international fellows provided displays and engaged in discussions on their countries with GAO headquarters staff, its tenants, and external visitors.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Promote Good Governance and Fiscal Accountability.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	21	22

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

International Visitors Program

GAO receives many requests from its counterpart Supreme Audit Institutions (SAIs) and other foreign government officials to visit GAO to obtain information on audit practices and the results of GAO's work. Because the number of requests exceeds GAO's capacity to accommodate them, GAO screens and prioritizes the requests. GAO assigns the highest priority to requests for visits from SAIs and legislative or parliamentary delegations. We also receive numerous requests through the Department of State IVLP program. Many of these are agencies who sponsor groups of people.

As time and staff resources are available, GAO also considers requests from related government departments and ministries and requests for visits related to topics of special interest to GAO audit teams. GAO appreciates receiving the request for an international visit at least 30 days in advance, whenever possible, to allow sufficient time to make the necessary arrangements and, if appropriate, to notify the U.S. counterpart agency.

Strategic Goals:

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Knowledge Sharing in the area of Accountability and Transparency.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	309	310

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

Quasi-Official Agencies

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$2,230,497.00 †	\$78,200.00 †	\$2,152,297.00 †	\$278,000.00 †	\$2,024,850.00 †	\$16,700.00 †	\$421,483.00 †	\$4,971,530.00 †	1,030

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures include some expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



Smithsonian Institution

600 Maryland Avenue, SW
Washington, DC 20024
www.si.edu • 202-633-5870

Since its founding in 1846, the Smithsonian Institution has been committed to inspiring generations through knowledge and discovery.

The Smithsonian is the world's largest museum, education and research complex, consisting of 19 museums, the galleries, the National Zoological Park, 12 research facilities, and 7 education and outreach facilities. There are 6,500 Smithsonian employees and over 20,000 volunteers. The total number of objects, works of art and specimens at the Smithsonian is estimated at nearly 155 million, of which 145 million are scientific specimens at the National Museum of Natural History. www.smithsonian.org.

Application of Open Standards for the Practice of Conservation

SCBI scientist facilitated a training workshop using Open Standards and Theory of Change applications, as applied to the CCS Gabon Biodiversity Program.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$12,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$12,000.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	8	9

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Arts and Cultural Development Foundation Museum Assessment and Capacity Building

In collaboration with the Art and Culture Development Foundation under the Ministry of Culture of the Republic of Uzbekistan, a delegation from the Smithsonian visited Uzbekistan to assess museum management practices, visitor experience and public outreach, and collections and research at four museums in Tashkent and Nukus. As part of this trip, the team led a workshop series on best practices in museum governance, audience segmentation, and exhibitions from the Smithsonian perspective.

The workshop took place over two days and consisted of four sessions: Museum governance and trends, audience segmentation, virtual exhibitions, and in-person exhibitions. Twenty participants from museums and cultural centers in Tashkent were able to see and hear examples of Smithsonian's experience in these areas, share ideas, and ask questions throughout this interactive series.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$64,200.00	\$0.00	\$64,200.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
4	25	29

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Biodiversity Monitoring Action Plan for Conservation and Development Professionals

This program aims to develop biodiversity monitoring skills for conservation and development professionals.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	25	28

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Capacity Building for Argentina's Cultural Sector

With the support of the U.S. Embassy in Buenos Aires and Argentina's Secretariat of Culture, SI offered a combination of structured workshops, capacity building experiences, and mentorship to museums and cultural organizations in Argentina from 2018-2019. A critical component of the program was a Washington, D.C.-based placement for 12 program participants in May 2019, which consisted of five working days of in-person meetings, observations, and experiential learning. Over 30 SI staff gave presentations, led discussions, and conducted in-gallery visits, intended to promote hands-on learning and encourage participation.

In FY 2019, Argentinian participants were held accountable for developing and advancing a project for their respective cultural institutions to ensure learning progression and tangible outcomes. The program's focus on audience-centered exhibition and program development helped enable museums in Argentina to be stronger assets for local communities and drew on SI's strengths developing high-impact exhibitions and public engagement programs. Museums are expected to serve as model community organizations that advance civic engagement and encourage increased attendance following the program.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$250,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$250,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
35	12	47

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Data Carpentry Workshop

Data Carpentry -- comprised of Data Carpentry, Library Carpentry, and Software Carpentry -- is a workshop with a mission to teach computer and data science skills to researchers and others who obtain, manage, and use data. Data manipulation best practices includes using OpenRefine and Python open-source desktop applications. This course was carried out by licensed trainers from Smithsonian's Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO) Data Science Lab and hosted by SCBI's Center for Conservation and Sustainability (CCS). This was a one time, one day workshop attended by university students and wildlife professionals. The workshop was funded by a CCS-sponsored research agreement with the company GeoPark.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.
Advancement of Science.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$4,000.00	Not Tracked	\$4,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	21	24

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Data Carpentry Workshop II

Data Carpentry -- comprised of Data Carpentry, Library Carpentry, and Software Carpentry -- is a project whose mission is to teach computer and data science skills to researchers and others who obtain, manage, and use data. Data manipulation best practices using OpenRefine and Python open-source desktop applications were taught.

This course was carried out by licensed trainers from the Office of the Chief Information Officer's (OCIO) Data Science Lab and hosted by SCBI's Center for Conservation and Sustainability (CCS). This was a single, one-day workshop attended by university students and wildlife professionals. The workshop was funded by a CCS-sponsored research agreement with the company GeoPark.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Advancement of Science.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$4,000.00	Not Tracked	\$4,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	18	21

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Establishment and Management of a Biodiversity Collection

SCBI conducted training in the establishment and curation of a biodiversity collection (with particular reference to fishes, amphibians, and reptiles) and practical demonstrations and discussions on curating specimens and of record-keeping and digitalization.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Advancement of Science.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$1,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$1,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	6	6

Program activities were conducted via virtual means. Therefore, no program participants crossed an international border to engage in this program.

Field Data Collection for Identification of Chondrichthyan Species

The program emphasized learning the tools and developing the skills for correct data collection in the field for the identification of the chondrichthyan fish species.

In FY 2019, 20 Peruvian participants received a one-day training event on the chondrichthyan species, a class of fish made of cartilage rather than bones. Examples are sharks, rays, skates, and chimaeras.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$1,500.00	\$0.00	\$1,500.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	20	20

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Fundamentals of Heritage Conservation

This program involved 25 weeks of theoretical and practical training in the basics of heritage conservation.

In FY 2019, the program provided fundamental knowledge and skills in global heritage conservation to prepare students to protect and promote Iraqi museum collections, heritage buildings, and archaeological sites. The course was a highly practical program which included daily projects to enforce both theoretical and hands-on components. Information was obtained through lectures, demonstrations, brainstorming in small groups, assembling of ideas, presentation, and discussion.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	\$93,850.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$93,850.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
7	18	25

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

International Council of Museums Armenia Museum Week: Fundraising Roundtable

As part of the International Council of Museums (ICOM) Armenia's Museum Week, the Smithsonian's My Armenia Program supported the participation of two Smithsonian experts to facilitate roundtable conversations about museum fundraising.

The Forum provided a unique opportunity for Armenian museum professionals to participate in a variety of discussion topics related to museums. The event emphasized the value of fostering a strong network of museum and cultural heritage professionals throughout Armenia. The My Armenia Program developed recommendations around fundraising and revenue generation for the Ministry of Culture of Armenia, municipal leadership, ICOM Armenia, and Armenian museum professionals.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$8,000.00	\$0.00	\$8,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	30	32

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Introduction to Ecosystem Modeling using Ecopath with Ecosim

Ecopath with Ecosim (EwE) is the most widely used tool worldwide for modeling marine ecosystems, including to explore various management policies for marine ecosystems and their resources, and model the ecological impact of environmental changes, among others.

This introductory course had Peruvian participants that were interested in learning how to model marine ecosystems using EwE. This was a one-time, five-day training event in FY 2019.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$6,700.00	Not Tracked	\$6,700.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	27	27

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Machine Learning Seminar

Machine Learning is the practice of developing computer programs to make decisions based on patterns learned from data, such as autonomously identifying fish (to genus or species) from images. The objective of this seminar is to explain to the participants basic concepts that will allow them to understand the growing literature and news around this topic. The seminar was a one-time event, lasting approximately one hour, hosted by SCBI's CCS and Office of the Information Information Officer (OCIO) Data Science Lab.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.
Advancement of Science.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$2,000.00	Not Tracked	\$2,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	20	23

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Mosul Cultural Museum Project

The Smithsonian, the Louvre, and the Iraqi State Board of Antiquities and Heritage are engaged in an ongoing project of preparatory study and training for the restoration of the museum, damaged by the Daesh militant group in 2014.

SI team trained with the FBI Art Crime Team on a pilot program to learn how to document a crime scene in preparation for damage assessment of the building and documentation of the collections. The program included structural recommendations, and salvage and stabilization of the remaining collections. And a meeting with the Iraqi State Board of Antiquities and Heritage occurred to discuss results and next steps held on May 28 through 29, 2019, and hosted by the Louvre.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$421,483.00	\$421,483.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
9	23	32

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

My Armenia Program

My Armenia, a joint partnership between USAID, the Smithsonian Institution, and the people of Armenia, harnesses the power of research, documentation, and storytelling to strengthen cultural sustainability through community-based tourism development.

As outlined by USAID|Armenia and the Smithsonian Institution, the primary goals of this program are to build cultural heritage tourism in Armenia so as to increase the number of tourist visits, increase spending and days stayed per tourist with an emphasis outside of the capital, and create new job opportunities for Armenians.

My Armenia program activities focuses on four objectives:

- Strengthen Armenia's cultural heritage tourism offerings,
- Increase awareness of Armenia as a cultural heritage tourism destination,
- Improve cultural tourism sector workforce skills, and
- Coordinate donor, resource partner, and stakeholder involvement.

The program offered training during FY 2019 in online marketing and photography, business management and operations, winemaking history and tradition, region guiding, and designing cross-border tour packages.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Renew America's Competitive Advantage for Sustained Economic Growth and Job Creation.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$1,745,656.00	\$1,745,656.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
11	260	271

All participants crossed an international border to take part in this program.

National Workshop of Marine Strandings

A national workshop involved Peru's National Protocol to respond to marine strandings. The program included presentations from studies conducted in the country and a discussion to refine the protocol.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	100	100

Program activities were conducted via virtual means. Therefore, no program participants crossed an international border to engage in this program.

Nimrud Rescue Project

The Smithsonian and U.S. Department of State and DOS continue to partner on a project to assist the Iraqi State Board of Antiquities and Heritage in planning for and initiating the stabilization and recovery of Nimrud by directly supporting antiquities personnel from the Nineveh Province State Board of Antiquities and Heritage (SBAH) office, using the Iraqi Institute for the Conservation of Antiquities and Heritage in Erbil as a base of project operations.

On-site coordination and capacity building with the SBAH staff continued in FY 2019. Participants actively worked on documentation, salvage, stabilization, and storage/rehousing projects at Nimrud.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$318,000.00	\$318,000.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	\$127,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$127,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	20	23

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Robert Sainsbury Lecture Program

The program consists of the Smithsonian Annual Conference presentation on the state of the African Art field. Current National Museum of African Art projects were discussed, along with future collaboration.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$4,500.00	\$0.00	\$4,500.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	150	151

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Tools for Self Leadership in Conservation

This program aims to teach communication and leadership skills for professionals in in-situ and ex-situ conservation. In-situ conservation connotes the act of conserving wildlife species in their natural habitats of growth. Ex-situ conservation refers to the efforts of safeguarding wildlife species outside their natural habitats and environments.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	\$900,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$900,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
2	28	30

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Training in Specimen Curation and Digitalization of Specimen Collections

A SCBI-CCS sponsored program offered training in specimen curation and digitalization of specimen collections.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$7,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$7,000.00

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
4	1	5

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Training of Community Outreach Agents on Local Population Security Measures

Center for Conservation and Sustainability personnel delivered training on local security measures when faced with elephant intrusion in Gabon. Training included elephant biology and behavior and how to minimize risks when encountering elephants to community outreach agents and local nongovernmental organization HomEleph members.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$8,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$8,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	38	38

Program activities were conducted via virtual means. Therefore, no program participants crossed an international border to engage in this program.

Workshop on Biodiversity Monitoring Using Traditional and Modern Techniques including Acoustic Monitoring

SCBI scientist trained in-country biologists on the use of passive acoustic monitoring for biodiversity impact assessments in infrastructure development projects.

In FY 2019, the training event took place over two days and included both lectures and practicums in the field. Participants learned about the benefits and limits of using acoustic monitoring relative to traditional survey techniques for biodiversity sampling. They also learned how to collect, manage, and analyze acoustic data.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.
Advancement of Science.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	\$4,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$4,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
1	10	11

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Workshop on the Protection and Conservation of Cultural and Religious Heritage in Iraq

Workshop held on the Protection and Conservation of Cultural and Religious Heritage in Iraq and collaboration on a printed Guide to Mosul Heritage.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$88,641.00	\$88,641.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00	\$300.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
10	50	60

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Zoo Animal Management and Nutrition

This is a program focused on animal management and nutrition for ex-situ conservation, which is the process of protecting an endangered species, variety or breed of animal (or plant) outside its natural habitat.

Strategic Goals: Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	\$900,000.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$900,000.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
3	15	18

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Total USG Funding	Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Funding	Total Participants
\$3,102,688.00 †	\$797,324.00 †	\$2,305,364.00 †	\$300.00 †	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00 †	\$3,102,988.00 †	5,685

† Not all programs submitted funding data in all categories.

Dollar figures include some expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.



United States Institute of Peace

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The United States Institute of Peace (USIP) was founded in 1984 by Congress as an independent, national institute dedicated to the proposition that peace is possible, practical and essential for U.S. and global security. We pursue our vision of a world without violent conflict by working on the ground with local partners building peace from bottom up and top down. We provide people, organizations and governments at every level with the tools, knowledge and training to manage conflict before it can become violent, and to resolve conflict when it does. The Institute's Board of Directors is appointed by the President of the United States and confirmed by the Senate.

The Institute's legal counsel does not consider the Institute to be an agency, establishment, or instrumentality falling within the parameters of Executive Order 13055. However, the Institute's policy is to cooperate to the extent possible with governmental requests for information.

Applied Conflict and Transformation Center Programs

The U.S. Institute of Peace's Center for Applied Conflict Transformation (ACT) is built on the premise that there are common tools and approaches to peacebuilding that are adaptive, but applicable to peacebuilding globally. We serve as the hub of the Institute's common resources for governments, organizations, and individuals seeking to prevent, mitigate, and resolve violent conflict worldwide. ACT prioritizes evaluation and learning from our programs to adapt and improve our work. As of 2017, ACT is actively engaged in more than 40 fragile and conflict-affected countries around the world.

Strategic Goals:

- Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.
- Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.
- Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.
- Promote Peacebuilding.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$211,581.00	\$721,356.00	\$932,937.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
73	493	566

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Asia Center Activities

The United States Institute of Peace (USIP) has had long-standing engagement in the Asia-Pacific and South and Central Asia regions. USIP's Asia Center, established in 2015, maintains country offices in Afghanistan, Burma, and Pakistan, where staff work with local and international partners to encourage greater inclusivity, promote political and social participation, advance justice, support mechanisms for conflict resolution and reconciliation, counter violent extremism, and pilot, test, and learn from innovative approaches to address violent conflict.

The Washington, D.C.-based China program is focused on China's impact on peace and conflict dynamics globally, with a particular interest in the countries and conflict zones where USIP works. Through research, a range of publications, public and private events, and briefings to national and international policy makers, the Asia Center deepens understanding of peace and conflict dynamics and helps inform policies and strategies on how best to manage violent conflict.

Strategic Goals:

Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.

Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.

Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$560,569.00	\$1,496,026.00	\$2,056,595.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
\$300.00	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00	\$300.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
550	3,575	4,125

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

Middle East and Africa Center

The U.S. Institute of Peace established the Middle East and Africa Center (MEA) to prevent, mitigate, and resolve violent conflicts in those regions by engaging directly in conflicts zones, providing policy analysis to the U.S. Government and resources to those working for peace in this region. To do this, our experts engage local, national, and regional actors in participatory processes that promote sustainable peace.

Within this wide region, the MEA Center has programs on:

- The Middle East: Within the Middle East, MEA currently focuses on Iraq and Syria, where we work to promote reconciliation and social cohesion by engaging religious, civic, and tribal leaders in action-oriented dialogues.
- The Israeli-Palestinian Conflict: MEA works at the policy and grassroots levels to bridge divides and prepare the ground for peace. We support dialogue and joint action across religious and ideological communities, train Palestinian peacebuilders in conflict resolution skills, contribute policy analysis to diplomatic efforts, and work to build trust and cooperation between Israeli and Palestinian institutions to create an environment conducive to a sustainable peace.
- Iran: MEA's Iran Program runs The Iran Primer, the world's most comprehensive website on Iran, which provides resources and analysis on Iran's politics, economy, military, foreign policy, and nuclear program.
- North Africa: MEA's North Africa Program focuses on Tunisia and Libya, where we work to strengthen the rule of law and promote non-violent conflict resolution through facilitation and mediation in country-specific dialogue projects.
- Sub-Saharan Africa: In Sub-Saharan Africa, MEA's programming focuses on promoting wider participation in governance and peace processes, bridging divides within societies suffering from conflict, and engaging global and regional actors to help end violent conflicts.

Strategic Goals:

- Protect America's Security at Home and Abroad.
- Promote American Leadership through Balanced Engagement.
- Ensure Effectiveness and Accountability to the American Taxpayer.
- Promote Peacebuilding.

USG Funding:

Agency Appropriation	Interagency Transfers	Total USG Funding
\$25,174.00	\$87,982.00	\$113,156.00

Non-USG Funding:

Foreign Governments	Private Sector (U.S.)	Private Sector (Foreign)	Int'l Orgs	Total Non-USG Funding
Not Tracked	Not Tracked	Not Tracked	\$0.00	\$0.00

Dollar figures represent expenditures for larger programs that include exchanges and training components.

Participants Totals:

Total U.S. Participants	Total Foreign Participants	Total Participants
0	994	994

Some participants crossed an international border and some did not. Both categories of participants are being reported.

FY 2019 DATA – DUPLICATION ASSESSMENT

The Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, as amended (22 U.S.C. § 2460(f) and (g)), requires the IAWG to assess whether any duplication exists among reported U.S. Government-sponsored international exchanges and training. The IAWG defines programmatic duplication as activities sponsored by different organizations that direct resources toward the same target audiences, using similar methodologies to achieve the same goals that result in duplicative as opposed to complementary outcomes.

Duplicative programming differs from complementary and/or overlapping programming in that elimination of one or more duplicative programs would not adversely affect the ability of the U.S. Government to achieve its overarching objectives. To assess whether duplication exists, the IAWG conducts an annual review of all activities included in the Inventory of Programs using information submitted by program sponsors during the IAWG's annual data collection process.

The IAWG's framework divides international exchange and training programs sponsored by federal agencies into five major categories, which are listed below:

- Cultural Programs
- International Visitor Programs/Briefings
- Scientific/Technological Research and Development
- Academic/Education Programs
- Professional Exchanges and Training

The IAWG places each program into the category that best reflects its primary function or scope of activities, although a number of programs reported to the IAWG can secondarily be classified under another category. Within this framework, degrees of duplication or complementarity can be identified and addressed through consideration of the program's topic, the target country and/or region, the target population, the intended results, and the approach or method. The following describes each category by IAWG definition.

By IAWG definition, **Cultural Programs** deal specifically with the arts, sports, cultural preservation, and research in the humanities. The likelihood of duplication among cultural programs is minimal, largely because the submitted reports offer evidence of programming tailored to meet the specific mandates and missions of the sponsoring organizations. Sixty-six submissions representing over 27% of reported 242 submissions -- included elements of cultural programming. For example, the Department of State, Millennium Challenge Corporation, National Endowment for the Arts, United States Patent and Trademark Office, the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum, and the Smithsonian Institution offer programming that fits within this category.

DUPLICATION ASSESSMENT

International Visitor Programs are programs in which participants meet with, or observe the operations of, professional counterparts and/or tour relevant facilities with the goal of learning more about U.S. policies, programs, and activities, while sharing ideas, experiences, and approaches. The International Visitor Leadership Program of the Department of State, for example, provided 5,354 foreign participants the opportunity to meet and confer with their professional counterparts and to experience the U.S. first-hand. In general, federal international visitor programs can include, but are not limited to, meetings, briefings, tours, and opportunities for professional observation. They generally do not include direct training, internships, classroom study, or on-the-job training. Ninety-two submissions representing 38% of submissions -- categorized having an IV component to their programming. The risk of duplication among international visitor programs is low. The methodologies used are similar, but the topics covered by each program directly reflect the focus and expertise of the sponsoring organization and the hosting facility.

Scientific/Technological Programs are those that involve members of the scientific community and/or other professionals engaged in scientific activities; it includes all medical programs and other science-based training. Although the IAWG can note trends and apparent commonalities among scientific programs, the IAWG concludes that most scientific/technological research and development programs concentrate very specifically on the mandate of the sponsoring agency and appear to be at low risk for duplication with other federally sponsored programs. Ninety submissions -- representing over 37% of total submissions -- have a special focus on scientific and technological activities, with the majority of the submissions including professional and/or practical experience components as well.

Academic/Education Programs offer participants the opportunity to attend educational institutions or contribute to the development of such institutions and their curricula. It also includes programs that are designed to improve educational systems in developing countries. The IAWG further classifies academic programs by the targeted level and type of the program, from elementary student/staff exchanges and training through postdoctoral research and midcareer development programs. Eighty-two submissions -- representing over 33% of total submissions -- described this category as a major part of their activities. Submissions reported to the IAWG are listed below by their academic-level classifications. Those that address multiple levels of academic activities appear under all applicable category headings. By grouping programs in this way, areas of potential duplication or complementarity can be highlighted.

Elementary and Secondary Level Programs involve the exchange of students at the elementary or secondary levels; however, when these exchanges do occur, they are primarily targeted towards students or teachers of students at the secondary level. Programs cover a wide range of subject matter and geographical regions of the world. Potential for duplication among sponsoring organizations is relatively low as long as federal entities are aware of the various programming offered by each entity.

Undergraduate-Level Programs include study abroad activities for American and foreign students, institution building, curriculum development, and instructor training. Most of the reported programming in this category comes from the Department of State. Potential duplication among undergraduate programs is very low, because most programming is thematically and/or geographically specific and therefore, with few exceptions, unique. In addition, not all programs are active each fiscal year.

DUPLICATION ASSESSMENT

Graduate-Level Programs support fellowships for degree programs and certificates, dissertation research, graduate-level professional training, and curriculum development. The majority of reported programs in this category are also sponsored by the Department of State. Similar to undergraduate programs, this program category reveals limited opportunity for duplication because of thematic and geographic specialization.

Postdoctoral research is included in the submissions of the Department of Commerce, Department of Energy, Department of Health and Human Services, Environmental Protection Agency, Federal Communications Commission, and the Smithsonian Institution. It is a group with very diverse program missions, goals, and objectives and the opportunity for duplication in programming is minimal.

General Area Studies and Language Training Programs are offered at different academic levels and are an area that warrants continued monitoring. The Departments of Defense and State sponsor the majority of programming reported in this category. However, analysis reveals no inherent duplication, because most programs have different target audiences; focus on specific languages, countries, or world regions; or are designed to achieve specific U.S. strategic goals and objectives.

Professional Exchanges and Training Programs include personnel and citizen exchanges, cooperative programs, training programs, and technical assistance programs, which may include international exchange and training components. Two hundred and sixteen submissions -- representing over 89% of total submissions -- checked this category. These activities address a variety of topics, targeted countries and populations, program approaches, and intended results. This wide range makes it a challenge to assess whether there is any duplication among these programs.

Although the majority of federal entities check off this category, the sponsoring departments and agencies tend to focus program activities on their organizational missions and areas of expertise, which limits the possibility for duplication. For example, personnel exchanges or training programs that are strictly limited to representatives of foreign counterpart organizations are not duplicative because they are unique to each participating organization.

Topically and geographically specific programs are also less likely to duplicate other programs because of their narrow focus. In other words, a specialized program with a clearly defined target audience is less likely to be replicated by another organization.

Multi-themed programs or program groupings that contain a wide variety of initiatives, such as the State Department's Post-Funded Programs, are harder to assess, but because they are tailored to meet the specific goals and budgets of each specific post overseas, the chance of redundancy is reduced.

In conclusion, programs that are specific in theme, geographic in focus, and target a specific audience are at very low risk of duplication. Federal organizations with broader mandates and numerous programming initiatives are at a greater risk of duplicating the initiatives of another federal organization, particularly when the size and scope of an organization make program initiatives less transparent to other federal administrators. This issue is compounded when information on various discrete activities is aggregated before providing it to the IAWG.

DUPLICATION ASSESSMENT

Best practices ensure that federal agencies expose exchange visitors to interagency operations and missions. Similarly, federal agencies regularly review the alignment of their international exchange and training activity with USG goals and objectives, allocating funding and the size of programs accordingly.

The U.S. Government seeks realistic and flexible approaches to the national security challenges and global threats we face today. Federal entities are mindful of these concerns as they seek to conduct international exchanges and training that reflect their specific agency mission(s). National strategic goals aim to make programs more transparent, accountable, and effective. Constructive investments in international exchanges and training will continue to require a government-wide commitment to ensure that American tax dollars are spent in close alignment with USG mission-critical objectives.

And to sum up programming efforts across the globe, the supply of international exchange and training programs rarely meets demand -- either from U.S. or foreign stakeholders. Federal agencies must commit to working together domestically and overseas to ensure that all interested parties are aware of the full range of federal government and private sector exchange and training initiatives, and then adjust programming to ensure that the wide range of federal government activities form a coherent, cohesive, and complementary effort to achieve U.S. foreign policy goals in the most effective and efficient manner.

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: IAWG MANDATE – SECTION 112 (G) OF THE MUTUAL EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGE ACT OF 1961 (P.L. 87-256), AS AMENDED (22 USC 2460 (G))

(g) WORKING GROUP ON UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT-SPONSORED INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGES AND TRAINING (1) In order to carry out the purposes of subsection (f) and to improve the coordination, efficiency, and effectiveness of United States Government-sponsored international exchanges and training, there is established within the United States Information Agency a senior-level interagency working group to be known as the Working Group on United States Government-Sponsored International Exchanges and Training (in this section referred to as the “Working Group”).

(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term “Government-sponsored international exchanges and training” means the movement of people between countries to promote the sharing of ideas, to develop skills, and to foster mutual understanding and cooperation, financed wholly or in part, directly or indirectly, with United States Government funds.

(3) The Working Group shall be composed as follows:

(A) The Associate Director for Educational and Cultural Affairs of the United States Information Agency, who shall act as Chair.

(B) A senior representative of the Department of State, who shall be designated by the Secretary of State.

(C) A senior representative of the Department of Defense, who shall be designated by the Secretary of Defense.

(D) A senior representative of the Department of Education, who shall be designated by the Secretary of Education.

(E) A senior representative of the Department of Justice, who shall be designated by the Attorney General.

(F) A senior representative of the Agency for International Development, who shall be designated by the Administrator of the Agency.

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(G) Senior representatives of such other departments and agencies as the Chair determines to be appropriate.

(4) Representatives of the National Security Adviser and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget may participate in the Working Group at the discretion of the Adviser and the Director, respectively.

(5) The Working Group shall be supported by an interagency staff office established in the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs of the United States Information Agency.

(6) The Working Group shall have the following purposes and responsibilities:

(A) To collect, analyze, and report data provided by all United States Government departments and agencies conducting international exchanges and training programs.

(B) To promote greater understanding and cooperation among concerned United States Government departments and agencies of common issues and challenges in conducting international exchanges and training programs, including through the establishment of a clearinghouse for information on international exchange and training activities in the governmental and nongovernmental sectors.

(C) In order to achieve the most efficient and cost-effective use of Federal resources, to identify administrative and programmatic duplication and overlap of activities by the various United States Government departments and agencies involved in Government-sponsored international exchange and training programs, to identify how each Government-sponsored international exchange and training program promotes United States foreign policy, and to report thereon.

(D)(i) Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1998 and 1999, the Working Group shall develop a coordinated and cost-effective strategy for all United States Government-sponsored international exchange and training programs, including an action plan with the objective of achieving a minimum of 10 percent cost savings through greater efficiency, the consolidation of programs, or the elimination of duplication, or any combination thereof.

(ii) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1998 and 1999, the Working Group shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees setting forth the strategy and action plan required by clause (i).

(iii) Each year thereafter the Working Group shall assess the strategy and plan required by clause (i).

(E) Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1998 and 1999, to develop recommendations on

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common performance measures for all United States Government-sponsored international exchange and training programs, and to issue a report.

(F) To conduct a survey of private sector international exchange activities and develop strategies for expanding public and private partnerships in, and leveraging private sector support for, United States Government-sponsored international exchange and training activities.

(G) Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1998 and 1999, to report on the feasibility and advisability of transferring funds and program management for the Atlas or the Mandela Fellows programs, or both, in South Africa from the Agency for International Development to the United States Information Agency. The report shall include an assessment of the capabilities of the South African Fulbright Commission to manage such programs and the cost effects of consolidating such programs under one entity.

(7) All reports prepared by the Working Group shall be submitted to the President, through the Director of the United States Information Agency.

(8) The Working Group shall meet at least on a quarterly basis.

(9) All decisions of the Working Group shall be by majority vote of the members present and voting.

(10) The members of the Working Group shall serve without additional compensation for their service on the Working Group. Any expenses incurred by a member of the Working Group in connection with service on the Working Group shall be compensated by that member's department or agency.

(11) With respect to any report issued under paragraph (6), a member may submit dissenting views to be submitted as part of the report of the Working Group.

APPENDIX B: OVERVIEW OF METHODOLOGY ON DATA COLLECTION

To create the Inventory of Programs, the IAWG staff issues an annual data call to federal departments and agencies that administer or participate in international exchange and/or training programs. The data call is conducted through the Executive Secretary of the Department of State, who distributes an official memorandum addressed to the executive secretariats of each of these federal entities to request their compliance. All IAWG data contributors receive instructions for the data call, with the goal of capturing the most complete and accurate data available. The IAWG has undertaken a number of steps to achieve this goal, including expanding outreach to program administrators, upgrading and enhancing the IAWG's data collection system, and soliciting feedback from IAWG contacts at the various agencies.

The IAWG strives to capture information on the widest possible range of international exchange and training programs for its annual inventory. Therefore, we define these programs broadly. Programs might include individuals who receive training in their home countries or who get training through virtual platforms. By including these programs and their participants, the IAWG recognizes cost-saving methodologies that are increasingly employed by federal organizations and creates a more comprehensive and complete accounting of federal international exchange and training programs.

The IAWG uses a variety of approaches to identify federally sponsored international exchange and training programs, including Internet research, legislative reviews, document analyses, and consultations. Most organizations contacted by the IAWG work diligently to submit accurate and complete data in a timely manner, although some organizations face staffing, resource or other constraints that can affect their ability to complete their submissions in a timely manner. The IAWG staff works directly with federal data providers to guide them through the data collection process. The IAWG is also working to facilitate practices and procedures to ease the annual reporting burden. Data management practices by reporting entities can affect the quality of data collected by the IAWG. For example, inconsistent or incomplete data reporting by federal entities remains an issue.

Data Collection, Information Management, and Reporting Tools

The IAWG uses the Federal Exchanges Data System (FEDS II) to collect, manage, and report on U.S. Government-sponsored international exchange and training programs. FEDS II is the central vehicle through which IAWG members can provide and view program data and

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information. To facilitate data collection, members enter data on their respective programs directly into FEDS II. Members can also use FEDS II to generate reports on data collected by the IAWG.

Data Collection

FEDS II tracks programs on a fiscal year basis, including program participant counts, participant fields of employment and fields of activity, sources of funding, strategic goals, and other corollary data. FEDS II enables the creation of the inventory of federal programs incorporated within this annual report as well as responses to ad hoc queries. FEDS II serves as a repository of information on U.S. Government-sponsored international exchanges and training. The number of programs being reported, as well as the number of reporting organizations, varies from year to year. Organizations may initiate new programs, suspend, and restart programs, or terminate programs. Federal entities also vary in their method as well as in their ability to report data on their programs. Some report their data in an aggregate format. Others do not collect all the requested data. The system must be able to adapt to these and other challenges, including but not limited to changes in the types of data, such as revisions in country names, political boundaries, and/or regions.

Clearinghouse Website

The IAWG website, located at <https://iawg.gov>, provides a single access point for interagency members and the public. This point of entry provides access to all IAWG Annual Reports, links to member and cooperating agencies, and to other organizations active in international exchanges and training.

System Upgrades to Promote Greater Efficiency and Effectiveness

FEDS II is a fully web-based system, with remote data entry and reporting tool capabilities, that has been fully integrated within the enterprise architecture of the Department of State, the host entity for the IAWG staff. It is one of the first systems at the Department to have received an authority to operate (ATO) in the Cloud.

APPENDIX C: U.S. GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONS SPONSORING AND REPORTING INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGES AND TRAINING

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	Administers Int'l Exchanges & Training Activities			Reports Data to IAWG		Comments
	Yes	No	Unknown	Yes	No	
EXECUTIVE BRANCH						
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT						
Council of Economic Advisors		X			X	
Council on Environmental Quality		X			X	
National Security Council		X			X	
Office of Administration		X			X	
Office of Management and Budget		X			X	
Office of National Drug Control Policy		X			X	
Office of Policy Development		X			X	
Office of Science and Technology Policy		X			X	
Office of the U.S. Trade Representative		X			X	
Office of the Vice President of the United States		X			X	
The White House Office		X			X	
EXECUTIVE AGENCIES						
Cabinet-Level Departments						
Agriculture	X			X		
Commerce	X			X		
Defense	X			X		
Education	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
Energy	X			X		
Health and Human Services	X			X		
Homeland Security	X			X		
Housing and Urban Development	X			X		
Interior	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
Justice	X			X		
Labor	X			X		
State	X			X		
Transportation	X			X		
Treasury	X			X		
Veterans Affairs	X			X		
Independent Establishments and Government Corporations						
Central Intelligence Agency			X		X	IAWG does not collect classified information
Commodity Futures Trading Commission	X			X		

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	Administers Int'l Exchanges & Training Activities			Reports Data to IAWG		Comments
	Yes	No	Unknown	Yes	No	
Consumer Product Safety Commission	X			X		
Corporation for National and Community Service		X			X	
Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency for the District of Columbia	X			X		
Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board		X			X	
Environmental Protection Agency	X			X		
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	X				X	
Export-Import Bank of the United States		X			X	
Farm Credit Administration		X			X	
Federal Communications Commission	X			X		
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation	X			X		
Federal Election Commission	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	X			X		Independent agency within Energy
Federal Housing Finance Board		X			X	
Federal Labor Relations Authority		X			X	
Federal Maritime Commission	X			X		
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service	X			X		
Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission		X			X	
Federal Reserve System	X				X	
Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
Federal Trade Commission	X			X		
General Services Administration	X			X		
Institute of Museum and Library Services		X			X	
Inter-American Foundation	X			X		
Merit Systems Protection Board	X			X		
Millennium Challenge Corporation	X			X		
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	X			X		
National Archives and Records Administration	X			X		
National Capital Planning Commission	X			X		
National Credit Union Administration	X			X		
National Endowment for the Arts	X			X		
National Endowment for Democracy	X			X		

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	Administers Int'l Exchanges & Training Activities			Reports Data to IAWG		Comments
	Yes	No	Unknown	Yes	No	
National Endowment for the Humanities	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
National Labor Relations Board		X			X	
National Mediation Board		X			X	
National Railroad Passenger Corporation (AMTRAK)	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
National Science Foundation	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
National Transportation Safety Board	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
Nuclear Regulatory Commission	X				X	
Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board	X			X		
Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission		X			X	
Office of Government Ethics	X			X		
Office of Personnel Management	X			X		
Office of Special Counsel	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
Overseas Private Investment Corporation		X			X	
Peace Corps	X			X		
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation		X			X	
Postal Rate Commission		X			X	
Railroad Retirement Board		X			X	
Securities and Exchange Commission	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
Selective Service System		X			X	
Small Business Administration	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
Social Security Administration	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
Tennessee Valley Authority	X			X		
U.S. African Development Foundation	X				X	
U.S. Agency for Global Media	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
U.S. Agency for International Development	X			X		
U.S. Commission on Civil Rights	X			X		Received no data in FY 2019
U.S. International Trade Commission			X		X	
U.S. Postal Service	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019

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	Administers Int'l Exchanges & Training Activities			Reports Data to IAWG		Comments
	Yes	No	Unknown	Yes	No	
U.S. Trade and Development Agency	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
Vietnam Education Foundation	X			X		Dissolved activities and data Submitted via State/ECA
Boards, Committees, and Commissions						
Administrative Committee of the Federal Register			X		X	Part of National Archives and Records Admin.
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation		X			X	
American Battle Monuments Commission		X			X	
Appalachian Regional Commission	X				X	
Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board	X			X		
Arctic Research Commission		X			X	
Arthritis and Musculoskeletal Interagency Coordinating Committee		X			X	Part of Health & Human Services/NIH
The Asia Foundation	X			X		Data submitted via State/ECA
Barry M. Goldwater Scholarship and Excellence in Education Foundation		X			X	
Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board		X			X	
Citizen's Stamp Advisory Committee		X			X	
Commission on Fine Arts	X				X	
Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States			X		X	Part of Treasury
Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements		X			X	Part of Commerce
Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled		X			X	
Coordinating Council on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention		X			X	Part of Justice
Delaware River Basin Commission	X			X		Received no data in FY 2019
Endangered Species Committee		X			X	Part of Interior
Export Administration Review Board		X			X	
Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council		X			X	
Federal Financing Bank		X			X	Part of Treasury
Federal Interagency Committee on Education		X			X	Part of Education
Federal Laboratory Consortium on Technology Transfer		X			X	
Federal Library and Information Center Committee		X			X	Part of Library of Congress
Harry S. Truman Scholarship Foundation		X			X	

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	Administers Int'l Exchanges & Training Activities			Reports Data to IAWG		Comments
	Yes	No	Unknown	Yes	No	
Illinois and Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor Commission		X			X	
Indian Arts and Crafts Board			X		X	Part of Interior
Interagency Committee on Employment of People with Disabilities			X		X	Part of Equal Employment Opportunity Commission
Interagency Savings Bond Committee		X			X	
J. William Fulbright Foreign Scholarship Board	X			X		Data submitted via State/ECA
James Madison Memorial Fellowship Foundation		X			X	
Japan-United States Friendship Commission	X			X		Received no data in FY 2019
Joint Board for the Enrollment of Actuaries			X		X	Part of Treasury
Marine Mammal Commission	X			X		
Medicare Payment Advisory Commission		X			X	
Migratory Bird Conservation Commission		X			X	
Mississippi River Conservation Commission		X			X	Part of Defense/ACE
Morris K. Udall Scholarship and Excellence in National Environmental Policy Foundation		X			X	
National Commission on Libraries and Information Science		X			X	
National Council on Disability		X			X	
National Park Foundation		X			X	
Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation, Office of		X			X	
Northwest Power Planning Council		X			X	
Panama Canal Commission		X			X	Dissolved
Permanent Committee on The Oliver Wendell Holmes Devise		X			X	Part of Library of Congress
President's Committee on Employment of People with Disabilities			X		X	Part of Dept. of Labor
President's Council on Integrity and Efficiency		X			X	Part of Office of Management and Budget
President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board		X			X	
Presidio Trust			X		X	Part of Interior - Activities would be submitted by National Park Service
Social Security Advisory Board		X			X	
Susquehanna River Basin Commission		X			X	
Textile Trade Policy Group		X			X	Part of U.S. Trade Representative

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	Administers Int'l Exchanges & Training Activities			Reports Data to IAWG		Comments
	Yes	No	Unknown	Yes	No	
Trade Policy Staff Committee		X			X	Part of U.S. Trade Representative
U.S. Holocaust Memorial Museum	X			X		
Veterans Day National Committee		X			X	Part of Veterans Affairs
White House Commission on Presidential Scholars		X			X	Part of Education
QUASI-OFFICIAL AGENCIES						
Legal Services Corporation		X			X	
Smithsonian Institution	X			X		
State Justice Institute	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
U.S. Institute of Peace	X			X		
Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars	X			X		Received no data for FY 2019
MISCELLANEOUS						
Civil Air Patrol	X			X		Auxiliary of U.S. Air Force Received no data for FY 2019
Federal Executive Boards	X				X	Under OPM oversight
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH						
Architect of the Capitol		X			X	
Congress			X		X	
Congressional Budget Office		X			X	
United States Government Accountability Office	X			X		
Government Printing Office		X			X	
Library of Congress	X			X		
Open World Leadership Center	X			X		
U.S. Botanic Gardens			X		X	Operates under auspices of Architect of the Capitol
JUDICIAL BRANCH						
Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts			X		X	
Federal Judicial Center			X		X	
Lower Courts			X		X	
Special Courts			X		X	
Supreme Court of the United States			X		X	
U.S. Sentencing Commission		X			X	

APPENDIX D: NON-USG PROGRAM SPONSORS

The federally sponsored activities featured in the *Inventory of Programs* represent only a fraction of the total exchange and training programs and activities initiated by U.S. organizations. Countless people participate in international exchange and training activities under the auspices of private businesses, universities, associations, nonprofit organizations, and other entities. These exchanges are typically one-way, with foreign participants coming to the United States.

Many of these organizations provide programming that is not initiated, funded, or implemented by the federal government. Nongovernmental organizations play a vital role in international exchanges and training, whether it is an organization arranging appointments for a labor leader from Germany, a university hosting a South African professor, or a medical institution facilitating the training of an Afghan doctor. The non-U.S. Government (USG) sector provides important resources for educational and cultural programming and creates a healthy synergy that ultimately furthers U.S. strategic goals and national interests.

Others operate in direct partnership with the U.S. Government.¹² For instance, the Department of State's Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs (ECA) designates certain governmental and nongovernmental organizations as sponsors of the Department of State's Exchange Visitor Program. The Exchange Visitor Program, administered by ECA, promotes the interchange of persons, knowledge, and skills in the fields of education, arts, and the sciences, among others.¹³ These "designated sponsors" facilitate cultural and educational exchanges between the United States and other countries by offering foreign nationals opportunities to come to the United States on a temporary basis to teach, instruct, lecture, study, observe, conduct research, consult, train, or demonstrate special skills.

¹² The IAWG has written extensively on public-private partnerships in exchanges and training. The IAWG defines U.S. Government "partners" in exchanges and training as any entity that has a formal relationship with, or is funded by, a U.S. Government agency to cooperate on a specific training activity, exchange, research project, or joint mission that seeks to promote the sharing of ideas, develop skills, stimulate human capacity development, or foster mutual understanding and cooperation.

¹³ The Exchange Visitor Program is authorized by the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (Public Law 87-256) as amended, 22 U.S.C. 2451, et. seq. which is also known as the Fulbright-Hays Act. The Act's purpose is to increase mutual understanding between the people of the United States and the people of other countries through educational and cultural exchanges. Activities specified in the Act are facilitated, in part, through the designation of public and private entities as sponsors of the Exchange Visitor Program.

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The IAWG's annual *Inventory of Programs* includes programs sponsored and implemented by designated government organizations and their nongovernmental partners. However, the annual inventory does not include information on nongovernmental organizations' programs that are not designated by government organizations. The IAWG may be able to include this information in the future.

As of August 2003, information on foreign students and exchange visitors in the United States must be entered into the Student and Exchange Visitor Information System (SEVIS). This electronic database enables the federal government to track and report data on *all* foreign students and exchange visitors entering the United States on F and M student visas, and the J visa that is used for exchange programs sponsored by USG and non-USG entities alike.¹⁴ SEVIS enables schools and Exchange Visitor Program sponsors to collect, maintain, and share data on international students and exchange visitors from the time those students and visitors receive their visa documentation until the end of their U.S.-based programs.

Because all participant data is maintained electronically, the federal government is able to capture up-to-date information on all exchange visitor programs and their participants nearly instantly. SEVIS enables the IAWG to provide a broader picture of the extensive number of private sector programs that make such an important contribution to achieving U.S. foreign policy goals.

Summary information on the various categories of designated exchange visitors, the number of participants within each category, and the number of designated sponsors for each category follows.¹⁵

Exchange Visitor Program Participant Categories

The Exchange Visitor Program has specific categories for designated sponsors. Organizations may apply for designation status in more than one category. Many sponsors hold designation in multiple categories. Below is the list of these categories, along with the number of foreign exchange participants and the number of nongovernment designated sponsors for each category.

- *Alien physician exchange* – Foreign medical school graduates may pursue graduate medical education or training at accredited U.S. schools of medicine or scientific institutions. The Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) selects prospective participants and is the only organization authorized to sponsor physicians to work in U.S. medical institutions.¹⁶ Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment programs: 2,633. Number of designated nongovernment sponsors: 1.

¹⁴ Information on SEVIS can be found at the following website: <https://www.ice.gov/sevis>.

¹⁵ The information contained in this report is extracted from SEVIS, which reflects data provided by the program sponsors for Exchange Visitor (J-1) Status. The data contained in SEVIS is fluid and may change because data collection and entry is ongoing.

¹⁶ See regulations for alien physician exchanges at 22 CFR 62.27.

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• *Au pair exchange* – Foreign nationals between the ages of 18 and 26 may participate directly in the home life of a host family by providing child care services. In turn, they are provided the opportunity to complete at least six credit hours of schooling at an accredited U.S. postsecondary educational institution.¹⁷ Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment programs: 21,379. Number of nongovernment designated sponsors: 15.

• *Camp counselor exchange* – Foreign university students, youth workers, teachers and other individuals with specialized skills at least 18 years of age may work as counselors at U.S. camps for up to four months during the summer season. All program participants must be placed prior to their arrival in the United States at camping facilities which are accredited; a member in good standing of the American Camping Association; affiliated with a nationally recognized nonprofit organization; or inspected, evaluated, and approved by the sponsor.¹⁸ Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment programs: 25,681. Number of nongovernment designated sponsors: 24.

• *College and university exchange* – Foreign students enter the United States to study at degree-granting postsecondary accredited educational institutions or participate in student internship programs which fulfill students' academic studies. Students may participate in degree and non-degree programs.¹⁹ Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment programs: Students 42,932. Number of nongovernment designated sponsors: Students 1430.

• *Intern exchange* – Foreign university students or recent foreign university graduates participate in a structured and guided work-based learning program that reinforces their academic studies; recognizes the need for work-based experience; provides on-the-job exposure to American techniques, methodologies, and expertise; and enhances the interns' knowledge of American culture and society.²⁰ Number of nongovernment foreign exchange participants: 27,070. Number of nongovernment designated sponsors: 91.
culture and society.²¹

• *Professor and research scholar exchange* – Foreign professors and research scholars visit the United States to engage in research, teaching, lecturing, observing, or consulting at research institutions, corporate research facilities, museums, libraries, post-secondary accredited institutions, or similar types of institutions for a maximum of five years.²² Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment programs: Professor 849; Research scholar 32,720. Number of nongovernment designated sponsors: Professor 316; Research scholar 698.

¹⁷ See regulations for au pair exchanges at 22 CFR 62.31. Program sponsors are identified at <https://j1visa.state.gov/participants/how-to-apply/sponsor-search/?program=Au%20Pair>.

¹⁸ See regulations for camp counselor exchanges at 22 CFR 62.30. Additional pertinent information is at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/camp-counselor>.

¹⁹ See regulations for college and university student exchanges at 22 CFR 62.23. Additional pertinent material is at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/college-and-university-student>.

²⁰ See regulations for intern programs at 22 CFR 62.22. Additional pertinent information is located at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/intern>.

²¹ See regulations for intern programs at 22 CFR 62.22. Additional pertinent information is located at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/intern>.

²² See regulations for professor and research scholars at 22 CFR 62.20. Alien physicians in graduate medical education or training and short-term scholars are excluded from this category. Additional pertinent material is at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/professor-and-research-scholar>.

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- *Secondary student exchange* – Foreign secondary school students enter the United States to complete up to one year of academic study at an accredited public or private secondary school. Student participants live with host families or reside at accredited boarding schools.²³ Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment programs: 21,346. Number of active nongovernment designated sponsors: 71.

- *Short-term scholar exchange* – Foreign participants visit the United States for a period of up to six months to engage in short-term visits for the purpose of lecturing, observing, consulting, training, or demonstrating special skills at research institutions, museums, libraries, post-secondary accredited institutions, or similar types of institutions.²⁴ Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment designated programs: 18,235. Number of nongovernment designated sponsors: 611.

- *Specialist exchange* – Foreign experts with specialized knowledge or skills visit the United States for up to one year in order to observe, consult, or demonstrate special skills. Among the fields represented are mass media communications, environmental science, youth leadership, international educational exchange, museum exhibitions, labor law, public administration, and library science.²⁵ Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment designated programs: 735. Number of nongovernment designated sponsors: 90.

- *Summer work/travel exchange* – Foreign university students 18 years of age and older may enter the United States to experience U.S. culture and work in jobs that are seasonal or temporary in nature in the United States during their summer break between academic years for up to 4 months.²⁶ Most student participants enter the United States with pre-arranged employment.²⁷ Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment designated programs: 107,950. Number of nongovernment designated sponsors: 48.

- *Teacher exchange* – Foreign teachers have the opportunity to teach in U.S. primary and secondary accredited educational institutions for up to three years. To be eligible to participate in this program, foreign nationals must meet the qualifications for teaching in primary or secondary schools in their countries of nationality or last legal residence, have a minimum of three years of teaching or related professional experience, and satisfy the standards of the U.S. states in which they will teach.²⁸ Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment designated programs: 2759. Number of nongovernment designated sponsors: 42.

²³ See regulations for secondary school student exchanges at 22 CFR 62.25. Program sponsors are identified at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/secondary-school-student>.

²⁴ See regulations for short-term scholar exchanges at 22 CFR 62.21. Additional pertinent material is at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/short-term-scholar>.

²⁵ See regulations for specialist exchanges at 22 CFR 62.26. Professor and research scholars, short-term scholars, and alien physicians are excluded from this category. Additional pertinent material is at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/specialist>.

²⁶ Summer break may vary with the country/region and hemisphere. It typically runs May through August in the northern hemisphere.

²⁷ See regulations for summer work/travel exchanges at 22 CFR 62.32. Additional pertinent material is at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/summer-work-travel>. Numbers are also included here for the 12-month Summer Work Travel Pilot Program with Australia and New Zealand.

²⁸ See regulations for teacher exchanges at 22 CFR 62.24. Additional pertinent material is at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/teacher>.

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- *Trainee exchange* – Foreign visitors who are foreign university graduates with at least one year of prior related work experience in their occupational field acquired outside the United States or five years of work experience in their occupational field acquired outside the United States have the opportunity to enhance their skills in their chosen career field through participation in a structured training program in the United States and to expand their knowledge of American techniques, methodologies, or expertise within the field.²⁹ Number of foreign exchange participants in nongovernment programs: 10,955. Number of nongovernment designated sponsors: 94.

²⁹ See regulations for the trainee category at 22 CFR 62.22. List of trainee occupations are at <https://j1visa.state.gov/programs/trainee>. Current program sponsors are at <https://j1visa.state.gov/participants/how-to-apply/sponsor-search>.

APPENDIX E: PARTICIPANTS BY COUNTRY

FY 2019 Participants by Country

East Asia and Pacific - EAP

Country	U.S.	Foreign	Total
Australia	335	1,236	1,571
Baker Island	0	0	0
Brunei	10	29	39
Burma	182	9,946	10,128
Cambodia	161	11,379	11,540
Cook Islands	1	6	7
East Asia and Pacific Regional	75	777	852
East Asia and Pacific Unspecified	3	5	8
Federated States of Micronesia	18	51	69
Fiji	107	492	599
French Polynesia	5	3	8
Hong Kong	54	46	100
Indonesia	485	39,912	40,397
Japan	537	2,129	2,666
Kiribati	10	25	35
Korea, Democratic People's Republic of	71	287	358
Laos	41	7,506	7,547
Macau	4	0	4
Malaysia	227	3,439	3,666
Marshall Islands	35	48	83
Mongolia	138	1,040	1,178
Nauru	6	19	25
New Caledonia	1	5	6
New Zealand	87	609	696
Niue	0	3	3
Palau	2	22	24
Papua New Guinea	4	4,145	4,149
People's Republic of China	1,180	8,398	9,578
Philippines	292	42,536	42,828
Pitcairn Islands	0	1	1
Republic of Korea	1,077	2,510	3,587
Samoa	55	31	86
Singapore	59	863	922
Solomon Islands	6	34	40
Taiwan	591	2,649	3,240
Thailand	319	11,821	12,140

Timor-Leste	42	6,230	6,272
Tonga	81	40	121
Tuvalu	2	19	21
Vanuatu	99	34	133
Vietnam	145	12,944	13,089
Wallis and Futuna	0	3	3
TOTAL	6,547	171,272	177,819

FY 2019 Participants by Country

Europe/Eurasia - EUR

Country	U.S.	Foreign	Total
Albania	97	1,030	1,127
Andorra	5	3	8
Armenia	149	766	915
Austria	191	268	459
Azerbaijan	108	3,991	4,099
Belarus	29	300	329
Belgium	230	25,575	25,805
Bosnia and Herzegovina	208	334,854	335,062
Bulgaria	107	1,154	1,261
Croatia	70	742	812
Cyprus	28	34	62
Czech Republic	301	617	918
Denmark	89	568	657
Eastern Europe Regional	337	439	776
Estonia	101	414	515
Eurasia Regional	54	296	350
Europe Unspecified	56	264	320
European Union	312	5,043	5,355
Finland	81	269	350
France	1,276	90,561	91,837
Georgia	247	40,450	40,697
Germany	726	3,598	4,324
Greece	148	62,588	62,736
Greenland	5	0	5
Hungary	52	223	275
Iceland	25	72	97
Ireland	133	117	250
Italy	383	1,206	1,589
Kosovo, Republic of	148	8,057	8,205
Latvia	166	3,229	3,395
Lithuania	22	348	370
Luxembourg	9	26	35
Malta	41	3,551	3,592
Moldova	158	5,893	6,051
Montenegro	22	2,548	2,570
Netherlands	210	1,282	1,492
Norway	151	2,494	2,645
Poland	296	23,339	23,635

Portugal	105	1,609	1,714
Republic of North Macedonia	215	1,615	1,830
Romania	61	793	854
Russia	469	2,440	2,909
Serbia	4	51	55
Serbia (with Kosovo)	128	11,609	11,737
Slovakia	38	296	334
Slovenia	111	5,614	5,725
Spain	742	935	1,677
Sweden	109	361	470
Switzerland	157	275	432
Turkey	116	1,690	1,806
Ukraine	543	113,297	113,840
United Kingdom	628	2,572	3,200
Vatican City	5	407	412
Western Europe Regional	0	10	10
TOTAL	10,202	769,783	779,985

FY 2019 Participants by Country

Near East - NEA

Country	U.S.	Foreign	Total
Algeria	281	830	1,111
Bahrain	280	443	723
Egypt	927	32,634	33,561
Gaza Strip	24	48	72
Iran	0	61	61
Iraq	171	2,602	2,773
Israel	462	4,804	5,266
Jordan	2,437	42,794	45,231
Kuwait	51	1,552	1,603
Lebanon	238	4,080	4,318
Libya	303	265	568
Morocco	1,366	4,525	5,891
Near East Regional	48	297	345
Near East Unspecified	3	0	3
Oman	177	1,398	1,575
Qatar	30	436	466
Saudi Arabia	46	7,063	7,109
Syria	0	20	20
Tunisia	212	2,232	2,444
United Arab Emirates	45	1,073	1,118
West Bank	70	2,378	2,448
Yemen	4	138	142
TOTAL	7,175	109,673	116,848

FY 2019 Participants by Country

South Central Asia - SCA

Country	U.S.	Foreign	Total
Afghanistan	126	9,578	9,704
Bangladesh	84	1,146,042	1,146,126
Bhutan	27	71	98
India	519	5,650	6,169
Kazakhstan	134	4,258	4,392
Kyrgyz Republic	214	24,505	24,719
Maldives	13	125	138
Nepal	167	388,751	388,918
Pakistan	141	66,912	67,053
South Asia Regional	19	190	209
South Asia Unspecified	4	4	8
Sri Lanka	99	6,134	6,233
Tajikistan	77	10,144	10,221
Turkmenistan	27	3,993	4,020
Uzbekistan	133	1,519	1,652
TOTAL	1,784	1,667,876	1,669,660

FY 2019 Participants by Country

Sub-Saharan Africa - AF

Country	U.S.	Foreign	Total
Angola	3	169	172
Benin	162	6,692	6,854
Botswana	209	1,025	1,234
Burkina Faso	2	789	791
Burundi	1	225	226
Cabo Verde	3	15	18
Cameroon	150	676	826
Central African Republic	0	25	25
Chad	4	436	440
Comoros	27	24	51
Congo, Democratic Republic of the	29	923	952
Cote d'Ivoire	33	436	469
Djibouti	4	1,423	1,427
Equatorial Guinea	17	16	33
Eritrea	9	86	95
Eswatini	107	5,478	5,585
Ethiopia	184	9,680	9,864
Gabon	10	123	133
Gambia, The	104	161	265
Ghana	238	4,780	5,018
Guinea	148	335	483
Guinea-Bissau	0	10	10
Kenya	85	468,532	468,617
Lesotho	164	1,502	1,666
Liberia	112	390	502
Madagascar	167	32,885	33,052
Malawi	127	140,760	140,887
Mali	13	646	659
Mauritania	7	178	185
Mauritius	5	57	62
Mozambique	160	14,870	15,030
Namibia	167	156	323
Niger	4	858	862
Nigeria	59	2,757	2,816
Republic of the Congo	0	44	44
Reunion	0	1	1
Rwanda	207	3,883	4,090
Sao Tome and Principe	4	25	29

Senegal	422	1,593	2,015
Seychelles	0	18	18
Sierra Leone	82	196	278
Somalia	16	756	772
South Africa	516	41,164	41,680
South Sudan	0	91	91
Sub-Saharan Africa Regional	99	964	1,063
Sub-Saharan Africa Unspecified	7	12	19
Sudan	2	95	97
Tanzania, United Republic of	374	5,565	5,939
Togo	97	220	317
Uganda	195	51,292	51,487
Zambia	317	448	765
Zimbabwe	16	930	946
TOTAL	4,868	804,415	809,283

FY 2019 Participants by Country

Western Hemisphere - WHA

Country	U.S.	Foreign	Total
Antigua and Barbuda	4	171	175
Argentina	305	7,979	8,284
Aruba	0	2	2
Bahamas, The	12	203	215
Barbados	27	722	749
Belize	73	452	525
Bermuda	2	9	11
Bolivia	54	3,748	3,802
Brazil	508	10,191	10,699
British Virgin Islands	1	2	3
Canada	869	2,661	3,530
Caribbean Regional	211	682	893
Cayman Islands	0	3	3
Chile	278	29,017	29,295
Colombia	519	108,164	108,683
Costa Rica	512	9,418	9,930
Cuba	27	22	49
Curacao	8	10	18
Dominica	0	176	176
Dominican Republic	298	1,975	2,273
Ecuador	288	644	932
El Salvador	127	33,807	33,934
Grenada	6	32	38
Guatemala	260	52,030	52,290
Guyana	67	32	99
Haiti	18	2,019	2,037
Honduras	86	7,712	7,798
Jamaica	94	2,520	2,614
Mexico	1,718	41,513	43,231
Nicaragua	11	13,773	13,784
Panama	268	1,534	1,802
Paraguay	314	10,377	10,691
Peru	420	74,177	74,597
Saint Kitts and Nevis	0	247	247
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	0	185	185
Sint Maarten	0	1	1
St. Lucia	0	22	22
Suriname	3	59	62

Trinidad and Tobago	23	275	298
Turks and Caicos Islands	3	1	4
Uruguay	73	6,760	6,833
Venezuela	36	235	271
Virgin Islands	0	9	9
Western Hemisphere Regional	168	1,449	1,617
Western Hemisphere Unspecified	660	34	694
TOTAL	8,351	425,054	433,405

FY 2019 Participants by Country

Region Unattributable

Country	U.S.	Foreign	Total
Unattributable	59	250	309
TOTAL	59	250	309

APPENDIX F: GLOSSARY

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ABD	- Fellowships-in-Residence Candidates Working on their Dissertations	CIO	- Chief Information Officer
ACSS	- Africa Center for Strategic Studies	CISS	- College of International and Security Studies
ACT	- Applied Conflict and Transformation Center	CKAN	- Compressive Knowledge Archive Network
ADA	- Americans with Disabilities Act	CLDP	- Commercial Law Development Program
ADMM	- ASEAN Defense Ministry Meeting	CMSC	- Comprehensive Maritime Security Cooperation
ADSP	- Ambassador's Distinguished Scholars Program	CN	- Counternarcotics
AF	- Sub-Saharan Africa	CPADD	- Center for Post-Conflict Demining and Depollution
AFRICOM	- Africa Command	CPSC	- Consumer Product Safety Commission
AIDS	- Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome	CRA	- Community Reinvestment Act
AJ	- Administrative Judge	CRPPH	- Committee on Radiation Protection and Public Health
AML/CTF	- Anti-Money Laundering and Countering Terrorist Financing	CSOSA	- Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency for the District of Columbia
AMRG	- ASEAN Militaries Readiness Group	CSP	- Community Supervision Program
APEC	- Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation	CSRT	- Comprehensive Security Response to Terrorism
ARCENT	- Army Central Command	CTFP	- Combating Terrorism Fellowship Program
ASC	- Advanced Security Cooperation	CTIWFP	- Combatting Terrorism and Irregular Warfare Fellowship Program
ASD	- Assistant Secretary of Defense	CTOC	- Coordinating Transnational Organized Crime
ASEAN	- Association of South East Asian Nations	CTTN	- Combatting Transnational Threat Networks
ASP	- Analytical Services Program	CWD	- Conventional Weapons Destruction
ATBCB	- Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (Access Board)	DEA	- Drug Enforcement Administration
ATGMs	- Anti-Tank Guided Missiles	DEEP	- Defense Education Enhancement Programs
BEA	- Bureau of Economic Analysis	DHS	- Department of Homeland Security
BLS	- Bureau of Labor Statistics	DHUD	- Department of Housing and Urban Development
BTS	- Bureau of Transportation Statistics	DIAP	- Drug Interdiction Assistance Program
CAFF	- Conservation of Arctic Flora and Fauna	DKIA-PCSS	- Daniel K. Inouye Asia-Pacific Center for Security Studies
CBM	- Community-Based Members	DOC	- Department of Commerce
CBOC	- Community-Based Outpatient Clinics	DOD	- Department of Defense
CbT	- Combatting Terrorism		
CCM	- Comprehensive Crisis Management		
CCS	- Center for Conservation and Sustainability		
CDC	- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention		
CDI	- Civic and Defense Initiatives		
CENTCOM	- Central Command		
CFTC	- Commodity Futures Trading Commission		

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DOE	- Department of Energy	FOCAL	- Friends of Central Library
DOE-EM	- Department of Energy-Environment Management	FOIP	- Free and Open Indo-Pacific
DHS	- Department of Homeland Security	FRA	- Federal Railroad Administration
DKI	- Daniel K. Inouye	FSB	- Financial Stability Board
DOJ	- Department of Justice	FTA	- Federal Transit Administration
DOL	- Department of Labor	FTA	- Foreign Technical Assistance
DOS	- Department of State	FTA	- Free Trade Agreement
DOT	- Department of Transportation	FTC	- Federal Trade Commission
DR	- Dominican Republic	FTF	- Foreign Terrorist Fighter
D&R	- De-obligated and Re-obligated	FY	- Fiscal Year
DRC	- Democratic Republic of the Congo	GAO	- Government Accountability Office
DRC	- Derivatives Regulators Group	GBP	- Global Benchmarking Program
DSCA	- Defense Security Cooperation Agency	GCC	- Geographic Combatant Command
EA	- Eurasia	GCMC	- George C. Marshall European Center for Security Studies
EAP	- East Asia and Pacific	GICHD	- Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining
ECA	- Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs	GIPA	- Global Intellectual Properties Academy
ECA/A/S/A	- Educational and Information Research Branch	GO	- Global Offices
ECA/A/S/Q	- U.S. Study Abroad Branch	GoT118	- Gulf of Thailand Maritime Law Enforcement Initiative
EERE	- Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy	GPDP	- Gas Policy Development Project
EF	- Enterprise Forum	GSA	- General Services Administration
EGLM	- Expert Group on Legacy Management	HA	- Humanitarian Assistance
EGU	- European Geophysical Union	HADR	- Humanitarian Assistance and Disaster Relief
EHRI	- European Holocaust Research Infrastructure	HDM	- Humanitarian Mine Action Program
EHSS	- Office of Environment, Health, Safety, and Security	HDP	- House Democracy Partnership
EIA	- Energy Information Administration	HHS	- Department of Health and Human Services
EMS	- Emergency Management Service	HIV	- Human Immunodeficiency Virus
EOD	- Explosive Ordnance Disposal	HLW	- High-Level Radioactive Waste
EPA	- Environmental Protection Agency	HMA	- Humanitarian Mine Action
ESF	- Economic Support Funds	HUD	- Housing and Urban Development
ESS	- Europe Security Seminars	IAEA	- International Atomic Energy Administration
EU	- European Union	IAF	- Inter-American Foundation
EUR	- Europe	IAWG	- Interagency Working Group on U.S. Government-Sponsored International Exchanges and Training
EWE	- Ecosim with Ecopath	ICExH	- Integrated Cooperation on Explosives Hazards
FAA	- Federal Aviation Administration	ICHIP	- International Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property
FAA	- Foreign Assistance Act	ICITAP	- International Criminal Investigative Training Assistance Program
FATF	- Financial Action Task Force	ICN	- International Competition Network
FBI	- Federal Bureau of Investigation	ICPEN	- International Consumer Protection and Enforcement Network
FCC	- Federal Communications Commission	ICOM	- International Council of Museums
FDIC	- Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation	ICPS	- International Cooperative Programs Staff
FEDS	- Federal Exchanges Data System	IDC	- Interdisciplinary Center
FEHRL	- Forum of European National Research Laboratories	IDES	- Integrated Disability Evaluation System
FERC	- Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	IEA	- International Energy Agency
FHWA	- Federal Highway Administration	IHPL	- Holocaust and Professional Leadership
FIPSS	- Fellowship on Indo-Pacific Security Studies	ILA	- Intermittent Legal Advisors
FLINTLOCK	- Seniors Leaders Seminar in Burkina Faso	ILCAD	- International Level Crossing Awareness Day
FMCS	- Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service	IMAS	- International Mine Action Standards
FMCSA	- Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration	IMET	- International Military Education and Training
FMF	- Foreign Military Financing Program		
FMoD	- Federal Ministry of Defense		
FMS	- Foreign Military Sales Program		
FOA	- Foreign Operations, and Related Programs, Appropriations Act		

APPENDIX F

LNG	- Liquefied Natural Gas	NDS	- National Defense Strategy
IGSC	- Integration Group for the Safety Case	NEA	- Near East Asia
INL	- International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs	NEA	- National Endowment for the Arts
INR	- Bureau of Intelligence and Research	NEA	- Nuclear Energy Agency
IPCO	- Indo-Pacific Orientation Course	NED	- National Endowment for Democracy
IOSCO	- International Organization and Securities Commission	NEH	- National Endowment for the Humanities
IPEEC	- International Partnership for Energy Efficiency Cooperation	NESA	- Near East South Asia for Strategic Studies
IPO	- International Peacekeeping Operations	NESDIS	- National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Services
IPR	- Intellectual Property Rights	NETL	- National Energy Technology Laboratory
IRENA	- International Renewable Energy Agency	NGO	- Nongovernmental Organization
IRT	- International Road Transport	NHTSA	- National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
ITA	- International Trade Administration	NIH	- National Institute of Health
ITC	- International Technical Cooperation	NIDH	- National Institute for Holocaust Documentation
ITS	- International Tracing Services	NIST	- National Institute of Standards and Technology
IVLP	- International Visitor Leadership Program	NMFS	- National Marine Fisheries Service
IVP	- International Visitors Program	NMAA	- National Mine Action Authorities
JCCRER	- Joint Coordinating Committee for Radiation Effects Research	NOAA	- National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration
JSI	- Judicial Studies Institute	NSEP	- National Security Education Program
KEC	- Korea Expressway Corporation	NSO	- National Statistical Offices
LGBTQ	- Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, and Queer	NSS	- National Security Strategy
LE	- Legacy Management	NTC	- National Training Center
LibMAC	- Libyan Mine Action Center	NTS	- Non-Technical Survey
LOC	- Library of Congress	NWPAA	- Nuclear Waste Policy Amendments Acts
MANPADs	- Man-Portable Air Defense Systems	NWS	- National Weather Service
MCC	- Millennium Challenge Corporation	NWTRB	- Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board
MEA	- Middle East and Africa	NYFA	- New York Film Academy
MECEA	- Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act	OAR	- Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research
MECC	- Maritime Enforcement Coordinating Center	OCC	- Office of the Comptroller of the Currency
MET/MTT	- Mobile Educating and Training Teams	OCIO	- Office of the Chief Information Officer
MIC	- Meridian International Center	OCRs	- Overseas Research Centers
MIT	- Massachusetts Institute of Technology	ODWG	- OTC Derivative Working Group
MMC	- Marine Mammal Commission	OECD	- Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
MMGP	- Multi-Lateral Meeting on Government Procurement	OES	- Office of the Executive Secretariat
MoSHE	- Ministry of Science and Higher Education	OGE	- Office of Government Ethics
MSD	- Managing Security and Defense	OPDAT	- Overseas Prosecutorial Development, Assistance and Training
MSI	- Maritime Security Initiative	OPM	- Office of Personnel Management
MSPB	- Merit Systems Protection Board	ORC	- Overseas Research Center
MTT	- Multi-Task Team	OSCE	- Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe
NAFTA	- North American Free Trade Agreement	OST-R	- Office of Assistant Technology for Research and Technology
NAP	- National Action Plan	OUSDP	- Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy
NARA	- National Archives and Records Administration	OWLC	- Open World Leadership Center
NAS	- National Academy of Sciences	PA	- Public Affairs
NASA	- National Aeronautics and Space Administration	PASS	- Program on Applied Security Studies
NATO	- North Atlantic Treaty Organization	PC	- Peace Corps
NATS	- North American Transportation Statistics	PCELT	- Professional Certificate in English Language Training
NCA	- National Cemetery Administration	PCR	- Post-Conflict Reconstruction
NCAC	- National Child Advocacy Center	PD	- Public Diplomacy
NCI	- National Cancer Institute		
NCPC	- National Capital Planning Commission		
NCUA	- National Credit Union Administration		

APPENDIX F

PfPC	- Partnership for Peace Consortium	Development	
PIF	- Presidential Innovation Fellow	U.S.C.	- United States Code
P.L.	- Public Law	U.S.	- United States
PLTCE	- Partner Language Training Center Europe	UPDF	- Uganda People's Defense Force
PMC	- Provincial Military Command	USCG	- United States Coast Guard
PME	- Professional Military Education	USCGA	- U.S. Coast Guard Academy
PPA	- Power Purchase Agreements	USG	- United States Government
PPP	- Public-Private Partnership	USD	- U.S. Dollars
P&R	- Personnel and Readiness	USDA	- Department of Agriculture
PSA	- Pretrial Services Agency	USEU	- United States European Union
PSPC	- Public Services and Procurement Canada	USFS	- U.S. Forest Service
PSSM	- Physical Security and Stockpile Management	USGAO	- U.S. Government Accountability Office
PT	- Proficiency Testing	USHMM	- United States Holocaust Memorial Museum
PTSS	- Program on Terrorism and Security Studies	USINDOPACOM	- U.S. Indonesian Pacific Command
PUAN	- Pakistan U.S. Alumni Network	USIP	- United States Institute of Peace
RD&D	- Research, Development, and Demonstration	USNORTHCOM	- U.S. Northern Command
RECSA	- Regional Center on Small Arms	USPTO	- U.S. Patent and Trademark Organization
RERF	- Radiation Effects Research Foundation	USSOUTHCOM	- U.S. Southern Command
RLA	- Resident Legal Advisors	USWDS	- U.S. Web Design System
RPO	- Regional Processing Offices	VA	- Department of Veterans Affairs
RSLS	- Regulatory Supervision of Legacy Sites	VACO	- Veterans Affairs Central Office
SA	- South Asia	VBA	- Veterans Benefits Administration
SABIT	- Special American Business Internship Training Program	VHA	- Veterans Health Administration
SA/LW	- Small Arms and Light Weapons	VOA	- Voice of America
SAIs	- Supreme Audit Institutions	VSOC	- VetSuccess on Campus
SBAH	- State Board of Antiquities and Heritage	W2W	- Women2Women
SCA	- South Central Asia	WHA	- Western Hemisphere Affairs
SCA	- Specialty Coffee Association	WITS	- University of the Witwatersrand
SCBI	- Science Conservation Biology Institute	WIF	- Wales Initiative Fund
SDG	- Sustainable Development Goals	WJPC	- William J. Perry Center for Hemispheric Defense Studies
SES	- Senior Executive Service	WPS	- Women, Peace and Security
SES	- State Emergency Services	WTO	- World Trade Organization
SEVIS	- Student and Exchange Visitor Information System		
SI	- Smithsonian Institution		
SNF	- Spent Nuclear Fuel		
SOCAFRICA	- Special Operations Command Africa		
SO/LIC	- Special Operation and Low-Intensity Conflict		
SRS	- Seminar on Regional Security		
STEM	- Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics		
STSEP	- Short-Term Scientist Exchange Program		
TRF-100	- Tactical Response Force		
TREAS	- Department of the Treasury		
TRIPs	- Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights		
TSC	- Transnational Security Cooperation		
TSOC	- The Smile of the Child		
TTS	- Technology Transformation Services		
TVA	- Tennessee Valley Authority		
UAE	- United Arab Emirates		
UAS	- Unmanned Aircraft Systems		
UNCAC	- United Nations Convention Against Corruption		
USAID	- United States Agency for International		